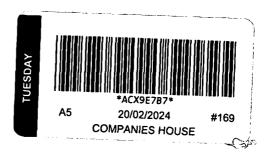


(a company limited by guarantee)

Annual Report and Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 August 2023



Company Registration Number: 08334745 (England and Wales)

MacIntyre Academies Contents

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MacIntyre Academies Reference and Administrative Details

Members

Neil Macmillan Martin Zahra

Adam Goldstein

Neil Fraser (appointed 23 March 2023)

MacIntyre Care

Trustees

Neil Macmillan (Chair)

Martin Zahra Sarah Burslem

Anthony Greenwood MBS

Amy Patel

Company Secretary

Claire Toombs

Senior Management Team:

Chief Executive Officer

Accounting Officer

Interim Head of Macintyre Academies

Principal (Endeavour Academy) Principal (Discovery Academy) Principal (Quest Academy)

Principal (Venture Academy)

Head of Operations

Kevin Rodger Kevin Rodger Andrew Moran

Emily Hopkins-Hayes

Tyla Owen

Mark Shears

Emily Hopkins-Hayes Gemma Deehan

Principal and Registered Office

Seebeck House

1 Seebeck Place

Knowlhill Milton Keynes MK5 8FR

Company Registration Number

08334745 (England and Wales)

Independent Auditor

Moore Kingston Smith LLP

6th Floor 9 Appold Street London EC2A 2AP

Bankers

HSBC

12 Allhallows Bedfordshire MK40 1LJ

Solicitors

Winckworth Sherwood LLP

Minerva House 5 Montague Close

London SE1 9BB

Altor Employment Solicitors 500 Avebury Boulevard Central Milton Keynes

MK9 2BE

MACINTYRE ACADEMIES TRUST ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st AUGUST 2023

MacIntyre Academies Trust (the MAT) operates four special schools and one children's home. The schools' have a combined pupil capacity of 290 and had a roll of 280 in the most recent school census on 31 October 2023.

The Trustees present their annual report together with the financial statements and auditors' report for the period ended 31 August 2023. The annual report serves the purpose of both a Trustees' report and a Directors' report under company law.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Constitution

The MAT is a company limited by guarantee and an exempt charity. The charitable company's memorandum and articles of association are the primary governing documents of the MAT.

The Trustees act as the governors for the charitable activities of the MAT and are also the Directors of the company for the purpose of company law. Details of the Trustees who served throughout the period, except as noted, are included in the Reference and Administrative details on page 1. The terms Trustees and Directors are interchangeable within this report.

Members' Liability

The MAT is a multi-academy Trust that has 5 Members. The Academy sponsor MacIntyre Care has appointed two Members, Neil Macmillan and Martin Zahra. The third Member is MacIntyre Care itself as a corporate Member and the fourth and fifth are independent Members, Neil Fraser and Adam Goldstein.

Each Member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the charitable company in the event of it being wound up while they are a Member, or within one year after they cease to be a Member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10, for the debts and liabilities contracted before they ceased to be a Member.

Governors' Indemnities

The MAT purchases governors' liability insurance through the Department for Education Risk Protection Arrangement (RPA) which forms part of the academy insurance policy.

Method of Recruitment and Appointment of Trustees

During this period the MAT Board structure comprised two sponsor appointed Trustees, three independent Trustees and the CEO of the sponsor MacIntyre Care. Members of the Trust Leadership Group (TLG) attended Trustee meetings as required.

Recruitment of new Trustees is precipitated by the development of a clear specification of the skills required. The role is advertised in governance forums, professional networks, or individuals who have the skills required are approached by existing Trustees. Interested parties will submit a CV for consideration by the Chair of the Board. If candidates meet the profile required, they will be invited to attend an interview, and to also meet with representatives of the sponsor, MacIntyre Care, before being officially nominated for approval by the Board.

Policies and Procedures for the Induction and Training of Trustees

All new Trustees receive an induction covering their Trust Board responsibilities delivered by the MAT in conjunction with the Sponsor. The tailored induction for new Trustees provides a comprehensive understanding of the Trust, the Sponsor, the MacIntyre Academies vision,

mission, ethos and approach. It also encompasses its operational structure and the responsibilities of both Trustees and Local Advisory Board (LAB) members. The Trust Board is a member of the National Governors Association and uses its resources to create training for all new MAT Board and LAB members.

The Trustees agree policy and set the strategic direction of the MAT as defined through the Trust's three-year Strategic Plan. They approve all investment, the annual operating budget and monitor performance against the Strategic Plan and budget. The Trustees also have oversight of the Academies' self-evaluation and school improvement plans and take major decisions about the leadership of academies and the growth of the Trust as a whole.

In addition, the Trust Board delegates to the Audit & Risk Committee the overview and scrutiny of financial performance, risk management, health & safety compliance and safeguarding. The Committee is chaired by Tony Greenwood.

The MAT Board has approved a detailed leadership and meeting schedule, which creates an operating structure to enable the TLG to feed into Trust Board effectively. A detailed scheme of delegation clarifies ownership of strategic and operational decision making at the different levels of governance.

Each Academy has a Local Advisory Board (LAB), which acts as a local committee that provides challenge and scrutiny of the academy self-evaluation and school improvement plan. We aim for LABs to have a least two parent representatives, two staff representatives and local community members including representatives from business, education, health and social care fields.

The MAT Board delegates day-to-day running of the MAT academies to the Group Director of Education and Children's Services who line manages the Academy Principals and oversees the provision of central support functions. The Group Director operates as the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Accounting Officer of the MAT. The day-to-day running of each Academy is delegated to its principal.

Key Management Personnel

The key management personnel are the senior management team listed on page 1.

Remuneration for key management personnel is set through benchmarking within the sector. The Trustees set the remuneration for the Group Director. As a small organisation, MacIntyre Academies employs consultants who fulfil key roles where the central support functions have a skills or capacity gap.

The Board acts as the Remuneration Committee and approves recommendations from its nominated pay panel to approve pay progression; which is linked to performance. The Audit & Risk Committee monitors the pay progression process.

Trade Union Facility Time

There are currently no MacIntyre Academies employees who are relevant trade union officials.

Connected Organisations, including Related Party Transactions

MacIntyre Care is the Trust's Academy sponsor and helps with expertise and resources. MacIntyre Care is a national charity that supports children and adults with learning disabilities through provision of care, support and education services.

Engagement with employees (including disabled persons)

The Trust has maintained and developed arrangements aimed at providing employees with information on matters of concern to them. This includes regular email correspondence from the Group Director and termly newsletters. All employees have access to key documents including: the Staff Code of Conduct, relevant risk assessments, Safeguarding Policy, Pay Policy, Equality and Diversity Policy and Objectives.

Employees are consulted regularly at school and MAT level so that their views can be considered when making decisions which are likely to affect them. This includes an annual employee engagement survey.

Engagement with suppliers, customers, and others in a business relationship with the academy trust.

The Trust aims to create supply chains which are mutually beneficial. We want to secure the goods and services we need at the best value, in turn we ensure suppliers are paid on time and are treated fairly.

