REGISTERED NUMBER: 08348811 (England and Wales)			

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022 FOR

BILLINGTON FARMING LIMITED

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

	Page
Balance Sheet	1
Notes to the Financial Statements	3

BALANCE SHEET 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

		30.0	30.9.22		30.9.21	
	Notes	50.9 £	.22 £	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS	140003	~	~	-	~	
Intangible assets	4		25,230		_	
Tangible assets	5		1,081,603		455,362	
G			1,106,833		455,362	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Stocks		212,200		131,909		
Debtors	6	226,457		68,060		
Cash at bank and in hand		88,796	_	220,378		
		527,453		420,347		
CREDITORS						
Amounts falling due within one year	7	865,728	-	247,348		
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSET	S		(338,275)		172,999	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			700 550		000.004	
LIABILITIES			768,558		628,361	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			77,578		16,79 <u>1</u>	
NET ASSETS			690,980		611,570	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
Called up share capital	8		3		3	
Retained earnings			690,977		611,567	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			690,980		611,570	

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 September 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Page 1 continued...

BALANCE SHEET - continued 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 21 December 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

D Billington - Director

Mrs J A Billington - Director

P D Billington - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Billington Farming Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address are as below:

Registered number: 08348811

Registered office: Broad Oak Farm

Siddington Macclesfield Cheshire SK11 9JR

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

TURNOVER

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Entitlements are being amortised evenly over their estimated useful life of six years.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 10% on reducing balance Tractors - 15% on reducing balance

STOCKS

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Page 3 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statement when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Page 4 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued TAXATION

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

DEFERRED TAX

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 4 (2021 - 3).

4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Other intangible assets £
COST Additions At 30 September 2022 AMORTISATION	30,276 30,276
Charge for year At 30 September 2022	5,046 5,046
NET BOOK VALUE At 30 September 2022	25,230

Page 5 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

5.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
		Milk	Herd	Plant and		
		quota	account	machinery	Tractors	Totals
		£	£	£	£	£
	COST					
	At 1 October 2021	2,428	366,989	116,261	5,500	491,178
	Additions	-	306,311	322,212	55,000	683,523
	Disposals	<u> </u>		(8,600)	<u>-</u> .	(8,600)
	At 30 September 2022	2,428	673,300	429,873	60,500	1,166,101
	DEPRECIATION					
	At 1 October 2021	2,428	-	32,563	825	35,816
	Charge for year		<u> </u>	39,731	8,951	48,682
	At 30 September 2022	2,428	<u> </u>	72,294	9,776	84,498
	NET BOOK VALUE					
	At 30 September 2022	<u> </u>	673,300	357,579	50,724	1,081,603
	At 30 September 2021		366,989	83,698	4,675	455,362
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLI	IG DUF WITH	IIN ONE YEAR	2		
0.	DED TOROL AMOUNTO I ALEM	10 002 11111	in One real	•	30.9.22	30.9.21
	Torde debters				£	£
	Trade debtors				222,619	50,753
	Other debtors				3,838	17,307
					226,457	<u>68,060</u>
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FAL	LING DUE WI	THIN ONE YE	AR		
					30.9.22	30.9.21
					£	£
	Hire purchase contracts				31,638	-
	Trade creditors				131,744	43,816
	Taxation and social security				-	21,989
	Other creditors				702,346	181,543
					865,728	247,348
	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL					
8.						
8.	Allotted, issued and fully paid:					
8.				Nominal	30.9.22	30.9.21
8.	Allotted, issued and fully paid:			Nominal value: £1	30.9.22 £ 3	30.9.21 £ 3

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.