Company Registration Number: 08146452

CASTLEVIEW SCHOOL

(A company limited by guarantee)

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

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REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

Members

Pinky Sandhu Jackie Eady Mike Maydell

Trustees

Clare Beynon, Head Teacher and Accounting Officer Carolynne Nolder, Staff Trustee
Kevin Docherty (resigned 14 September 2017)
Sunil Kapur (resigned 14 September 2017)
Dawn Kirby, Staff Trustee
Ronald Spence
Helen St Ledger
Vijay Boothnath
Suneeta Khutan
Ajeet Saggu
Michael Maydell
Jacqueline Eady
Pinky Sandhu

Company registered number

08146452

Company name

Castleview School

Principal and registered office

Woodstock Avenue, Slough, Berkshire, SL3 7LJ

Company secretary

Sandra Smith

Senior management team

Clare Beynon, Headteacher Shirley Thompson, Assistant Headteacher Sophie Hammond, Assistant Headteacher Sandra Smith, Business Manager

Independent auditors

Landau Baker Limited, Mountcliff House, 154 Brent Street, London, NW4 2DR

Bankers

Lloyds Bank, PO Box 1000, Andover, BX1 1LT

Solicitors

Winckworth Sherwood, Minerva House, 5 Montague Close, London, SE1 9BB

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

The trustees present their annual report together with the financial statements and auditor's report of the charitable company for the period 1st September 2016 to 31 August 2017. The annual report serves the purposes of both a trustees' report, and a directors' report under company law.

The trust operates an academy for pupils aged 3 to 11 serving a catchment area in East Slough. It has a pupil capacity of 616 and had a roll of 618 in the school census on January 2017.

Structure, governance and management

CONSTITUTION

The academy trust is a company limited by guarantee and an exempt charity. The charitable company's memorandum and articles of association are the primary governing documents of the academy trust. The trustees of Castleview Academy Trust Limited are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law. The charitable company is known as Castleview Academy.

Details of the trustees who served during the period are included in the Reference and Administrative Details on page 1.

MEMBERS' LIABILITY

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the charitable company in the event of it being wound up while they are a member, or within one year after they cease to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10, for the debts and liabilities contracted before they ceased to be a member.

TRUSTEES' INDEMNITIES

Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, every governor or other officer of the academy shall be indemnified out of the assets of the academy against any liability incurred by them in that capacity in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in favour or in which they are acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to them by the court from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the academy

METHOD OF RECRUITMENT AND APPOINTMENT OR ELECTION OF TRUSTEES

The management of the academy is the responsibility of the Governors who are elected and co-opted under the terms of the Articles of Association and funding agreement as follows:

- o The Head Teacher
- o Up to 6 parent governors, appointed by the members
- o Up to 6 community governors, appointed by the members
- o Up to 2 staff governors appointed by the members, provided that the maximum number of staff governors does not exceed one third of the total number of governors
- o Any governors appointed by the Secretary of State for Education

The term of office for any governor is 4 years. The Head Teacher's term of office runs parallel with her term of appointment. Subject to remaining eligible to be a particular type of governor, any governor may be reappointed or re-elected.

POLICIES AND PROCEDURES ADOPTED FOR THE INDUCTION AND TRAINING OF TRUSTEES

The training and induction provided for new governors will depend on their individual experience and expertise.
Where necessary an induction will provide training on charity and educational, legal and financial matters. All

TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

new governors are given a tour of the academy and the chance to meet with staff and students. All governors are provided with copies of policies, procedures, minutes, budgets, plans and other documents that they will need to understand their role as trustees and directors of the academy.

ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE

The academy has established a management structure to enable its efficient running. The structure consists of three levels: the governors, the executive who are the senior leadership team and the school management team.

The governing body has considered its role thoughtfully and decided that the role of the governors is to approve the strategic direction and objectives of the academy and monitor its progress towards these objectives.

The governing body has approved a scheme of delegation which sets out a statement on the system of internal control, responsibilities, standing orders, a scheme of delegation and terms of reference. The Head Teacher is directly responsible for the day to day running of the academy and is assisted by a senior leadership team.