OBJECTS AND ACTIVITIES

Objects

The purpose of the MAT is to develop and manage schools for children and young people with special education needs who need to be educated in specialist settings. The Trust's mission is to become a leading Special Academy Trust that provides outstanding outcome-focused education by promoting high aspirations, empowering parents as partners and successfully equipping every child for adult life.

All of the MAT's activities over this period have been in the pursuit of this aim.

Aims

The vision of MAT is for all young people to have confidence and belief in their potential, be ready for a successful adult life and connected where they live. To achieve this vision, we have identified the following strategic objectives:

- To ensure our ways of working are solution focussed, optimistic and compassionate.
- To work in partnership to develop and implement good practice based on evidence, sharing our learning widely and build a national reputation for excellence.
- To deliver good or outstanding provision by being ambitious for learners and families in all that we do.
- To ensure the Trust is sustainable and that our Academies receive high quality back office support.

Public Benefit

The MAT receives the majority of its income from the Department of Education and from local authorities via their high needs top-up funds.

The Trustees of the MAT have given due regard in exercising their duties in respect of the guidance on public benefit published by the Charity Commission and are satisfied that they meet the public benefit criteria as requested by Section 17 of the Charities Act 2011.

STRATEGIC PERFORMANCE

The Audit and Risk Committee regularly scrutinise the performance of the Trust's academies by reviewing attainment, progression, attendance, safeguarding, compliance reports and behavioural data. Local Advisory Boards also receive a termly performance dashboard and principal report.

Endeavour Academy (and residential provision)

Endeavour Academy in Oxford is for children and young people aged between 8 and 19 with autism and severe learning difficulties who benefit from an autism specific environment.

Opened	September 20	September 2014					
Regulatory inspections/results	2022. • The residen improvemen	 Retained it's Good Ofsted judgement in November 2022. The residential provision was rated as 'requires improvement to be good' in June 2023. An improvement plan is in place and on track. 					
Total places available	32 places	32 places					
Total places filled	32 places	32 places					
Pupil Attendance	Average pupil	attendance wa	s 92.2%				
Positive destinations	100% of leave	100% of leavers left for positive destinations					
Student Progression	Did not meet any targets	met targets					
•	•	•					

Discovery Academy

Discovery Academy in Nuneaton is for children and young people with an autism spectrum condition (ASC) or an identified social, emotional or mental health (SEMH) need aged 9-19 years.

Opened	September 20	September 2015					
Regulatory inspections/results	The school i	 Achieved a Good Ofsted judgement in July 2018 The school is currently self-assessing as Good with some outstanding features. 					
Total places	108 places	108 places					
Total places filled	99 places	99 places					
Pupil Attendance	Average pupil	attendance wa	s 78.9%				
Positive destinations	100% of leave	ers left for positi	ve destinations				
Student Progression	Did not meet any targets	Did not meet Partially met met targets Exceeded targets					
	13%	29%	46%	12%			

Quest Academy

Quest Academy in Rugby, caters for children and young people aged between 7 and 19 years who have additional needs associated with ASC or SEMH difficulties.

Opened	September	2017		-	
Regulatory inspections/results		Achieved a Good Ofsted judgement with outstanding features in February 2022.			
Total places	100 places				
Total places filled	100 places	100 places			
Pupil Attendance	Average pupil attendance was 84%				
Positive destinations	100% of lea	vers left for p	ositive destin	ations	
Student Progression	Did not Partially met Exceeded availating targets targets				
	19%	4%	43%	8%	26%

Venture Academy

Venture Academy, in Henley in Arden, is a turnaround school which supports pupils in years 5-11 (ages 9-16) who may have SEMH and/or a diagnosis of Autism or an associated condition.

Transferred to the Trust	September 20	September 2020				
Regulatory inspections/results	Venture Academy joined the Trust in September 2020 and was its first turnaround school having previously been rated inadequate since 2015. The Academy achieved a Requires Improvement judgement in September 2022 which was in line with its planned improvement journey.					
Total places	50 places					
Total places filled	49 places					
Pupil Attendance	Average pupil	attendance wa	s 72.1%			
Positive destinations	100% of leave	ers left for positi	ve destinations			
Student Progression *remaining 5% new students	targets	Partially met targets	met targets	Exceeded targets		
	20%	32%	25%	23%		

GOING CONCERN

After making appropriate enquiries, the Board of Trustees has a reasonable expectation that the MAT has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Promoting the success of the company

The Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018 requires charitable companies to detail how they promote the success of the charity to achieve its charitable purposes.

The Trust delivers on this requirement through its Strategic Plan which sets out to ensure that:

• Everyone connected to the MAT are leaders and role models, and show compassion for each other, young people and their families.

- The learning experience for young people is stimulating, engaging and highly personalised.
- Each Academy is networked in their local community acting as a hub for families and building supportive links.
- The Trust has outstanding governance and leadership that sets high expectations and a rigorous process of scrutiny at every level.

FINANCE REVIEW

Each academy operated within the revenues received from the Education and Skills Funding Agency and Local Authorities top up and short breaks funding individually allocated to each child.

The Trust's financial position for 22/23 shows a positive surplus variance of 1.7% against the original budget for the year. The main reason for this financial performance was receipt of fee uplifts late in the financial year.

The net current assets and cash position of the MAT has increased slightly during the year, primarily due to capital funding remaining unspent as at 31 August 2023. The overall balance sheet position of the Trust and key indicators such as current ratio remain strong.

The majority of the Academy Trust's income is obtained from the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) and local authorities high needs top up funding. The use of this funding is restricted to educational purposes.

The Trust has £3,277,040 (2021/22: £2,781,180) in revenue reserves as at the Balance Sheet date.

The liability arising from obligations to the pension benefit scheme is £nil. This value is covered by reserves.

Reserves Policy

It is the policy of the MAT to ensure the progress and growth of its academies and to support the capacity building needs required to implement the Trust's business plan. The Trust has used carry forward resources from the restricted and unrestricted funds to support capacity building, cover the medium and long term needs for the renewal of buildings, furnishings and equipment, and major improvement projects.

In addition, we have built up reserves for unforeseen contingencies across our academies The Department for Education has not set a limit to the amounts which can be carried forward. The MAT's year on year revenue is stabilising. As such the general reserves balance will now be maintained at no more than £3 million to ensure appropriate funds for the following 4 areas:

- · Staff salary contingency
- Planned maintenance of essential services
- Unplanned emergencies
- Investments

At 31 August 2023 the Trust had generated total funds which amounted to £21,533,208 consisting of a deficit of £nil in pension reserve; a surplus in restricted general funds of £3,277,040; and £18,256,168 in restricted fixed asset funds representing the net book value of fixed assets held by the MAT.

There is a capital expenditure and investment plan of £394,000 ,for 2023/24 which will be funded from the MAT reserves.

Investment Policy

The Trustees have considered the most appropriate policy for investing funds and have decided to place funds in cash deposits on fixed and short-term arrangements to meet the requirements of the MAT's cash flow.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The MAT Board has an Audit & Risk (A&R) Committee which monitors the strategic management of risk in the MAT. This Committee acts as the MAT's Finance Committee, and overseas regulatory compliance, health and safety and safeguarding.

