ARSCOTT POWER LIMITED

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD 1 APRIL 2016 TO 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

Mark Holt & Co Limited Chartered Accountants 7 Sandy Court Ashleigh Way Langage Business Park Plymouth Devon PL7 5JX

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ARSCOTT POWER LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD 1 APRIL 2016 TO 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

DIRECTOR:	Mr N P May
REGISTERED OFFICE:	Ratherton House Ratherton Farm Holsworthy Devon EX22 6NB
REGISTERED NUMBER:	08271085
ACCOUNTANTS:	Mark Holt & Co Limited Chartered Accountants 7 Sandy Court Ashleigh Way Langage Business Park Plymouth Devon PL7 5JX

ABRIDGED BALANCE SHEET 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		18,960		30,336
Tangible assets	5		355,480		376,017
			374,440		406,353
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		155,825		66,167	
Cash at bank		1,669			
		157,494		66,167	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year		457,902		487,851	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(300,408)		(421,684)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			74,032		(15,331)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			44,983		54,597
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			29,049		(69,928)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			1		1
Retained earnings			29,048		(69,929)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			29,049		(69,928)

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the period ended 30 September 2017.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period ended 30 September 2017 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

All the members have consented to the preparation of an abridged Balance Sheet for the period ended 30 September 2017 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 30 July 2018 and were signed by:

Mr N P May - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 APRIL 2016 TO 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Arscott Power Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and the rendering of services.

Goodwill

Goodwill relates to the acquisition of a business in 2013 and was previously being amortised evenly over its initial estimated useful economic life of 10 years.

The Directors have reviewed the policy and agreed that with effect from 1 June 2015 the remaining balance of goodwill is to be written off over a period of 5 years.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.

Short leasehold - 5% on cost Plant and machinery - 5% on cost

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Impairment of assets

At each reporting date fixed assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 1 APRIL 2016 TO 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Current tax is recognised for the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the current or past reporting periods using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date, except as otherwise indicated.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. If and when all conditions for retaining tax allowances for the cost of a fixed asset have been met, the deferred tax is reversed.

Deferred tax is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

The tax expense (income) is presented either in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity depending on the transaction that resulted in the tax expense (income).

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

At inception the Company assesses agreements that transfer the right to use assets. The assessment considers whether the arrangement is a finance lease or an operating lease based on the substances of the arrangement.

Finance leases

Leases of assets that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Company are classified as finance leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognized initially at the fair value of the leased asset (or, if lower, the present value of minimum lease payments) at the inception of the lease. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the statement of financial position as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation using the effective interest method so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are deducted in measuring profit or loss.

Assets held under finance leases are included in tangible fixed assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful life of the asset. Assets are assessed for impairment at each reporting date.

Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present (legal or constructive) obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation is recognised at present value using a pre-tax discount rate. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 1 APRIL 2016 TO 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

4. I	NTANGIBLE FIXED	ASSETS

			Totals £
	COST		Ľ
	At 1 April 2016		
	and 30 September 2017		50,000
	AMORTISATION		
	At 1 April 2016		19,664
	Amortisation for period		11,376
	At 30 September 2017		31,040
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 30 September 2017		18,960
	At 31 March 2016		30,336
5.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
٥.	TANGET INED ASSETS		Totals
			£
	COST		
	At 1 April 2016		419,211
	Additions		446
	At 30 September 2017		419,657
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 April 2016		43,194
	Charge for period		20,983
	At 30 September 2017		64,177
	NET BOOK VALUE		255 400
	At 30 September 2017		355,480
	At 31 March 2016		376,017
6.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans	-	126,537

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.