

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 08344417

Safehands Recruitment Ltd

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

31 July 2020

Safehands Recruitment Ltd

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 July 2020

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Safehands Recruitment Ltd

Chartered Accountants Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements of Safehands Recruitment Ltd

Year ended 31 July 2020

As described on the statement of financial position, the directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2020, which comprise the statement of financial position and the related notes. You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006. In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these financial statements in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and from information and explanations supplied to us.

HARPER SHELDON LIMITED Chartered Accountants

Midway House Staverton Technology Park Herrick Way, Staverton Cheltenham, Glos. GL51 6TQ

20 April 2021

Safehands Recruitment Ltd

Statement of Financial Position

31 July 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	118,114	103,954
Current assets			
Debtors	6	1,167,442	1,150,449
Cash at bank and in hand		193,304	71,353
		1,360,746	1,221,802
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	1,266,461	1,160,660
Net current assets		94,285	61,142
Total assets less current liabilities		212,399	165,096
Provisions		22,442	—
Net assets		189,957	165,096
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	3
Capital redemption reserve		3	1
Profit and loss account		189,953	165,092
Shareholders funds		189,957	165,096

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 July 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Safehands Recruitment Ltd

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 July 2020

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20 April 2021 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr J Gibbs

Director

Company registration number: 08344417

Safehands Recruitment Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 July 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Manor Park Offices, Rutherford Way, Cheltenham, GL51 9TU, England.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & fittings	-	25% straight line
Equipment	-	25% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 27 (2019: 30).

5. Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 August 2019	108,729	152,885	261,614
Additions	59,794	15,316	75,110
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At 31 July 2020	168,523	168,201	336,724
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Depreciation			
At 1 August 2019	61,850	95,811	157,661
Charge for the year	29,655	31,294	60,949
	-----	-----	-----
At 31 July 2020	91,505	127,105	218,610
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Carrying amount			
At 31 July 2020	77,018	41,096	118,114
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At 31 July 2019	46,879	57,074	103,953
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6. Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors	948,053	1,002,863
Other debtors	219,389	147,586
	-----	-----
	1,167,442	1,150,449
	-----	-----

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	50,000	—
Trade creditors	44,387	59,931
Corporation tax	81,663	85,675
Social security and other taxes	448,270	230,725
Other creditors	642,141	784,329
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	1,266,461	1,160,660
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8. Related party transactions

During the period the company incurred management charges of £71,799 (2019 £212,897) from RE Personnel Limited and RE People Limited, both companies being connected by virtue of common directors / shareholders. £27,384 (2019 £50,810) was outstanding at the balance sheet date through the purchase ledger. No further transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under FRS 102 1A.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.