Registration number: 08439764

The Customer View Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018



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Company Information

Director Mr P R Heaven

Registered office 129 Woodplumpton Road

Fulwood Preston Lancashire PR2 3LF

Bankers Co-operative Bank

Commercial Centre

Delf House Southway Skelmersdale Lancashire WN8 6NY

Accountants MJH Accountants Limited

129 Woodplumpton Road

Fulwood Preston Lancashire PR2 3LF

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(Registration number: 08439764) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	-	7,000
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	571	1,141
		571	8,141
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	1,427	31,906
Cash at bank and in hand		48,690	64,741
		50,117	96,647
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>?</u>	(23,268)	(53,575)
Net current assets		26,849	43,072
Total assets less current liabilities		27,420	51,213
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>?</u>	(30,000)	(50,000)
Provisions for liabilities		-	(217)
Net (liabilities)/assets	_	(2,580)	996
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		(2,680)	896
Total equity		(2,580)	996

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{9}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 08439764) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2018

For the financial year ending 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Mr P R Heaven	
Director	
	The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{9}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

Approved and authorised by the director on 9 November 2018

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: 129 Woodplumpton Road Fulwood Preston Lancashire PR2 3LF

The principal place of business is: 130 Fossdale Moss Leyland Lancashire PR26 7AT

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 9 November 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and rateFixtures and fittings25% straight lineOffice equipment33.3% on cost

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
20% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2017 - 1).

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total ₤
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April 2017	35,000	35,000
At 31 March 2018	35,000	35,000
Amortisation		
At 1 April 2017	28,000	28,000
Amortisation charge	7,000	7,000
At 31 March 2018	35,000	35,000
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2018		-
At 31 March 2017	7,000	7,000

5 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Office equipment	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2017	2,528	90	2,618
At 31 March 2018	2,528	90	2,618
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2017	1,457	20	1,477
Charge for the year	540	30	570
At 31 March 2018	1,997	50	2,047
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2018	531	40	571
At 31 March 2017	1,071	70	1,141

6 Debtors

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	1,234	31,734
Prepayments	193	172

1,427 31,906

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

7 Creditors

Creditors:	amounts	falling	due	within	one vear

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Other taxation and social security		2,133	6,265
Corporation tax		-	9,907
Accruals and deferred income		1,185	925
Other creditors		19,950	36,478
		23,268	53,575
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	30,000	50,000
8 Loans and borrowings			
		2018	2017
		£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings			
Other borrowings		30,000	50,000

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

9 Related party transactions

Transactions with directors

2018	At 1 April 2017 £	Money withdrawn £	Funds introduced £	5% interest £	At 31 March 2018
Mr P R Heaven Director's loan account	84,479 ———=	(43,961)	6,154	3,279	49,951
2017 Mr. B. B. Heaven	At 1 April 2016 £	Money withdrawn £	Funds introduced £	5% interest £	At 31 March 2017 £
Mr P R Heaven Director's loan account	92,348	(33,085)	20,903	4,313	84,479

Directors' remuneration

The director's remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Remuneration	8,052	8,052

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