The MAT has a Risk Register which identify key risks that the organisation may be exposed to. This is regularly refreshed and reported to the A&R Committee each term. The MAT has identified the following key risks and mitigating strategies:

identified the following key risks and mitigating	
Risk	Mitigations
An academy is judged to be 'inadequate' or 'coasting' by the regulators.	 Approach to school improvement. Experienced Principals in post supported and challenged by an external School Improvement Partner.
Government policy changes and/or per pupil funding does not increase in line with costs.	 Ensuring the MAT is delivering value for money and high-quality education. Maintaining strong relationships with funding bodies and referral partners.
External economic pressures, for example interest rates, fuel costs and pay award expectations.	 A robust budget setting process based upon modelling different scenarios. Scrutiny of financial information and reporting by Trustees. Reviewing procurement on a MAT basis to secure better value for money.
Pension liabilities	 The Department for Education guarantee for local government pension scheme liabilities in the event of an academy trust closure.
A failure to maintain adequate/safe standard of school buildings.	 Specialist staff are employed at each academy to ensure it well maintained and safe. Regular conditions surveys inform the MATs capital expenditure plan and maintenance schedules.

FUNDRAISING

Charitable funds are raised for the MAT by its Sponsor, MacIntyre Care, and as such they monitor fundraising activity. All fund raising is carried out in a manner that meets recognised standards. There have been no fundraising complaints to date and efforts to raise funds are solely through application for grants.

ENERGY AND CARBON REPORTING

UK Greenhouse gas emissions and energy use data for the period	1 September 2022 to 31 August 2023	1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022
Energy consumption	Total energy used in the period =	Total energy used in the period =
used to calculate emissions (kWh)	1,114,078 kWh	1,403,021 kWh
	The energy consumed has been broken down by –	The energy consumed has been broken down by –
	- Gas = 752,123 - Electricity = 361,955	- Gas = 1,044,752 - Electricity = 358,269
Scope 1 emissions in		
metric tonnes CO2e Gas consumption	752,123 kWh x 0.18316 = 137,759 kgCO2e	1,044,752 kWh x 0.18316 = 191,357 kgCO2e
	= 137.8 tC02e	= 191.4 tC02e
Owned transport – mini- buses	Company Transport = 94,382 miles	Company Transport: 53,260 miles
buses	94,382 x 1.17682 = 111,071 kWh	53,260 x 1.17682 = 62,678 kWh
	94,382 = 151,893 KM	53,260 = 85,714 KM
	(TOTAL 151,893 x 0.18315) = 27,819 kgCO2e	(TOTAL 85,714 x 0.18316) = 15,699 kgCO2e
	= 27.8 tCO2e	= 15.7 tCO2e
Total scope 1	165.6 tCO2e	207.1 tCO2e
Scope 2 emissions in		
metric tonnes CO2e	361,955 kWh x 0.21233 = 76,854	358,269 kWh x 0.21233 = 76,071
Purchased electricity	kgCO2e	kgCO2e
•	= 76.9 tCO2e	= 76.1 tCO2e
Scope 3 emissions in metric tonnes CO2e	21,023 x 0.18315 = 3,850 kgC02e	31,031 x 0.18315 = 5,683 kgC02e
Business travel in employee owned vehicles	= 3.9 tCO2e	= 5.7 tCO2e
Total gross emissions in	246.4 tCO2e	288.9 tC02e
metric tonnes CO2e	1,225,159 kWh (1,114,078 + 111,081)	1,465,699 kWh (1,403,021 + 62,678)
Intensity ratio	246.4 tCO2e / 280 pupils	288.9 tC02e / 281 pupils
Tonnes CO2e per pupil	= 0.880 tCO2e per pupil	= 1.028 tC02e per pupil

Quantification and Reporting Methodology

We have followed the 2019 HM Government Environmental Reporting Guidelines. We have also used the GHG Reporting Protocol – Corporate Standard and have used the 2023 UK Government's Conversion Factors for Company Reporting.

Intensity measurement

The chosen intensity measurement ratio is total gross emissions in metric tonnes CO2e per pupil, the recommended ratio for the sector.

Measures taken to improve energy efficiency

Alongside environmentally friendly approaches to travel and meeting arrangements, the MAT has begun the process of considering the cost and benefits of installing PV Solar Panels across its estate.

PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS

The MAT's business plan for 2023/24 aims to:

Drive the quality of education and outcomes:

- Embed the Inspiring the Future Project in our SEMH academies aimed at connecting young people to more employers and the world of work; leading to even greater emphasis on the development of employability skills for pupils.
- Invest in developing and leading Teaching and Learning through the School Improvement Partner and increased school-to-school collaboration.
- Deliver robust School Development Plans in each Academy and hold leaders to account for the implementation and delivery of these.
- Further develop the Trust's quality assurance and compliance monitoring processes, ensuring even greater consistency of approach across all schools.

Raise our profile with key stakeholders and build partnerships which further our goals:

 To maintain our strong relationships in Oxfordshire and Warwickshire and build new links in target growth areas; increasing our reach and impact beyond our existing schools.

Develop and retain our market leading capabilities

- Invest in the continuous professional development of staff and leaders developing and embedding our CPD pathways for all staff.
- Consolidate systems and procurement of key services/goods and evidence value-formoney in these areas.

AUDITOR

In so far as the Trustees are aware:

- There is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware:
- The Trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make them aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

The Trust's Annual Report was approved by order of the members of the Governing Body on 18 December 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Neil Macmillan

Chair MacIntyre Academies Trust

SCOPE OF RESPONSIBILITY

As Trustees, we acknowledge we have overall responsibility for ensuring that the Multi Academy Trust has an effective and appropriate system of control, financial and otherwise. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board of Trustees has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Group Director and Accounting Officer for ensuring financial controls conform with the requirements of both propriety and good financial management and in accordance with the requirements and responsibilities assigned to it in the funding agreement between MacIntyre Academies and the Secretary of State for Education.

They are also responsible for reporting to the Board of Trustees any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

GOVERNANCE

The information on governance included here supplements that described in the Trustees' Report and in the Statement of Trustees responsibilities. The board of trustees has formally met 6 times during the year. Attendance during the year at meetings of the governing body was as follows:

	Governance Meetings attended	Out of a possible
Neil Macmillan (Chair)	6	6
Anthony Greenwood	5	6
Charlotte May	6	6
Martin Zahra	5	6
Amy Patel	4	6
Adam Goldstein*	0	1
Denise Cockrem*	1	1
Sarah Burslem	6	6
Neil Fraser	2	2

^{*}Denise Cockrem and Adam Goldstein are Independent Members and are required to attend the AGM only. Neil Fraser replaced Densie Cockrem in March 2023.

AUDIT & RISK COMMITTEE

This Committee is under the Chairmanship of Tony Greenwood. The purpose of the Committee is to ensure probity and efficiency in the management of the MAT's resources, review of financial controls and the risk register, and the monitoring of the feedback from LABs on the management of risk.

