Registered number: 08267893

SATELLITE APPLICATIONS CATAPULT SERVICES LIMITED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Alan Cox Lucy Edge

Stuart Martin Richard Tuffill (resigned 29 July 2022)

Registered number

08267893

Registered office

Electron Building Fermi Avenue

Harwell Science and Innovation Campus

Didcot Oxfordshire OX11 OQR

Independent auditor

Crowe U.K. LLP Aquis House

49-51 Blagrave Street

Reading Berkshire RG1 1PL

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

Alan Cox Lucy Edge Stuart Martin Richard Tuffill (resigned 29 July 2022)

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any
 relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

The auditor, Crowe U.K. LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

02.09.2022

This report was approved by the board on

and signed on its behalf.

Stuart Martin

Chief Executive Officer

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SATELLITE APPLICATIONS CATAPULT SERVICES LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Satellite Applications Catapult Services Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 March 2022, which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Balance sheet, the Statement of changes in equity and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SATELLITE APPLICATIONS CATAPULT SERVICES LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit;

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
 regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and
 from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SATELLITE APPLICATIONS CATAPULT SERVICES LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks within which the company operates, focusing on those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The laws and regulations we considered in this context were the Companies Act 2006 and Taxation legislation.

We identified the greatest risk of material impact on the financial statements from irregularities, including fraud, to be the override of controls by management. Our audit procedures to respond to these risks included enquiries of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, sample testing on the posting of journals and reviewing accounting estimates for biases.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

These inherent limitations are particularly significant in the case of misstatement resulting from fraud as this may involve sophisticated schemes designed to avoid detection, including deliberate failure to record transactions, collusion or the provision of intentional misrepresentations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SATELLITE APPLICATIONS CATAPULT SERVICES LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

J 3/ C.

Richard Baker (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of Crowe U.K. LLP

Statutory Auditor

Aquis House 49-51 Blagrave Street Reading Berkshire RG1 1PL

Date: 5 September 2022

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Turnover		4,882,257	2,599,624
Gross profit		4,882,257	2,599,624
Administrative expenses		(4,700,869)	(2,466,972)
Operating profit		181,388	132,652
Profit on disposal of investments		•	5,743
Interest receivable and similar income		5,782	6,128
Profit before tax		187,170	144,523
Tax on profit		(36,411)	(26,368)
Profit for the financial year		150,759	118,155
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Unrealised deficit on revaluation of fixed asset investments		, •	(16,663)
Other comprehensive income for the year			(16,663)
Total comprehensive income for the year		150,759	101,492

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

SATELLITE APPLICATIONS CATAPULT SERVICES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 08267893

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Current assets					
Debtors	4	873,520		714,554	
Cash at bank and in hand	5	133,585		53,594	
		1,007,105	•	768,148	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(218,187)		(129,989)	
Net current assets			788,918		638,159
Total assets less current liabilities		-	788,918	-	638,159
Net assets		-	788,918	_	638,159
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account	7		788,917		638,158
•		, ,	788,918	_	638,159

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

Stuart Martin

Chief Executive Officer

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

02.09.2022

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 April 2021	1	638,158	638,159
Comprehensive income for the year			
Profit for the year	•	150,759	150,759
	<u></u>		
Other comprehensive income for the year		*	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	. -	150,759	150,759
Total transactions with owners	<u> </u>	-	-
At 31 March 2022	1	788,917	788,918

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

· ·				
	Called up share capital	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£	£
At 1 April 2020	1	16,663	520,003	536,667
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	•	-	118,155	118,155
Deficit on revaluation of other fixed assets	-	(16,663)	-	(16,663)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	(16,663)	<u></u>	(16,663)
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>-</u> :	(16,663)	118,155	101,492
Total transactions with owners	•	-	·	<u> </u>
At 31 March 2021	1	-	638,158	638,159

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1. General information

Satellite Applications Catapult Services Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. Its registered head office is located at Electron Building, Fermi Avenue, Harwell Science and Innovation Campus, Didcot, Oxfordshire, OX11 0QR.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Financial Reporting Standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d).

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Satellite Applications Capault Limited as at 31 March 2022 and these financial statements may be obtained from Companies House.

2.3 Going concern

The Covid-19 pandemic has increased going concern risk, the directors have considered the financial position of the company and forecasts for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. They are of the opinion the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and therefore it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of comprehensive income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'other operating income'.

2.5 Revenue

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised on a straight-line basis by reference to the stage of completion of the contract subject to the achievement of significant project milestones. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.6 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.7 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Valuation of investments

Investments in unlisted shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

2.9 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.11 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2021 - £NIL).

4. Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Due after more than one year	_	_
Other debtors	143,248	386,650
	143,248	386,650
Due within one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	413,776	32,443
Other debtors	106,990	108,990
Prepayments and accrued income	209,506	186,471
	873,520	714,554

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

5.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	133,585	53,594
		133,585	53,594
6.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Corporation tax	36,411	26,368
	Accruals and deferred income	181,776	103,621
		218,187	129,989

7. Reserves

Revaluation reserve

Includes all gains/losses arising on revaluation of the Company's investments. This reserve is not a distributable reserve.

Profit and loss account

Includes all current and prior period retained profits and lossess.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

8. Related party transactions

The company is exempt from disclosing related party transactions with other wholly owned companies within the Satellite Applications Catapult Limited Group.

The following transactions took place between the company and its associated companies during the year:

	2022 £	2021 £
Sales to associated companies	25,327	42,986
Interest charged to associated companies	5,789	6,128
	31,116	49,114
The following balances were due from/(to) associated companies at the year en	d:	
	2022 £	2021 £
Concessionary loans due from related parties	143,248	291,521
	143,248	291,521

The concessionary loan has been treated in accordance with Section 34 of FRS 102. The loan is initially measured at the amount paid then subsequently adjusted to reflect any accrued interest receivable.

The concessionary loan is to a related party spinout company from the Catapult and bears an interest rate of 2.0%. Repayments from the related party are due annually based on their revenue in the prior financial year.

9. Controlling party

Satellite Applications Catapult Services Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Satellite Applications Catapult Limited. The directors consider Satellite Applications Catapult Limited to be the controlling party.