Flexbond Investments Limited

Report and Accounts

31 December 2022

Flexbond Investments Limited

Registered number: 08403135

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2022

	Notes		2022		2021
			€		€
Fixed assets					
Investments	3		17,213,532		17,111,681
Current assets					
Debtors	4	42,467		47,942	
Cash at bank and in hand		141,473		81,633	
		183,940		129,575	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(973,281)		(862,478)	
Net current liabilities			(789,341)		(732,903)
Total assets less current liabilities			16,424,191	-	16,378,778
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(17,825,570)		(17,519,762)
Net liabilities			(1,401,379)	- -	(1,140,984)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			(1,401,380)		(1,140,985)
Shareholders' funds			(1,401,379)	-	(1,140,984)

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Versos Directors Limited Director

Approved by the board on 8 August 2023

Flexbond Investments Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2022

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Going Concern

The company is dependent on the continued financial support of the company's shareholder to enable it to continue operating and to meet its liabilities as they fall due. The shareholder has confirmed that they will continue to provide financial support to the company for the forseeable future to enable the company to continue normal activities until it is in a financial position to support itself.

For this reason, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in producing the financial statements. Should this financial support not be available, the going concern basis would be inappropriate and adjustments would have to be made to revise the value of assets to their net realisable amount and to provide for any further liabilities which may arise.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date

and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

2021	2022	Employees	2
Number	Number		
		Average number of persons employed by the company	
		Investments	3
Investments in			
subsidiary			
undertakings			
€			
47.444.004		Cost	
17,111,681		At 1 January 2022	
101,851		Additions	
17,213,532		At 31 December 2022	
2021	2022	Debtors	4
€	€		
47,942	42,467	Other debtors	
2021	2022	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5
€	€	, ,	
12,520	7,061	Accruals	
849,958	966,220	Loan Interest payable	
862,478	973,281		
2021	2022	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	6
€	€		

Other creditors 17,825,570 17,519,762

Other creditors represent loans at an annual interest rate of 1%.

7 Other information

Flexbond Investments Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

4th Floor, Silverstream House

45 Fitzroy Street

Fitzrovia

London

W1T 6EB

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