REVIEW OF VALUE FOR MONEY

The Accounting Officer is responsible for ensuring the MAT delivers good value in the use of public resources. The Accounting Officer understands that value for money refers to the educational and wider societal outcomes, as well as estates safety and management, achieved in return for taxpayer resources received. The Accounting Officer for the Trust has delivered improved value for money during the year by:

- Complying with the Trust's Finance Policy which ensures value for money is considered in purchasing and procurement decisions including the use benchmarking, multiple quotations or full tendering exercises depending on amount being spent.
- The sharing of expertise across the MAT to ensure the quality of education and to create opportunities for collaboration and the sharing of good practice.
- Ensuring sufficient capital funds are allocated to ensure the MAT's estate is safe and well maintained, for example the refurbishment of classrooms and communal spaces at Venture Academy, and improvements to the outdoor facilities at Quest Academy.

The MAT Board is accountable for approving all major financial decisions. LABs are accountable for monitoring the spend of an academy and can make recommendations regarding future priorities for spending to the MAT Board. The MAT does not operate a separate finance committee but ensures financial governance and oversight is strong through a standing item and report at every MAT Board meeting. The Audit & Risk Committee use high level data in a key risk dashboard. The dashboard facilitates the consideration of all key risks including safeguarding, health and safety and financial risks.

The accounts from the previous year and the proposed annual budget for the next year are reviewed at the Audit & Risk Committee prior to being presented to the MAT Board for approval.

THE PURPOSE OF THE SYSTEM OF INTERNAL CONTROL

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute reassurance of effectiveness.

The system of internal control is based on as on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risk of the achievement of school policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in Macintyre Academies for the reporting period.

CAPACITY TO HANDLE RISK

The MAT Board has reviewed the risks to which MacIntyre Academies is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The MAT Board is of the view that there is a formal on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing MacIntyre Academies' significant risks that was designed and in place during the period ending 31 August 2023 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

This process is regularly reviewed by the Trustees.

THE RISK AND CONTROL FRAMEWORK

MacIntyre Academies' system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information and administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- Comprehensive budgeting and monitoring systems with an annual budget and periodic financial reports which are reviewed and agreed by the MAT Board;
- Regular interviews by the Trust Leadership Group of reports which indicate financial performance against the forecasts and of major purchase plans, capital works and expenditure programmes;
- Setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- Clearly defined purchasing (asset purchase or capital investment) guidelines;
- Delegation of authority or segregation of duties and; Identification and management of risks.

The board of trustees has considered the need for a specific internal audit function and has decided to appoint JD Education Finance Services to carry out a programme of internal checks. The internal reviewer's role includes giving advice on financial matters and performing a range of checks on the Trust's financial systems.

REVIEW OF EFFECTIVENESS

The Accounting Officer has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. During the period in question the review has been informed by:

- The work of the internal reviewer;
- The work of the external auditor;
- The work of the executive managers within the Trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework; and
- The Accounting Officer having been advised of the system of internal control in place during the period and a plan to address any weakness and ensure continuous improvement of the systems in place.

Approved by order of the members of the board of trustees on 18 December 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Signed

Signed

Neil Macmillan

Chair of MacIntyre Academies Trust

Bull.

Kevin Rodger

MacIntyre Academies Trust Accounting officer

Ken Max

As Accounting Officer of MacIntyre Academies Trust, I have considered my responsibility to notify the Academy Trust Board of Trustees and the Education & Skills Funding Agency of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with ESFA terms and conditions of funding, including for estates safety and management, under the funding agreement between the academy trust and the Secretary of State for Education.

As part of my consideration, I have had due regard to the requirements of the Academies Handbook 2022, including responsibilities for estates safety and management.

I confirm that I and the Academy Trust Board of Trustees are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the Academy Trust, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding under the Academy Trust's funding agreement and the Academies Financial Handbook.

I confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the board of trustees and the ESFA.

Signed

Kevin Rodger Accounting Officer

Date: 18 December 2023

MacIntyre Academies Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of MacIntyre Academies Trust for the year ended 31 August 2023

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of MacIntyre Academies ('the academy trust') for the year ended 31 August 2023 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the academy trust's affairs as at 31 August 2023, and of its
 incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then
 ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- · have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP 2019 and Academies Accounts Direction 2022 to 2023 issued by the ESFA.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs(UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the academy trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRS's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of MacIntyre Academies Trust for the year ended 31 August 2023 (continued)

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the trustees' annual report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the trustees' annual report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Trust and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the trustees' annual report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we required for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement set out on page 15, the trustees (who are also the directors of the Trust for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK) we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Trust's internal control;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees;

MacIntyre Academies Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of MacIntyre Academies Trust for the year ended 31 August 2023 (continued)

- conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Trust to cease to continue as a going concern;
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

The objectives of our audit in respect of fraud, are; to identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud; to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud, through designing and implementing appropriate responses to those assessed risks; and to respond appropriately to instances of fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both management and those charged with governance of the Trust.

Our approach was as follows:

- we obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory requirements applicable to the Trust through
 the use of permanent audit file information, updated this year for any changes that have been identified
 by management or by our own investigations and considered that the most significant are the
 Companies Act 2006, the Charities Act 2011, the Charities SORP 2019, the Academies Accounts
 Direction 2022 to 2023, the Academies Financial Handbook 2022 and UK financial reporting standards
 as issued by the Financial Reporting Council;
- we obtained an understanding of how the Trust complies with these requirements by discussions with management and those charged with governance and through reviews of relevant accounting and management records;
- we assessed the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, including the risk of material misstatement due to fraud and how it might occur, based on our work as outlined above;
- we inquired of management and those charged with governance as to any known instances of noncompliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, using associated documentary evidence to better understand items of interest;
- based on this understanding, we designed specific appropriate audit procedures to identify instances of
 non-compliance with laws and regulations. As well as specific audit testing, this included approaching
 accounting records with an inquisitive and sceptical mindset such that we examined items that were felt
 to be of interest or of higher risk in this area, and obtaining additional corroborative evidence as required.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of MacIntyre Academies Trust for the year ended 31 August 2023 (continued)

To address the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we carried out the following work:

- procedures were undertaken to identify any unusual or unexpected matters, and the rationale behind any such matters was examined;
- · journal entries were reviewed to identify unusual transactions;
- judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates set out in the accounting policies were reviewed.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Trust's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Trust's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to any party other than the Trust and it's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

James Saunders (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Moore Kingston Smith CCP.

for and on behalf of Moore Kingston Smith LLP, Statutory Auditor

Date: 20 December 2023

6th Floor 9 Appold Street London EC1M 7AD

Independent Reporting Accountant's Assurance Report on Regularity to MacIntyre Academies and the Education and Skills Funding Agency for the year ended 31 August 2023

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 13 June 2023 and further to the requirements of the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) as included in the Academies Accounts Direction 2022 to 2023, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by MacIntyre Academies during the period 1 September 2022 to 31 August 2023 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

This report is made solely to MacIntyre Academies and the ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to MacIntyre Academies and ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than MacIntyre Academies and the ESFA, for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of MacIntyre Academies' accounting officer and the reporting accountant

The accounting officer is responsible, under the requirements of MacIntyre Academies' funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education dated 4 March 2014 and the Academies Financial Handbook, extant from 1 September 2022, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received is applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Academies Accounts Direction 2022 to 2023. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 September 2022 to 31 August 2023 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Approach

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountant of Academy Trusts issued by ESFA . We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in our engagement letter.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity.