Governors are responsible for setting general policy, adopting an annual plan and budget, monitoring the academy by use of budgets and making major decisions about the direction of the academy, including capital expenditure and senior staff appointments.

The Head Teacher assumes the accounting officer role.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR SETTING PAY AND REMUNERATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Key management of the academy are regarded as its Trustees and the academy trust's senior leadership team consisting of the headteacher, two assistant headteachers and the business manager. The leadership personnel are paid on an incremental pay scale which is reviewed annually by the Pay and Review Committee and agreed by the full governing body.

RELATED PARTIES AND OTHER CONNECTED CHARITIES AND ORGANISATIONS

The school is a member of an Umbrella Trust, The Kedermister Education Trust which acts as a strategic body helping to promote and assist education in those schools that are part of its membership. The Kedermister Education Trust is currently dormant and does not have any control over the operation of the school.

Objectives and Activities

OBJECTS AND AIMS

The principal object and activity of the academy is the operation of Castleview Academy to provide a broad and balanced education for pupils of all abilities in the area. The governors have referred to the guidance issued by the Charity Commission in respect of public benefit when reviewing the aims and objectives of the academy. In accordance with the articles of association, the academy has adopted a "Scheme of Government" approved by the Secretary of State for Education.

The aims of Castleview are as follows:

- To create a positive environment which recognizes the achievements of all members of the school community
- To have a learning environment where adults and children review and celebrate achievement and where independence leads to success
- To promote a welcoming and relaxed classroom climate where everyone feels secure, confident and able
 to achieve their full potential

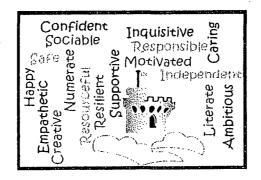
TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

- To create a calm and orderly school which is safe and happy and where all are respected, valued and welcomed.
- To create an environment where communication and decision-making is open and effective throughout the whole school community.
- To help each member of our community develop a sensitive, tolerant and caring attitude; balancing individual needs with those of the wider group
- To value the cultural and social diversity of the whole school community
- To provide equal opportunities for all pupils to reach their full potential and the highest possible standards
 of personal and academic achievement.
- To establish close partnerships with parents through regular home/school links and contacts.
- To ensure the provision of adequate time and appropriate resources in order to develop the skills necessary for future progression.

OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES AND ACTIVITIES

The school's main strategy is encompassed in its vision statements which is 'Together Everyone Achieves More' developing individuals as active learners and thereby promoting high achievement and learning for life by:

- Being effective in our teaching so as to develop a child's intellect, experience and imagination, and to create an awareness of moral values and sense of purpose,
- Valuing every child as an individual with needs and aspirations who can make a distinct contribution to the life of the school.
- Providing a stimulating and well-resourced environment in which children's achievements are celebrated and shared.
- Encouraging the children to accept responsibility for their behavior and their learning.
- Encouraging everyone to have an understanding, and tolerance of different religions, cultures, societies
 and people.
- Continually promoting a good rapport between pupils, all staff groups and parents.
- Having high expectations of work and behaviour.



TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

PUBLIC BENEFIT

In setting the objectives, the governors have given careful consideration to the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit and in particular to its supplementary public benefit guidance on advancing education. As an academy we make the best use of our skills, expertise and experience with regards to the community. Some examples of this are:

- o Raising money for local, national and international charities.
- o Host Slough Schools Sports Network training
- o Support local colleges with teacher training placements
- o Working with other local schools

STRATEGIC REPORT

ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Academic Year 2016/2017 - July 2017

KS2 SATS Data 2017	Reading	SPAG	Writing	Maths -
Did not most Expected Standard	5% (5 children)	4% (4 children)	3% (3 children)	5% (5 children)
Mot the Expected Standard	95% (+1%) (Nat ay 71%)	96% (+4%) (Nat ay 76%)	97% (+5%) (Nat <u>ay</u> 77%)	95% (+5%) (Nat ay 75%)
Working at Greater Depth (Writing) Achieving a scaled score of 110+	47% (-5%)	72% (+23%)	28% (+1%)	59% (+16%)
Average scaled scera	110 (=)	112 (+2)		110 (+1)

61% of the children nationally achieved the expected standard in Reading, Writing and Maths in 2017. 92% of Castleview children achieved the expected standard in Reading, Writing and Maths in 2017.

