Registered number: 08244713

ND3M Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2017

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Annual financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2017

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Corporate information

Directors

A Fletcher A Gibbs

Registered office

Palm Court 4 Heron Square Richmond TW9 1EW

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
1 Harefield Road
Uxbridge
Middlesex
UB8 1EX

Banker

HSBC 42 High Street Teddington Middlesex TW11 8ES

Strategic report for the year ended 28 February 2017

The directors present their strategic report on the Company for the year ended 28 February 2017.

Principal activities

The company's principal activity is a non-trading group holding company.

Review of the business

The company acted as a non-trading group holding company during the year.

Key Performance Indicators

Due to the company's role as a holding company there are not considered to be any key performance indicators.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The following are the principle risks and uncertainties considered for the Company:

Financial Risk

There is no external debt or trade within this company and there is little financial risk.

Future Developments

During the year the company acted as a group holding company. Future plans are to continue in this activity.

On behalf of the Board

A Gibbs Director

Date 4 July 2017

Registered company number 08244713

Directors' report for the year ended 28 February 2017

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 28 February 2017.

Future developments

For details of the future developments of the Company, see the strategic report.

Results

The result for the financial year was £nil (2016: £nil).

Going concern

The directors believe that preparing the financial statements on the going concern basis is appropriate due to the continued support of the ultimate parent company ND2F Limited. The directors have received confirmation that ND2F Limited intend to support the company for a period of at least one year after the date of approval of these financial statements.

Financial Risk

For details of the financial risk of the Company, see the strategic report.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements, unless otherwise stated, were as follows:

A Fletcher

A Gibbs

Directors' and Officers' liability insurance

The company maintains liability insurance covering the directors and officers of the company.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

Directors' report (continued) for the year ended 28 February 2017

Statement of directors' responsibilities (continued)

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In the case of each director in office at the date the Directors' Report is approved:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of and relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Statement of disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware and they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the Board

A Gibbs Director

Date 4 July 2017

Registered company number 08244713

Independent auditors' report to the members of ND3M Limited

Report on the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, ND3M Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 28 February 2017 and of its result for the
 year then ended;
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

What we have audited

The financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), comprise:

- the Statement of financial position as at 28 February 2017;
- the Statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- · the Statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In addition, in light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we are required to report if we have identified any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report. We have nothing to report in this respect.

Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Independent auditors' report to the members of ND3M Limited (continued)

Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Our responsibilities and those of the directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

What an audit of financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK & Ireland). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently
 applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- · the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report. With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we consider whether those reports include the disclosures required by applicable legal requirements.

Suzanne Woolfson (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Uxbridge

✓ July 2017

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Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 28 February 2017

	Year ended 28 February 2017		Year ended 29 February 2016
	Notes	£	£
Administrative expenses		-	-
Operating result	4	•	-
Finance income	5	3,322,291	3,322,292
Finance costs	6	(3,322,291)	(3,322,292)
Result before taxation			-
Tax on result	7	-	-
Result for the financial year and total comprehensive income		.,, -	- - -

ND3M Limited Statement of financial position as at 28 February 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Non-current assets			
Investments in subsidiaries	8	2,612,103	2,612,103
Current assets			
Other receivables	9	71,795,303	68,473,012
Current liabilities	•		
Other payables	10	(71,795,303)	(68,473,012)
Net current assets			
Net assets		2,612,103	2,612,103
		,	
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	11	261	261
Share premium account	12	2,611,842	2,611,842
Retained earnings	12	•	
Total equity		2,612,103	2,612,103

The financial statements on pages 7 to 16 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of directors on μ July 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

A Gibbs

Director

Company Registration number: 08244713

ND3M Limited Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 28 February 2017

91	Called up Share capital	Share Premium account	Retained earnings	Total Equity
	£	£	£	3
As at 1 March 2015	261	2,611,842		2,612,103
Result for the financial year	-	-	-	-
As at 29 February 2016	261	2,611,842	•	2,612,103
	Called up Share capital	Share Premium account	Retained earnings	Total Equity
	3	£	, £	£
As at 1 March 2016	261	2,611,842	-	2,612,103
Result for the financial year		-	· -	
As at 28 February 2017	261	2,611,842	-	2,612,103

ND3M Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2017

1 Company information

ND3M Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England. The registered office is Palm Court, 4 Heron Square, Richmond, TW9 1EW. The company's principal activity is to act as a holding company for the graze.com group.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 – 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' ('FRS 102'), and with the Companies Act 2006.

2 Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the financial position date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The following judgements have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Other receivables provision

Management has considered the requirement for other receivables provisions. No provisions have been deemed necessary.

Impairment of investments in subsidiaries

Management has considered if there are any indicators of impairment of investments in subsidiaries. No provisions have been deemed necessary.

3 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention.