A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity and propriety of the academy trust's income and expenditure.

Independent Reporting Accountant's Assurance Report on Regularity to MacIntyre Academies and the Education and Skills Funding Agency for the year ended 31 August 2023 (continued)

The work undertaken to draw to our conclusion includes:

- · review of financial records for unusual transactions;
- sample testing expenditure transactions were reasonable, appropriate and appropriately authorised in accordance with the trust's procurement policy;
- · review the minutes of the Board meetings;
- · review the processes and controls to identify related party transactions and potential conflicts;
- · obtaining formal representations from the Board and the accounting officer; and
- reviewing any evidence of impropriety resulting from our work and determining whether it was significant
 enough to be referred to in our regularity report.

Conclusion

In the course of our work, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 September 2022 to 31 August 2023 has not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Moore Kingston Smith UP.

Moore Kingston Smith LLP Reporting Accountant

Date: 20 December 2023

6th Floor 9 Appold Street London EC1M 7AD

MacIntyre Academies Statement of Financial Activities for the year ended 31 August 2023 (including Income and Expenditure Account)

	Note	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted General Funds £	Restricted Fixed Asset Funds £	Total 2023 £	Total 2022 £
Income and endowments from		~	~	•	~	-
Donations and capital grants Charitable activities:	2	11,067	-	331,968	343,035	124,669
Funding for the academy trus educational operations	3	18,448	13,528,921	-	13,547,369	11,746,383
Total		29,515	13,528,921	331,968	13,890,404	11,871,052
Expenditure on: Charitable activities: Academy trust educational operations	4, 5	_	12,785,297	712,715	13,498,012	13,761,891
Total	•		12,785,297	712,715	13,498,012	13,761,891
Net income / (expenditure)		29,515	743,624	(380,747)	392,392	(1,890,839)
Transfers between funds	13	(29,515)	(478,764)	508,279	-	-
Other recognised (losses)/ga Actuarial (losses) / gains on def						
benefit pension schemes	14, 21	-	1,596,000	-	1,596,000	8,508,000
Net movement in funds	•		1,860,860	127,532	1,988,392	6,617,161
Reconciliation of funds Total funds brought forward	13	-	1,416,180	18,128,636	19,544,816	12,927,655
Total funds carried forward			3,277,040	18,256,168	21,533,208	19,544,816

All of the academy's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two financial periods.

A comparative Statement of Financial Activities is detailed in note 23 of the accounts.

MacIntyre Academies Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2023

	Notes	2023 £	2023 £	2022 £	2022 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	10		18,256,168 18,256,168		18,128,636 18,128,636
Current assets					
Debtors	11	915,815		362,667	
Cash at bank and in hand	• •	3,351,307		3,027,516	
	•	4,267,122		3,390,183	
Liabilities				•	
Creditors : Amounts falling due within one				(
year	12	(990,082)	0.077.040	(609,003)	0.704.400
Net current assets			3,277,040		2,781,180
Total assets less current liabilities			21,533,208		20,909,816
Net assets excluding pension liability			21,533,208		20,909,816
Defined benefit pension scheme liability	20		-		(1,365,000)
Total net assets			21,533,208		19,544,816
Funds of the academy trust: Restricted funds					
Fixed asset fund	13	18,256,168		18,128,636	
Restricted income fund	13	3,277,040		2,781,180	
Pension reserve	13	-		(1,365,000)	
Total restricted funds			21,533,208		19,544,816
Unrestricted income funds	13		-		-
Total funds			21,533,208		19,544,816
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The financial statements were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on 18 December 2023 and are signed on their behalf by:

Neil Macmillan Chair

Company no: 08334745

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MacIntyre Academies Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 August 2023

Cash flows from operating activities	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
Net cash provided by operating activities	15	1,164,038	648,185
Cash flows from investing activities	16	(840,247)	(570,760)
Cash flows from financing activities	17	-	· · · · ·
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period	-	323,791	77,425
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 September 2022	_	3,027,516	2,950,091
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 August 2023	18	3,351,307	3,027,516

1 Statement of Accounting Policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted (which have been applied consistently), judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty, is set out below.

Company information

MacIntyre Academies is a private company limited by guarantee, domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Seebeck House 1, Seebeck Place, Knowlhill, Milton Keynes, England, MK5 8FR

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the academy trust, which is a public benefit entity under FRS102, have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: 'Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Academies Accounts Direction 2022 to 2023 issued by the ESFA, the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest thousand pound.

Going Concern

The trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate i.e. whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. The trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of at least one year from the date of authorisation for issue of the financial statements and have concluded that the academy trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. This expectation is based on trust risk assessments and updated budgets and forecasts, supported by confirmed funding. The trustees therefore continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Income

All incoming resources are recognised when the academy trust has entitlement to the funds, the receipt is probable and the amount can be measured reliably.

Grants

Grants are included in the Statement of Financial Activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of meeting any performance related conditions there is not unconditional entitlement to the income and its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income until the performance-related conditions are met. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

General Annual Grant is recognised in full in the statement of Financial Activities in the year for which it is receivable and any abatement in respect of the period is deducted from income and recognised as a liability.

Capital grants are recognised in full when there is an unconditional entitlement to the grant, and are not deferred over the life of the asset on which they are expended. Unspent amounts of capital grants are reflected in the balance sheet in the restricted fixed asset fund.

1 Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Sponsorship Income

Sponsorship income provided to the academy trust which amounts to a donation is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities in the period in which it is receivable (where there are no performance-related conditions) where the receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

Donations

Donations are recognised on a receivable basis (where there are no performance-related conditions) where the receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

Other Income³

Other income, including the hire of facilities, is recognised in the period it is receivable and to the extent the academy trust has provided the goods or services.

Transfer of existing academies into the academy trust

Where assets and liabilities are received on the transfer of an existing academy into the academy trust, the transferred net assets are measured at fair value and recognised in the balance sheet at the point when the risks and rewards of ownership pass to the academy trust. An equal amount of income is recognised for the transfer of an existing academy into the academy trust within Donations and capital grant income to the net assets acquired.

Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in a settlement and the amount of the obligation can me be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including the support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Charitable Activities

These are costs incurred on the academy trust's educational operations, including support costs and costs relating to the governance of the academy trust apportioned to charitable activities.

All resources expended are inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

1 Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Intangible Fixed Assets

Intangible assets costing £1,000 or more are capitalised and recognised when future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost net of amortisation and any provision for impairment. Amortisation is provided on intangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life as follows:

Purchased computer software

Over the license period

Tangible Fixed Assets

Assets costing £1,000 or more are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with the aid of specific grants, either from the government or from the private sector, they are included in the Balance Sheet at cost and depreciated over their expected useful economic life. Where there are specific conditions attached to the funding requiring the continued use of the asset, the related grants are credited to a restricted fixed asset fund in the Statement of Financial Activities and carried forward in the Balance Sheet. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged directly to the restricted fixed asset fund in the Statement of Financial Activities

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Long leasehold buildings 50 years
Fixtures, fittings and equipment 5 years
Computer Equipment 3 years

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Liabilities

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in the settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the academy trust anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods and services it must provide.

