

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 08355483

**Bluefriars Limited**

**Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements**

**30 April 2021**

# Bluefriars Limited

## Abridged Statement of Financial Position

30 April 2021

	Note	30 Apr 21 £	31 Jan 20 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	5	2,937	3,678
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors		51,475	7,271
Cash at bank and in hand		6,970	3,064
		-----	-----
		58,445	10,335
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>		19,229	13,138
		-----	-----
<b>Net current assets/(liabilities)</b>		39,216	( 2,803)
		-----	-----
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		42,153	875
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>		40,239	—
		-----	----
<b>Net assets</b>		1,914	875
		-----	----
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		1,814	775
		-----	----
<b>Shareholders funds</b>		1,914	875
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These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the Period ending 30 April 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the Period in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

All of the members have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of financial position for the period ending 30 April 2021 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

# **Bluefriars Limited**

## **Abridged Statement of Financial Position** *(continued)*

**30 April 2021**

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 November 2021 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

David Gwynn Owen

Director

Company registration number: 08355483

# **Bluefriars Limited**

## **Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements**

### **Period from 1 February 2020 to 30 April 2021**

#### **1. General information**

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Suncrest, Throcking Lane, Buntingford, Hertfordshire, SG9 9RP.

#### **2. Statement of compliance**

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### **3. Accounting policies**

##### **Basis of preparation**

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### **Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

##### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

##### **Income tax**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & machinery	-	Fully depreciated
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### **Impairment of fixed assets**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

### **Financial instruments**

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the Period amounted to 2 (2020: 2 ).

#### 5. Tangible assets

	£
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 February 2020	10,774
Additions	1,879
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<b>At 30 April 2021</b>	<b>12,653</b>
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<b>Depreciation</b>	
At 1 February 2020	7,096
Charge for the period	2,620
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<b>At 30 April 2021</b>	<b>9,716</b>
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<b>Carrying amount</b>	
<b>At 30 April 2021</b>	<b>2,937</b>
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At 31 January 2020	3,678
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#### 6. Financial instruments

Financial instruments such as trade debtors, cash and trade creditors arise from the company's operations.

#### 7. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the Period the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	<b>30 Apr 21</b>			
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£	£
David Gwynn Owen	—	—	—	—
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	<b>31 Jan 20</b>			
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£	£
David Gwynn Owen	( 24)	( 7,000)	7,000	( 24)
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