

DTB Project Management Ltd

Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts

for the Year Ended 31 March 2016

DTB Project Management Ltd
Contents

Abbreviated Balance Sheet	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>1</u>
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>2</u>

DTB Project Management Ltd
(Registration number: 08465774)
Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 March 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Current assets			
Debtors		17,727	6,811
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>6,817</u>	<u>20,843</u>
		24,544	27,654
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		<u>(13,322)</u>	<u>(27,653)</u>
Net assets		<u><u>11,222</u></u>	<u><u>1</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>2</u>	1	1
Profit and loss account		<u>11,221</u>	<u>-</u>
Shareholders' funds		<u><u>11,222</u></u>	<u><u>1</u></u>

For the year ending 31 March 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime .

Approved by the director on 22 September 2016

.....
Denise Bailey
Director

The notes on page 2 form an integral part of these financial statements.

DTB Project Management Ltd
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2016
..... continued

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective January 2015).

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

2 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2016		2015	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	1	1	1	1

Page 2

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.