Provisions

Provisions can be recognised when the academy trust has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event which it is probable will result in the transfer of economic benefits and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle an obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the last pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

1 Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Leased Assets

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Trade debtors, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the debt instrument to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

1 Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Taxation

The academy trust is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes.

Accordingly, the academy trust is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by part 11, chapter 3 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

1 Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

Pensions Benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the academy trust are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme ('TPS') and the Local Government Pension Scheme ('LGPS'). These are defined benefit schemes.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and contributions are calculated so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the academy trust in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary on the basis of quadrennial valuations using a prospective unit credit method. The TPS is an unfunded multi-employer scheme with no underlying assets to assign between employers. Consequently, the TPS is treated as a defined contribution scheme for accounting purposes and the contributions recognised in the period to which they relate.

The LGPS is a funded multi-employer scheme and the assets are held separately from those of the academy trust in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus are the current service costs, past service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in other recognised gains and losses.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other recognised gains and losses.

Fund Accounting

Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the academy trust at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted fixed asset funds are resources which are to be applied to specific capital purposes imposed by funders where the asset acquired or created is held for a specific purpose.

Restricted general funds comprise all other restricted funds received with restrictions imposed by the funder/donor and include grants from the Department for Education Group.

1 Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgment

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The academy trust makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 20, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2019 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 August 2022. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

2 Donations and capital grants

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total 2023 £	Total 2022 £
Capital Grants	-	331,968	331,968	123,029
Other donations	11,067	-	11,067	1,640
	11,067	331,968	343,035	124,669

3 Funding for the Academy Trust's Educational Operations

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total 2023 £	Total 2022 £
DfE / ESFA revenue grants				
General Annual Grant (GAG) Other DfE/ESFA grants	-	2,900,000	2,900,000	2,669,934
Pupil premium	-	183,945	183,945	155,902
Others	-	391,530	391,530	356,752
		3,475,475	3,475,475	3,182,588
Other Government grants Local authority grants	<u> </u>	10,018,129 10,018,129	10,018,129 10,018,129	8,460,860 8,460,860
Other Income from the academy trust's				
educational operations	18,448	35,317	53,765	102,935
	18,448	35,317	53,765	102,935
Total	18,448	13,528,921	13,547,369	11,746,383

4	Expenditure	٠				
			Non Pay E	xpenditure		
		Staff	•	-	Total	Total
		Costs	Premises	Other	2023	2022
		£	£	£	£	£
	Academy's educational operations:					
	Direct costs	6,898,278	-	1,084,874	7,983,152	7,685,070
	Allocated support costs	3,150,259	1,462,026	902,575	5,514,860	6,076,821
		10,048,537	1,462,026	1,987,449	13,498,012	13,761,891
	Net income / (expenditure) for the period	d includes:				
	Components (components) for the period				2023	2022
					£	£
					44.000	22.665
	Operating lease rentals				44,283	33,665
	Depreciation and amortisation Fees payable to auditor for:				712,715	655,994
	Audit				19,250	15,500
	Other services				10,000	8,250
	Olifor Scriffico			•	29,250	23,750
			•			_
;	Charitable Activities					
	Direct costs - educational operations					
			Restricted	Restricted	Total	Total
		Unrestricted	General	Fixed Assets	2023	2022
		£	£	£	£	£
	Teacher staff costs	-	3,365,887	-	3,365,887	3,104,650
	Classroom support staff costs	-	3,532,391	-	3,532,391	3,469,051
	Premises costs	-	-	-	-	
	Other direct costs	-	1,084,874	-	1,084,874	1,111,369
	Total direct costs	-	7,983,152		7,983,152	7,685,070
	Surprise adventional apprehing					
	Support costs - educational operation	15	Restricted	Restricted	Total	Total
		Unrestricted	General	Fixed Assets	2023	2022
		£	£ ^	£	£	£
	Residential staff costs	_	1,547,795	_	1,547,795	931,262
	Support staff costs	-	1,602,464	-	1,602,464	2,882,332
	Depreciation and amortisation	-	-	712,715	712,715	655,995
	Technology costs	-	109,557	· -	109,557	60,339
	Premise costs	-	749,309	-	749,309	571,427
	Other support costs	-	497,205	-	497,205	574,599
	Governance costs	-	295,815	-	295,815	400,867
	Total support costs		4,802,145	712,715	5,514,860	6,076,821
	Total direct and support costs	_	12,785,297	712,715	13,498,012	13,761,891
	Total unect and support costs		12,100,231	, 12,, 13	.0,700,012	.0,.0.,001

6	Staff		
	a. Staff costs		
	Staff costs during the period were:	2023 £	2022 £
	Wages and salaries	6,565,177	6,093,330
	Social security costs	576,698	574,964
	Pension costs	1,388,494	2,804,352
		8,530,369	9,472,646
	Supply staff costs	1,518,168	914,649
	Severance pay	10,048,537	10,387,295

b. Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the academy during the period was as follows:

	2023 No.	2022 No.
Teachers	43	45
Classroom support	125	144
Residential	26	28
Administration and other support	17	21
Management	23	22
	234	260

c. Higher paid staff

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

	2023 No.	2022 No.
£60,001 - £70,000	2	4
£70,001 - £80,000	1	-
£80,001 - £90,000	-	2
£90,000 +	4	1

d. Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the academy trust comprise the trustees and the senior management team as listed on page 1. The total amount of employee benefits (including employer pension contributions) received by key management personnel for their services to the academy trust was £763,881 (2022: £627,352).

7 Disclosure of central services

The academy trust has provided the following central services to its academies during the year:

human resources; financial services; legal services; educational support services; engagement and family services

The trust charges for these services on the following basis:

Flat percentage of income - 7% of ESFA funding

The actual amounts charged during the year were as follows:

2023 £	2022 £
227,016	227,505
249,257	221,528
238,240	219,092
117,294	103,006
831,807	771,131
	227,016 249,257 238,240 117,294

8 Related Party Transactions - Trustees' Remuneration and Expenses

Owing to the nature of the academy trust and the composition of the board of trustees being drawn from local public and private sector organisations, transactions may take place with organisations in which a trustee has an interest. All transactions involving such organisations are conducted in accordance with the Academies Financial Handbook, including notifying ESFA of all transactions made on or after 1 April 2019 and obtaining their approval where required, and with the academy trust's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures relating to connected and related party transactions.

Trustees' travel expenses of £nil (2022: £40) were reimbursed by the Academy trust during the year, these expenses were reimbursed to no Trustees (2022: 1).

No other related party transactions took place during the year.

9 Trustees' and officers' insurance

The academy trust has opted into the Department for Education's risk protection arrangement (RPA), an alternative to insurance where UK government funds cover losses that arise. This scheme protects trustees and officers from claims arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions occurring whilst on academy business, and provides cover up to £10,000,000. It is not possible to quantify the trustees and officers indemnity element from the overall cost of the RPA scheme membership.

