

DSX Ltd**Registered number:** 08224976**Statement of Financial Position
as at 30 September 2019**

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	831	1,108
Current assets			
Debtors	4	13,050	-
Cash at bank and in hand		128,250	146,505
		<u>141,300</u>	<u>146,505</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(77,783)	(80,945)
Net current assets		<u>63,517</u>	<u>65,560</u>
Net assets		<u>64,348</u>	<u>66,668</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		64,248	66,568
Shareholder's funds		<u>64,348</u>	<u>66,668</u>

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

D Shaw

Director

Approved by the board on 15 June 2020

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1a small entities, the financial reporting standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the rendering of services. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery	25% reducing balance
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Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price. Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are

translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

2 Employees	2019	2018
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
3 Tangible fixed assets		
		Plant and machinery etc
		£
Cost		
At 1 October 2018		3,517
At 30 September 2019		<u>3,517</u>
Depreciation		
At 1 October 2018		2,409
Charge for the year		277
At 30 September 2019		<u>2,686</u>
Net book value		
At 30 September 2019		<u>831</u>
At 30 September 2018		<u>1,108</u>
4 Debtors	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade debtors	<u>13,050</u>	<u>-</u>
5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2019	2018
	£	£
Accruals	876	876
Corporation tax	3,791	6,635
Other creditors	73,116	73,434
	<u>77,783</u>	<u>80,945</u>
6 Other information		

DSX Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

12a Durlston Road

London

E5 8RR

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