# Morgan Heating and Plumbing Limited

Filleted Accounts

30 September 2017

# **Morgan Heating and Plumbing Limited**

Registered number: 08204303

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 30 September 2017

N	otes		2017		2016
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		7,052		2,479
•					
Current assets					
Stocks		10,000		9,000	
Debtors	3	-		7,708	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,248		4,013	
		12,248		20,721	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(10,622)		(12,908)	
Net current assets			1,626		7,813
Total assets less current liabilities		_	8,678	_	10,292
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	5		(5,484)		(4,362)
Net assets		_	3,194	_	5,930
		_			
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			3,094		5,830
Shareholders' funds		- -	3,194	_	5,930

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr M Morgan Director

Approved by the board on 27 June 2018

# Morgan Heating and Plumbing Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 September 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Motor vehicles 18% Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 18%

#### Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### **Taxation**

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

## 2 Tangible fixed assets

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	Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 October 2016	2,420	3,000	5,420
Additions	150	15,200	15,350
Disposals	-	(11,000)	(11,000)
At 30 September 2017	2,570	7,200	9,770
Depreciation			
At 1 October 2016	1,170	1,771	2,941
Charge for the year	252	1,296	1,548
On disposals	-	(1,771)	(1,771)
At 30 September 2017	1,422	1,296	2,718
Net book value			
At 30 September 2017	1,148	5,904	7,052
At 30 September 2016	1,250	1,229	2,479
Debtors		2017	2016
		£	£
Trade debtors		-	7,708

4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	4,495	1,615
	Trade creditors	1,004	761
	Taxation and social security costs	2,697	8,849
	Other creditors	2,426	1,683
		10,622	12,908
5	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans	5,484	4,362

### 6 Other information

Morgan Heating and Plumbing Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Heritage House

34b North Cray Road

Bexley

Kent

DA5 3LZ

# 7 Controlling party

The contolling parties are Mr M Morgan who owns 70% and Mrs C Stone-Morgan who owns 30%

of the issued ordinary share capital of the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.