10	Tangible fixed assets						
		Leasehold Land and	Leasehold	Furniture and	Motor	Computer	
		Buildings	Improvements	Equipment	Vehicles	Equipment	Total
		£	£	£	£	£	£
	Cost	-	-	_	_	_	_
	At 1 September 2022	17,898,532	996,300	817,745	21,273	667,415	20,401,265
	Additions	· · ·	560,773	251,891	-	27,583	840,247
	At 31 August 2023	17,898,532	1,557,073	1,069,636	21,273	694,998	21,241,512
	Depreciation						
	At 1 September 2022	1,350,629	197,944	300,359	10,255	413,442	2,272,629
	Charged in year	258,321	137,252	156,419_	4,254	156,469	712,715
	At 31 August 2023	1,608,950	335,196	456,778	14,509	569,911	2,985,344
	Net book values						
	At 31 August 2023	16,289,582	1,221,877	612,858	6,764	125,087	18,256,168
	At 31 August 2022	16,547,903	798,356	517,386	11,018	253,973	18,128,636
11	Debtors					2023 £	2022 £
						ı.	Ł
	Trade debtors					610,734	99,785
	VAT recoverable					102,288	134,744
	Other debtors					1,042	8,385
	Prepayments and accrued income					201,751	119,753
						915,815	362,667
12	Creditors: Amounts falling due w	ithin one year				2023 £	2022 £
	Trade creditors					499,552	250,388
	Taxation and social security					141,586	132,590
	Other creditors					133,492	125,468
	Accruals and deferred income					215,452	100,557
						990,082	609,003
	Deferred income at 1 September					-	35,000
	Released from previous years					•	(35,000)
	Resources deferred in the year					72,747	-
	Deferred income at 31 August					72,747	-

13	Funds	Balance at 1 September 2022	Incoming Resources	Resources Expended	Gains, Losses and Transfers	Balance at 31 August 2023
		£	· £	£	£	£
	Restricted general funds			(0.000.000)		
	General Annual Grant (GAG)	-	2,900,000	(2,900,000)	-	-
	Start Up Grant	•	•	-	-	-
	Pupil premium	-	183,945	(183,945)	-	-
	Other DfE grants	-	391,530	(391,530)	-	-
	Other local authority funding	2,781,180	10,018,129	(9,043,505)	(478,764)	3,277,040
	Pension reserve	(1,365,000)	=	(231,000)	1,596,000	-
	Other funding	<u> </u>	35,317	(35,317)		
		1,416,180	13,528,921	(12,785,297)	1,117,236	3,277,040
	Restricted fixed asset funds					
	Other funding	18,128,636	331,968	(712,715)	508,279	18,256,168
	- -	18,128,636	331,968	(712,715)	508,279	18,256,168
	Total restricted funds	19,544,816	13,860,889	(13,498,012)	1,625,515	21,533,208
	Total unrestricted funds		29,515		(29,515)	
	Total funds	19,544,816	13,890,404	(13,498,012)	1,596,000	21,533,208

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

Under the funding agreement with the Secretary of State, the academy trust was not subject to limits on the amount of GAG that it could carry forward at 31 August 2023.

Restricted general funds

All restricted funds are grants received from the Department for Education and the Local Authority for the purpose of running the Academy Trust.

Restricted fixed asset fund

All capital grants received from the Department for Education and the Local Authority are to be used on capital expenditure. This includes donated fixed assets from the Local Authority.

Unrestricted funds

All unrestricted funds are amounts raised by the Academy Trust which can be used tor any purposes the trustees deem appropriate.

Transfers

The transfer from restricted revenue finds to restricted fixed asset funds represents the amount spent on fixed asset additions resourced from revenue funds.

13 Funds (continued)		
Analysis of academies by fund balance		
	2023	2022
Fund balances as at year end were allocated as follows:	£	£
Endeavour Academy	2,231,699	2,188,548
Discovery Academy	1,469,792	1,143,665
Quest Academy	1,112,685	897,044
Venture Academy	(267,387)	(151,823)
Central Services	(1,272,749)	(1,296,254)
Total before fixed assets and pension reserve	3,274,040	2,781,180
Restricted fixed asset fund	18,256,168	18,128,636
Pension reserve	•	(1,365,000)
Total reserves	21,530,208	19,544,816

In previous years the schools' contributions to Central Services has not covered all of the costs incurred, and therefore is carrying as a negative figure. From 19/20 onwards the methodology to recharge a set fee covering all costs has been successfully implemented.

Total cost analysis by Academy

	Teaching & Educational Support Staff Costs	Other Support Staff Costs £	Educational Supplies £	Other Costs (excluding depreciation) £	Total 2023 £	2022 £
Endeavour Academy	1,247,201	1,800,035	82,738	533,599.00	3,663,573	2,875,321
Discovery Academy	2,431,649	189,458	67,149	563,985.00	3,252,241	3,009,805
Quest Academy	2,123,195	305,872	45,502	603,498.00	3,078,067	3,001,155
Venture Academy	1,096,233	130,444	23,784	447,343.00	1,697,804	1,706,133
Central Services	· · ·	724,450	•	369,162.00	1,093,612	2,513,483
Academy Trust	6,898,278	3,150,259	219,173	2,517,587	12,785,297	13,105,897

14 Analysis of net assets between Funds

Fund balances at 31 August 2023 are represented by:

and balances at 51 Adgust 2025 are represented by.	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted General Funds £	Restricted Fixed Asset Funds £	Total Funds £
Tangible fixed assets	-	•	18,256,168	18,256,168
Current assets	-	4,267,122	-	4,267,122
Current liabilities	-	(990,082)	-	(990,082)
Pension scheme liability	•	•	-	-
Total net assets		3,277,040	18,256,168	21,533,208

15 Reconciliation of Net Income/(expenditure) to Net Cash Inflow from Oper	ating Activities 2023 £	2022
Net (expenditure)/income for the reporting period (as per the statement of financial activities) Adjusted for:	392,392	(1,890,839)
Depreciation Defined benefit pension scheme cost less contributions payable (Increase)/decrease in debtors	712,715 231,000 (553,148)	655,994 1,821,000 300,040
(Decrease)/increase in creditors Net Cash provided by / (used in) Operating Activities	381,079 1,164,038	(238,010) 648,185
16 Cash flows from investing activities	2023 £	2022 £
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(840,247)	(570,760)
Net Cash provided by / (used in) investing Activities	(840,247)	(570,760)
17 Cash flows from financing activities	2023 £	2022 £
Repayments of borrowing Cash inflows from new borrowing	. •	-
Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities	•	•
18 Analysis of cash and cash equivalents	At 31 August 2023 £	At 31 August 2022 £
Cash in hand and at bank	3,351,307	3,027,516
Total cash and cash equivalents	3,351,307	3,027,516

19 Members' Liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up while he/she is a member, or within one year after he/she ceases to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10 for the debts and liabilities contracted before he/she ceases to be a member.

20 Pension and Similar Obligations

The academy trust's employees belong to three principal pension schemes: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and two Local Government Pension Schemes (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which are managed by Oxfordshire County Council and Warwickshire County Council. All are multi-employer defined-benefit schemes.

The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS related to the period ended 31 March 2020 and of the LGPS 31 March 2022.

