Surftech Surfaces Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 December 2021

Surftech Surfaces Limited

Registered number: 08466022

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2021

	Notes		31/12/21		30/9/21
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		3,686		3,698
Tangible assets	4		104,065		109,955
		_	107,751	_	113,653
Current assets					
Stocks		120,399		171,684	
Debtors	5	171,972		316,349	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	38,601		48,858	
		330,972		536,891	
Creditors: amounts falling due	•				
within one year	6	(145,064)		(239,880)	
Net current assets	-		185,908		297,011
Total assets less current liabilities		-	293,659	_	410,664
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(262,294)		(275,442)
Provisions for liabilities			-		(19,696)
Net assets		-	31,365	<u>-</u>	115,526
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			31,265		115,426
Shareholders' funds		-	31,365	_ _	115,526

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr D Wilson

Director

Approved by the board on 30 September 2022

Surftech Surfaces Limited

Notes to the Accounts

for the period from 1 October 2021 to 31 December 2021

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. During this year, the board have changed the depreciation policy for plant & machinery, from 25% reducing balance to 15% reducing balance. This is based on a more realistsic depreciation of the type of plant & machinery the company utilises. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures & fittings and computer equipment 20% reducing balance/33% straight line

Plant and machinery 15% reducing balance
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and

other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	31/12/21	30/9/21
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	4	4

3 Intangible fixed assets

£

R&D Costs:

At 1 October 2021	4,622
Additions	1,141
At 31 December 2021	5,763
Amortisation	
At 1 October 2021	924
Provided during the period	1,153
At 31 December 2021	2,077
Net book value	
At 31 December 2021	3,686
At 30 September 2021	3,698

Research and development costs are written off over 5 years, which is considered the useful life of the costs.

4 Tangible fixed assets

		Fixtures & Fittings / Computer equip	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 October 2021	21,026	88,113	47,427	156,566
	At 31 December 2021	21,026	88,113	47,427	156,566
	Depreciation				
	At 1 October 2021	11,409	24,273	10,929	46,611
	Charge for the period	321	3,288	2,281	5,890
	At 31 December 2021	11,730	27,561	13,210	52,501
	Net book value				
	At 31 December 2021	9,296	60,552	34,217	104,065
	At 30 September 2021	9,617	63,840	36,498	109,955
5	Debtors			31/12/21	30/9/21
				£	£
	Trade debtors			28,239	190,240
	Accrued income & prepayments			16,067	16,784
	Other debtors			127,666	109,325
			-	171,972	316,349
6	Creditors: amounts falling due wi	ithin one vear		31/12/21	30/9/21
•	5. Sansaro, amounto rannig due W	, and your		£	£

	Bank loans and overdrafts			28,760	28,760
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts			13,098	13,098
	Trade creditors			65,447	130,783
	Amounts owed to associated companies			21,909	21,909
	Taxation and social security costs			13,048	44,099
	Other creditors			2,802	1,231
			_	145,064	239,880
7	7 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year			31/12/21	30/9/21
				£	£
	Bank loans			234,135	244,009
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts			28,159	31,433
				262,294	275,442
8	Loans to directors				
	Description and conditions	B/fwd	Paid	Repaid	C/fwd
		£	£	£	£
	Mr D A Wilson				
	Directors Loan	46,263	10,202	-	56,465

9 Related party transactions

Lloyds bank plc holds a floating charge over the assets of the company in respect of a personal mortgage for Mr D Wilson, director and sharehlder.

10,202

56,465

46,263

10 Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is Mr D A Wilson, by virtue of his majority shareholding.

11 Other information

Surftech Surfaces Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

11 The Oaks

Horringer

Bury St Edmunds

Suffolk

IP31 3QU

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