The company financial statements are presented in Sterling (£), being the functional currency.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis as the directors have received confirmation that the parent company will continue to provide financial support to the company to enable it to meet its liabilities as they fall due for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

3 Accounting policies (continued)

Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions, subject to certain conditions, which have been complied with, including notification of, and no objection to, the use of exemptions by the company's shareholders

The company has taken advantage of the following exemptions:

- from preparing a statement of cash flows on the basis the company is a wholly-owned subsidiary and is included in the consolidated financial statements of ND1T Limited which are publicly available;
- from the financial instrument disclosures, required under FRS 102 paragraphs 11.39 to 11.48A and paragraphs 12.26 to 12.29, as the information is provided in the consolidated financial statement disclosures of ND1T Limited;
- from disclosing the company key management personnel compensation, as required by FRS 102 paragraph 33.7;
- from disclosing related party transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

Group financial statements

The financial statements contain information about ND3M Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertakings are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of its ultimate parent, ND1T Limited, which are publicly available.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution in value. The carrying amounts of the company's investments are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate impairment.

Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3 Accounting policies (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Financial instruments

The Company has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

(i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances and investments in commercial paper, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including loans from fellow group companies are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(iii) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4 Operating result

The audit fee is borne by the ultimate parent company, ND1T Limited, and no amounts are recharged to ND3M Limited (2016: £nil). The audit fee allocated to ND3M Limited is £2,500 (2016: £2,500).

The company paid no remuneration to the directors during the year (2016: £nil) and the directors received no remuneration in their capacity as directors of the company (2016: £nil).

The company had no employees during the year (2016: none).

5 Finance income

	2017	2016
·	3	£
Interest receivable from group undertakings	3,322,291	3,322,292

6 Finance costs

v		2017	2016
á .	•	€	£
Interest payab	ele to group undertakings	3,322,291	3,322,292

7 Tax on result

(a) Analysis of charge in the year

	2017	2016
	2	£
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on result for the year	, •	·
Tax on result	-	

7 Tax on result (continued)

b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year

The tax charge for the year equals the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.00% (2016: 20.08%). The differences are explained below:

		2017 £	2016 £
Result before taxation		<u> </u>	-
Result on ordinary activities multiplied by standin the UK of 20.00% (2016: 20.08%)	dard rate	•	-
Total tax charge			-

(c) Tax rate changes

In November 2015, The Finance (No. 2) Act 2015 changed the UK corporation tax rate from 20% to 19% effective from 1 April 2017 and to 18% from 1 April 2020. These changes were substantively enacted by the year end date and therefore the impact of these changes has been effected within the tax notes of these financial statements.

Changes to the UK corporation tax rates were announced in the Chancellor's Budget on 16 March 2016. These include reductions to the main rate to reduce the rate to 17% from 1 April 2020. As the changes had not been substantively enacted at the year end date their effects are not included in these financial statements.

The overall effect of these changes, if they had applied to the deferred tax balance at the year end date, would have no material impact on the deferred tax balance at the year end date.

8 Investments in subsidiaries

	Investments
•	£
Cost	
As at 1 March 2016 and 28 February 2017	2,612,103

The directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets.

The company directly holds 100% of the ordinary share capital of the following company:

Subsidiary undertaking	Registered address	Principal activity
ND4A Limited	Palm Court, 4 Heron Square, Richmond, TW9 1EW	Intermediate holding company

8 Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

The company indirectly holds control of 100% of the ordinary share capital of the following companies:

Subsidiary undertaking	Registered Address	Principal activity
Nature Delivered Limited	Palm Court, 4 Heron Square, Richmond, TW9 1EW, UK	Sale and distribution of snack foods
Nature Delivered Inc.	Jersey City Distribution Center #2, 25 Colony Road, Suite 300, NJ, 07305, USA	Sale and distribution of snack foods
Nature Delivered Sweden AB	Nordenskiöldsgatan 19, 413 09 Göteborg, Sweden	Payment services

9 Other receivables

	2017	2016
	£	£
Amounts owed by group undertakings	71,795,303	68,473,012

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured and repayable on demand. An amount of £33,222,915 accrues interest at a rate of 10% per annum. The remaining balance of the amounts owed by group undertakings are interest free.

10 Other payables

	2017	2016
\(\text{}\)	£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings	(71,795,303)	(68,473,012)

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured and repayable on demand. An amount of £33,222,915 accrues interest at a rate of 10% per annum. The remaining balance of the amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free.

11 Called up share capital

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Number	3
Allotted called up and fully paid		
Issued ordinary Share Capital at £0.0001 per share as at 29 February		
2016 and 28 February 2017	2,612,103	261

12 Reserves

	Share premium account £	Retained Earnings £
Balance as at 1 March 2016 and 28 February 2017	2,611,842	-

13 Ultimate parent and controlling party

The immediate parent company is ND2F Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

ND1T Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales, is the ultimate parent company and the parent of the smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated. These consolidated financial statements are available from Palm Court, 4 Heron Square, Richmond, TW9 1EW.

The ultimate controlling party is CETP II Participations S.à.r.l.