Registration number: 08353657

# Clear Horizon Training Limited

Filleted Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2024

HSJ Accountants Ltd Severn House Hazell Drive Newport South Wales NP10 8FY

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## **Company Information**

**Director** Miss NA Harris

Registered office Severn House

Hazell Drive Newport South Wales NP10 8FY

Accountants HSJ Accountants Ltd

Severn House Hazell Drive Newport South Wales NP10 8FY

# (Registration number: 08353657) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

	Note	2024 £	2023 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	296	395
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		8,017 <b>43</b> ,800	1,159 7,773
Prepayments and accrued income		51,817 573	8,932 538
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(22,963)	(556)
Net current assets  Total assets less current liabilities		29,427 29,723	9,309
Accruals and deferred income  Net assets	_	(1,363) 28,360	(1,264) 8,045
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Retained earnings	<u>5</u>	2 28,358	2 8,043
Shareholders' funds		28,360	8,045

# (Registration number: 08353657) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

For the financial year ending 31 March 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the director has not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the director on 26 April 2024	
Miss NA Harris Director	

## Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2024

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Severn House Hazell Drive Newport South Wales NP10 8FY

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 26 April 2024.

#### 2 Accounting policies

## Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

## Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

## Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2024

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Office equipment
Software licences

Depreciation method and rate 25% reducing balance 20% straight line

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2024

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

## Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2023 - 1).

## Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2024

## 4 Tangible assets

	Office equipment £	Software licences £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2023	3,255	1,140	4,395
At 31 March 2024	3,255	1,140	4,395
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2023	2,860	1,140	4,000
Charge for the year	99	-	99
At 31 March 2024	2,959	1,140	4,099
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2024	296		296
At 31 March 2023	395	-	395

## 5 Share capital

## Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2024		20	2023	
	No.	£	No.	£	
Ordinary of £1 each	2	2	2	2	

## 6 Related party transactions

### Key management personnel

Relationship: Director

## Summary of transactions with key management

During the year the director made unsecured, interest free, repayable on demand loans to the company. At the balance sheet date the company owed the director £6,191 (2023 - £254).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.