

## **Statement of Consent to Prepare Abridged Financial Statements**

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All of the members of Drive for Efficiency Ltd have consented to the preparation of the statement of income and retained earnings and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31 March 2017 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 08414521

**Drive for Efficiency Ltd**

# **Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements**

**31 March 2017**

**VIRTUE ACCOUNTING LIMITED**

Chartered Certified Accountants

53 Warwick Street

Earlsdon

Coventry

CV5 6ET

# **Drive for Efficiency Ltd**

## **Abridged Financial Statements**

**Year ended 31 March 2017**

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# Drive for Efficiency Ltd

## Abridged Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2017

|   | Note | 2017<br>£ | 2016<br>£ |
|---|------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>Current assets</b>                                 |      |           |           |
| Debtors   |      | 14,520    | 11,115    |
| Cash at bank and in hand                              |      | 53,682    | 22,938    |
|   |      | -----     | -----     |
|   |      | 68,202    | 34,053    |
| <b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b> |      | 22,687    | 24,647    |
|   |      | -----     | -----     |
| <b>Net current assets</b>                             |      | 45,515    | 9,406     |
|   |      | -----     | -----     |
| <b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>          |      | 45,515    | 9,406     |
|   |      | -----     | -----     |
| <b>Net assets</b>                                     |      | 45,515    | 9,406     |
|   |      | -----     | -----     |
| <b>Capital and reserves</b>                           |      |           |           |
| Called up share capital                               |      | 20        | 20        |
| Profit and loss account                               |      | 45,495    | 9,386     |
|   |      | -----     | -----     |
| <b>Members funds</b>                                  |      | 45,515    | 9,406     |
|   |      | -----     | -----     |

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 15 May 2017 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Miss L J Calver

Director

Company registration number: 08414521

# **Drive for Efficiency Ltd**

## **Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements**

**Year ended 31 March 2017**

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### **1. General information**

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is 11 Tor Road, Farnham, GU9 7BX.

### **2. Statement of compliance**

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

### **3. Accounting policies**

#### **Basis of preparation**

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### **Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### **Income tax**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

|           |   |                   |
|-----------|---|-------------------|
| Equipment | - | 33% straight line |
|-----------|---|-------------------|

### **Financial instruments**

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

#### **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

#### **4. Staff costs**

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the director, amounted to 1 (2016: 1).

#### **5. Profit before taxation**

Profit before taxation is stated after charging:

|                                 | <b>2017</b> | <b>2016</b> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                 | <b>£</b>    | <b>£</b>    |
| Depreciation of tangible assets | —           | 121         |
|                                 | ----        | ----        |

#### **6. Tangible assets**

|                        | <b>At 1 Apr 2016 and<br/>31 Mar 2017</b> |                           |
|------------------------|--|---------------------------|
|                        | <b>£</b>                                 |                           |
| <b>Cost</b>            |  |                           |
| Equipment              |  | 359                       |
|                        |  | ----                      |
|                        |  | 359                       |
|                        |  | ----                      |
|                        | <b>At 1 Apr 2016 and<br/>31 Mar 2017</b> |                           |
|                        | <b>£</b>                                 |                           |
| <b>Depreciation</b>    |  |                           |
| Equipment              |  | 359                       |
|                        |  | ----                      |
|                        |  | 359                       |
|                        |  | ----                      |
|                        | <b>At 31 Mar<br/>2017</b>                | <b>At 31 Mar<br/>2016</b> |
|                        | <b>£</b>                                 | <b>£</b>                  |
| <b>Carrying amount</b> |  |                           |
| Equipment              | —  | —                         |
|                        | ----                                     | ----                      |
|                        | —  | —                         |
|                        | ----                                     | ----                      |

## **7. Director's advances, credits and guarantees**

Movements on directors' loan accounts represents timing differences between amounts owed, and payments made to, directors in respect of expenses, remuneration and dividends. At the reporting date the amount owed by the company to Miss Calver was £546, a movement of £4,869 from the £5,415 owed by the company at the beginning of the period. Interest has not been charged on these balances and no guarantees have been provided by either the company or the directors.



This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.