We are 31% above National.

KS1 SATS Data 2016	Reading	Writing	Maths
Did not most Expected Standard	5%	11%	9%
	(4 children)	(7 children)	(8 children)
Mot the Expected Standard	95% (+7%)	89% (+5%)	93% (+2%)
Working at Greater Depth	64% (+23%)	67% (+33%)	62% (+21%)
	(39 children)	(35 children)	(38 children)

RECEPTION	erp
2017	88%
2016	90%
2015	88%
2014	89%

Y1 PSC	Boys	Girls	Total
2017	89%	100%	95%
2016	96%	100%	98%
2015	94%	98%	96%
2014	73%	89%	80%

We have organised for training to take place for our EYF5, Y2 and Y6 staff to work with moderators in Slough and also to do cross-moderation across local schools. We were not selected for any moderations this year.

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TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

School Absence Data

	2016/17	
Authorised	3.4%	
Unauthorised	0.9%	
Total	4.3%	

GOING CONCERN

After making appropriate enquiries, the board of trustees has a reasonable expectation that the Academy Trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the Statement of Accounting Policies.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

During the period, ESFA/LA grants received totaled to £2,807,000. Other income included within restricted funds totaled to £306,000. Restricted fund expenditure totaled to £3,161,000.

Most of the Academy's income is obtained from the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) in the form of recurrent grants, the use of which is restricted to particular purposes. The grants received from the ESFA during the period ended 31 August 2017 and the associated expenditure are shown as restricted funds in the Statement of financial activities.

The Academy also received grants for fixed assets from the ESFA. In accordance with the Charities Statement of Recommended Practice, "Accounting for Reporting by Charities" (SORP 2015), such grants are shown in the Statement of financial activities as restricted income in the fixed asset fund. The restricted fixed asset fund balance is reduced by annual depreciation charges over the expected useful life of the assets concerned.

Under the Charities SORP, it is necessary to charge projected deficits on the Local Government Pension Scheme, which is provided to support staff, to a restricted fund. This results in reducing reserves shown in the total funds of the academy. It should be noted that this does not present the academy with any current liquidity problem. The employer contributions are currently being assessed and it is expected that they will increase to bring a further reduction in this pension deficit in future, although this may not be achieved until stock market investment values start to recover.

Overall, the Academy has a healthy balance sheet and cash flow and will be using the reserves to maintain the current assets and also to invest back into the school in the form of additional resources and facilities both in the long term and short term in conjunction with the school development plan and school aims.

The Governors through the Finance Committee and Head Teacher receive financial progress reports throughout the year and compare against budgets submitted to the Education and Skills Funding Agency. The Finance Committee also review longer term financial models (up to 5 years) to plan and organise resources most effectively to fulfil the aims of the Academy.

RESERVES POLICY

The definition of reserves in the SORP is 'that part of a charity's income funds that is freely available for its general purposes'. This definition of reserves therefore normally excludes:

- o permanent endowment funds
- o expendable endowment funds
- o restricted income funds
- o any part of unrestricted funds not readily available for spending, specifically income funds which could only be realised by disposing of fixed assets held for charitable use

TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

'Reserves' are therefore the resources the Academy has or can make available to spend for any or all of the Academy's purposes once it has met its commitments and covered its other planned expenditure. More specifically 'reserves' are income which becomes available to the Academy and is to be spent at the trustees' discretion in furtherance of any of the Academy's objects (sometimes referred to as 'general purpose' income) but which is not yet spent, committed or designated (ie is 'free').

The level of reserves held takes into account the nature of income and expenditure streams, the need to match them with commitments, including future capital projects, and the nature of reserves. The governors will keep this level of reserves under review at each Board meeting and aim to build and maintain the reserves level by entering into cost effective agreements as noted in Objectives and Activities above, whilst in keeping with the principal object of the Academy.

