

Registration number: 08232941

GMTL Advisory Limited
Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

GMTL ADVISORY LIMITED

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GMTL ADVISORY LIMITED

Company Information

Directors	Dr S King Mrs L King
Registered office	4 Old Park Lane London W1K 1QW
Accountants	Rotherham Taylor Limited 21 Navigation Business Village Navigation Way Ashton-on-Ribble Preston PR2 2YP

GMTL ADVISORY LIMITED**(Registration number: 08232941)****Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2022**

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	20,003	25,749
Other financial assets	<u>5</u>	658,242	710,866
		<u>678,245</u>	<u>736,615</u>
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	2,230,416	1,560,953
Cash at bank and in hand		481,240	674,594
		<u>2,711,656</u>	<u>2,235,547</u>
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	<u>(580,401)</u>	<u>(587,193)</u>
Net current assets		<u>2,131,255</u>	<u>1,648,354</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>2,809,500</u>	<u>2,384,969</u>
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	-	(43,688)
Provisions for liabilities		<u>(30,313)</u>	<u>(34,404)</u>
Net assets		<u><u>2,779,187</u></u>	<u><u>2,306,877</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		200	200
Retained earnings		<u>2,778,987</u>	<u>2,306,677</u>
Shareholders' funds		<u><u>2,779,187</u></u>	<u><u>2,306,877</u></u>

For the financial year ending 30 September 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

GMTL ADVISORY LIMITED

(Registration number: 08232941)
Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2022

Approved and authorised by the Board on 25 April 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

.....
Dr S King
Director

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

4 Old Park Lane
London
W1K 1QW

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Government grants

Grants are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the respective functional currency of the entity at the rates prevailing on the reporting period date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate on the date when the fair value is re-measured.

Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Furniture and fittings	25% reducing balance
Plant and machinery	25% reducing balance
Office equipment	33% on cost
Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance

Investments

Investments comprise of quoted and unquoted equity instruments. Where an active market exists, they are valued at closing mid-market price on the reporting date. Where an active market does not exist, they are valued by the application of an appropriate valuation method. Changes in value are recognised in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

GMTL ADVISORY LIMITED

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

Debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 3 (2021 - 3).

GMTL ADVISORY LIMITED

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture and fittings £	Plant and machinery £	Office equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 October 2021	455	583	8,826	40,625	50,489
Additions	-	-	2,452	-	2,452
Disposals	-	-	(2,146)	-	(2,146)
At 30 September 2022	455	583	9,132	40,625	50,795
Depreciation					
At 1 October 2021	199	399	6,369	17,773	24,740
Charge for the year	64	46	2,070	5,713	7,893
Eliminated on disposal	-	-	(1,841)	-	(1,841)
At 30 September 2022	263	445	6,598	23,486	30,792
Carrying amount					
At 30 September 2022	192	138	2,534	17,139	20,003
At 30 September 2021	256	184	2,457	22,852	25,749

5 Other financial assets (current and non-current)

	Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss £	Total £
Non-current financial assets		
Cost or valuation		
At 1 October 2021	710,866	710,866
Fair value adjustments	(55,059)	(55,059)
Additions	3,319	3,319
Disposals	(884)	(884)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 September 2022	658,242	658,242
Impairment		
At 1 October 2021	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 September 2022	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Carrying amount		
At 30 September 2022	<hr/> <hr/> 658,242	<hr/> <hr/> 658,242

6 Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	161,306	53,453
Prepayments	1,650	1,490
Other debtors	2,067,460	1,506,010
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	2,230,416	1,560,953
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

GMTL ADVISORY LIMITED**Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2022****7 Creditors****Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	297,545	162,504
Taxation and social security		6,613	19,981
Other creditors		<u>276,243</u>	<u>404,708</u>
		<u>580,401</u>	<u>587,193</u>
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>43,688</u>

8 Loans and borrowings

	2022 £	2021 £
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	<u>-</u>	<u>43,688</u>

	2022 £	2021 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	-	6,312
Directors' loan accounts	<u>297,545</u>	<u>156,192</u>
	<u>297,545</u>	<u>162,504</u>

The directors' loan accounts are non interest bearing and have no formal repayment terms.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.