REGISTERED NUMBER: 08256918 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

<u>for</u>

QAF Limited

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## **QAF** Limited

## Company Information for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

**DIRECTOR:** Q Bhatti

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** Rockware Business Centre

5 Rockware Avenue

Office 16 Greenford Middlesex UB6 0AA

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 08256918 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Three Leaves LTD

Chartered Certified Accountants Rockware Business Centre

Office 16

5 Rockware Avenue

Greenford Middlesex UB6 0AA

Balance Sheet 31 October 2018

		31.10.18		31.10.17	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		17,440		12,712
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		39,995		37,875	
Debtors	5	9,015		8,010	
Cash in hand		809		-	
		49,819		45,885	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>47,744</u>		<u>39,481</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			2,075		6,404
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			<u>19,515</u>		<u> 19,116</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			1		1
Retained earnings			<u>19,514</u>		<u> 19,115</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u> 19,515</u>		<u>19,116</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 October 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

statements, so far as applicable to the company.

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of
  each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections
  394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 24 July 2019 and were signed by:

Q Bhatti - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

QAF Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Turnover

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

## Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide service is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

Revenue is recognised when services are rendered.

## Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The Company adds to the carrying amount of an item of fixed assets the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefit to the Company. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance charged to the Statement of comprehensive income during the year in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings -10% on reducing balance Motor Vehicles -25% on reducing balance

The asset's residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### Creditors

Short term trade creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in life.

## 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 4 (2017 - 4).

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## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

## 4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

			Plant and machinery etc £
	COST		
	At 1 November 2017		20,610
	Additions		8,000
	At 31 October 2018		28,610
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 November 2017		7,898
	Charge for year		3,272
	At 31 October 2018		<u>11,170</u>
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 October 2018		<u> 17,440</u>
	At 31 October 2017		<u>12,712</u>
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.10.18	31.10.17
		£	£
	Trade debtors	1,754	1,442
	Other debtors	<u>7,261</u>	6,568
		<u>9,015</u>	8,010
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31,10,18	31,10,17
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	10,594	555
	Trade creditors	12,651	9,246
	Taxation and social security	2,073	6,031
	Other creditors	22,426	23,649
		47,744	39,481

## 7. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is Q Bhatti.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.