Registered number: 08181710

## CODA INSTALLATIONS LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 SEPTEMBER 2021 TO 31 MARCH 2022

# Coda Installations Limited Financial Statements For the Period 1 September 2021 to 31 March 2022

### Contents

	Page
Balance Sheet	1-2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3-6

### Coda Installations Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2022

Registered number: 08181710

		31 March 2022		31 August 2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		11,625		13,161
		-			
			11,625		13,161
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	4	3,350		609	
Debtors	5	36,965		13,748	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,493	-	13,704	
		41,808		28,061	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(52,639)	-	(29,227 )	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		-	(10,831)		(1,166)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		-	794		11,995
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	7				(8,407)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			_		_
Deferred Taxation	9	_	(2,209)		(2,501)
NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(1,415)		1,087
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		•		•	
Called up share capital	10		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			(1,515)		987
		-		•	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		=	(1,415)	;	1,087

### Coda Installations Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 March 2022

For the period ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

-----

Mr David Drennan

Director

28th December 2022

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

## Coda Installations Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period 1 September 2021 to 31 March 2022

#### 1. Accounting Policies

#### 1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

#### Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

#### Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

#### 1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 20% reducing balance Motor Vehicles 20% reducing balance

#### 1.4. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period. Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

#### 1.5. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

### Coda Installations Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the Period 1 September 2021 to 31 March 2022

#### 1.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### 2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 2 (2021: 2)

#### 3. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
As at 1 September 2021	6,353	26,485	32,838
As at 31 March 2022	6,353	26,485	32,838
Depreciation			
As at 1 September 2021	4,040	15,637	19,677
Provided during the period	270	1,266	1,536
As at 31 March 2022	4,310	16,903	21,213
Net Book Value			
As at 31 March 2022	2,043	9,582	11,625
As at 1 September 2021	2,313	10,848	13,161
4. Stocks			
		31 March 2022	31 August 2021
		£	£
Stock - work in progress	_	3,350	609
	=	3,350	609

# Coda Installations Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the Period 1 September 2021 to 31 March 2022

5. Debtors		
	31 March 2022	31 August 2021
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	5,505	3,902
Prepayments and accrued income	20,242	551
Other debtors	11,218	9,295
	36,965	13,748
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
•	31 March 2022	31 August 2021
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	<u></u>	2,400
Trade creditors	- 5,386	2,400
Bank loans and overdrafts	3,360 777	1,739
Other taxes and social security	4,633	779
Other creditors	38,343	19,939
Accruals and deferred income	3,500	2,000
Accidans and determed medime		
	<u>52,639</u>	29,227
7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year		
	31 March 2022	31 August 2021
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts		8,407
	-	8,407
8. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase	31 March 2022	31 August 2021
	£	2021 £
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:	ž	_
Amounts Payable:		
Within one year	-	2,400
Between one and five years	-	8,407
		10,807
	-	10,807

# Coda Installations Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the Period 1 September 2021 to 31 March 2022

#### 9. Deferred Taxation

The provision for deferred taxation is made up of accelerated capital allowances

	31 March 2022	31 August 2021
	£	£
Deferred tax	2,501	3,127
Other timing differences	(292)	(626)
	2,209	2,501
10. Share Capital		
	31 March 2022	31 August 2021
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

#### 11. General Information

Coda Installations Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 08181710 . The registered office is 12 Sandown Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport, SK7 4SH.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.