Contributions amounting to £137,175 were payable to the schemes at 31 August 2023 (2022: £130,219) and are included within creditors.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pensions Regulations 2014. Membership is automatic for teachers in academies. All teachers have the option to opt-out of the TPS following enrolment.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme to which both the member and employer makes contributions, as a percentage of salary - these contributions are credited to the Exchequer. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Government Actuary, using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 published by HM Treasury every 4 years. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS affecting contributions during the year was carried out as at 31 March 2020. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education on 26 October 2023. The key elements of the valuation are:

- employer contribution rates set at 28.68% of pensionable pay (including a 0.08% employer administration levy)
- total scheme liabilities (pensions currently in payment and the estimated cost of future benefits) for service to the effective date of £262,000 million, and notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £222,200 million giving a notional past service deficit of £39,800 million
- the SCAPE (Superannuation Contributions Adjusted for Past Experience) rate, set by HMT, is used to determine the notional investment return. The current SCAPE rate is based on OBR's forecast for long-term GDP growth. The current SCAPE rate is 1.7% above the rate of CPI.

The next valuation result is due to be implemented from 1 April 2024.

The employer's pension costs paid to TPS in the period amounted to £571,064 (2022: £524,772).

A copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation is on the Teachers' Pensions website.

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102, the TPS is a multi-employer pension scheme. The trust has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The trust has set out above the information available on the scheme.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a funded defined benefit pension scheme, with the assets held in separate trustee-administered funds. The total contribution made for the year ended 31 August 2023 was £874,000 (2022: £806,000), of which employer's contributions totalled £655,000 (2022: £605,000) and employees' contributions totalled £219,000 (2022: £201,000)The agreed contribution rates for future years is 21.8% for employers, with employee rates banded according to salary.

Parliament has agreed, at the request of the Secretary of State for Education, to a guarantee that, in the event of academy closure, outstanding Local Government Pension Scheme liabilities would be met by the Department for Education. The guarantee came into force on 18 July 2013 and on 21 July 2022, the Department for Education reaffirmed its commitment to the guarantee, with a parliamentary minute published on GOV.UK.

•	Pension and Similar Obligations (Continued)					
		At 31	At 31			
	Principal Actuarial Assumptions	August 2023	August 2022			
	Rate of increase in salaries	3.7%	3.7%			
	Rate of increase for pensions in payment/inflation	3.0%	3.1%			
	Discount rate for scheme liabilities	5.2%	4.3%			
	The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for	At 31	At 31			
	future improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations	August	August			
	on retirement age 65 are:	2023	2022			
	Retiring today					
	Males	21.5	21.8			
	Females	22.9	24.2			
	Retiring in 20 years					
	Males	21.6	22.8			
	Females	25.5	26.0			
	Sensitivity analysis					
	The measurement of scheme liabilities would have been affected by changes in the relevant principal assumptions as follows:					
	assumptions as follows.	2023	2022			
		£.000	£,000			
	Discount rate -0.5%	1,035	1,140			
	Long term salary +0.5%	30	3			
	Pension increase +0.5%	1,020	1,11			

The academy trust's share of the assets and liabilities in the scheme and the expected rates of return were:

	Fair value at 31 August 2023 £	Fair value at 31 August 2022 £
Equity instruments	4,427,680	3,534,450
Debt instruments	1,536,680	1,257,690
Property	977,540	563,670
Cash	95,100	91,190
Total market value of assets	7,037,000	5,447,000

20	Pension and Similar Obligations (Continued)		
	Amounts recognised in the statement of financial activities	2023	2022
	7 mounts roots in the statement of maneral assumes	£	£
	Current service cost	824,000	2,283,000
	Interest income	(249,000)	(90,000)
	Interest cost	311,000	233,000
	Total operating charge	886,000	2,426,000
	Changes in the fair value of defined benefit obligations were as follo	owe.	
	Changes in the fair value of defined benefit obligations were as follows	2023	2022
		2023 £	£
	At 1 September	6,812,000	12,919,000
	Transfer of existing academies into the trust	-	12,515,000
	Current service cost	824,000	2,283,000
	Interest cost	311,000	233,000
	Employee contributions	219,000	201,000
	Benefits paid	(20,000)	(12,000)
	Actuarial loss/(gain)	(1,551,000)	(8,812,000)
	At 31 August	6,595,000	6,812,000
	Changes in the fair value of academy trust's share of scheme asset	2023 £	2022 £
	At 1 September	5,447,000	4,867,000
	Transfer of existing academies into the trust	-	-
	Interest income	249,000	90,000
	Employee contributions	219,000	201,000
	Employer contributions	655,000	605,000
	Benefits paid	(20,000)	(12,000)
	Actuarial gain/(loss)	487,000	(304,000)
	At 31 August	7,037,000	5,447,000
	Net changes in the scheme liability:	2023	2022
		£	£
	At A Constant on	4 265 000	9.0E2.000
	At 1 September	1,365,000	8,052,000
	Transfer of existing academies into the trust	924 000	2 283 000
	Pension cost	824,000 62,000	2,283,000 143,000
	Finance cost	(655,000)	(605,000)
	Employer contribution Net actuarial loss/(gain)	(2,038,000)	(8,508,000)
	At 31 August	(442,000)	1,365,000
	At 31 August	(772,000)	1,303,000

Net asset of £442,000 has not been recognised in accordance with FRS102 Paragraph 28.22. The asset value is included in the actuarial gain in the Statement of Financial Activities.

21 Capita	al Commitments			
Capita	al commitments contracted but not provided for in the financial statements a	are as follows: 2023 £	2022 £	
•	uter equipment capital works	<u> </u>	- - -	
22 Comm	nitments Under Operating Leases			
	At 31 August 2023 the total of the Academy Trust's future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases was:			
		2023	2022	
		£	£	
Amour	nts due within one year	27,172	36,476	
Amour	nts due between one and five years	60,831	57,153	
Amour	nt due in over five years	9,795	9,118	
		97,798	102,747	

23	Comparative Statement of Financial Activities				
		Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted General Funds £	Restricted Fixed Asset Funds £	Total 2022 £
	Donations and capital grants Charitable activities:	1,640	-	123,029	124,669
	Funding for the academy trust's educational operations	12,196	11,734,187	-	11,746,383
	Total	13,836	11,734,187	123,029	11,871,052
	Expenditure on: Raising funds	-	-	-	-
	Charitable activities: Academy trust educational operations	-	13,105,896	655,995	13,761,891
	Total		13,105,896	655,995	13,761,891
	Net income / (expenditure)	13,836	(1,371,709)	(532,966)	(1,890,839)
	Transfers between funds	(13,836)	(433,896)	447,732	(4 800 820)
		-	(1,805,605)	(85,234)	(1,890,839)
	Other recognised gains and losses Actuarial (losses) / gains on defined				
	benefit pension schemes Net movement in funds	-	8,508,000 6,702,395	(85,234)	8,508,000 6,617,161
	Reconciliation of funds				
	Total funds brought forward	-	(5,286,215)	18,213,870	12,927,655
	Total funds carried forward		1,416,180	18,128,636	19,544,816