Total reserves at the end of the period amounted to £1,100,000. This balance includes unrestricted funds (free reserves) of £25,000, which is considered appropriate for the Academy Trust, and restricted funds of £1,075,000.

[Where material funds have been designated, the reserves policy statement should quantify and explain the purpose of the designations and, where set aside for future expenditure, the likely timing of that expenditure]: The amount of designations made in relation to the unrestricted reserves totals to £nil.

Within the reserves policy users should note that, because of accounting for the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS), the Academy recognises a significant pension fund deficit totaling to £1,551,000 (2016: £1,435,000). This deficit is included within restricted funds. This does not lead to an immediate liability for this amount. Similarly, if there were a pension surplus included in the restricted fund this would not create an immediately realisable asset that can be released straight away and expended for the specific purposes of that fund.

Users should also note that a surplus or deficit position of the pension scheme would generally result in a cash flow effect for the Academy Trust in the form of an increase or decrease in employers' pension contributions over a period of years. The Academy Trust thus takes this fact into account when reviewing current business plans and budgets, ascertaining how the pension costs might affect budgets in the future. On the basis that increased pension contributions should generally be met from the Academy Trust's budgeted annual income, whilst the deficit might not be eliminated, there should be no actual cash flow deficit on the fund or direct impact on the unrestricted reserves of the Academy Trust due to the recognition of the deficit.

INVESTMENT POLICY

It should be noted that the Academy has substantial power with regards to investments due to cash balances held. Investment policies are determined by the Governing Body. This ensures the level of funds the Academy holds can cover any immediate expenditure, without exposing the Academy to additional risk. Should any potential investment opportunity arise this would be escalated to the Board for consideration. The most typical investments that are held by academies are the Special Interest Deposit accounts which are immediately available to draw against. At 31 August 2017, no investments were held.

a. PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Companies Act 2006 s417(3b) requires disclosure of the principal risks and uncertainties facing a company. The Academy is exposed to a number of financial risks including credit, cash flow and liquidity risks. Given the Academy's exposure to financial instruments being limited, the exposure principally relates to bank balances, cash and trade creditors, with limited trade (and other) debtors. The academy's system of internal controls ensures risk is minimal in these areas.

A risk register has been established and is updated regularly. Where appropriate, systems or procedures have been established to mitigate the risks the Academy faces. Internal control risks are minimised by the implementation of procedures for authorisation of all transactions and projects.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

The governors have assessed the major risks to which the Academy is exposed, in particular those relating to the specific teaching, provision of facilities and other operational areas of the Academy, and its finances. The governors have implemented a number of systems to assess risks that the school faces, especially in the operational areas (e.g. in relation to teaching, health and safety, bullying and school trips) and in relation to the control of finance. They have introduced systems, including operational procedures (e.g. vetting of new staff and visitors, supervision of school grounds) and internal financial controls (see below) in order to minimise risk. Where significant financial risk still remains they have ensured they have adequate insurance cover.

The academy has an effective system of internal financial controls and this is explained in more detail in the Governance Statement.

It should also be noted that procedures are in place to ensure compliance with the health and safety regulations, pertaining to both staff and pupils.

Please refer to the Reserves Policy above for a description of the defined benefit pension scheme, in which there was a deficit at 31 August 2017.

PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS

Castleview School has an ongoing programme of repairs and maintenance and a prioritised improvement plan, for which we will be applying for capital grants from the ESFA. Over the coming year priority will be given to replacement of the oil fired heating system, air conditioning and re-render of external walls.

FUNDS HELD AS CUSTODIAN TRUSTEE ON BEHALF OF OTHERS

The Academy and its trustees did not act as custodian trustee during the current or previous period.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

AUDITOR

Insofar as the Trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditors are unaware, and
- that Trustees have taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Trustee in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charitable company's auditors are aware of that information.

The Trustees' report, incorporating a strategic report, was approved by order of the board of trustees, as the company directors, on 5 December 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

Pinky Sandhu Chair of Trustees

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

SCOPE OF RESPONSIBILITY

As trustees, we acknowledge we have overall responsibility for ensuring that Castleview School has an effective and appropriate system of control, financial and otherwise. However such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The board of trustees has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Headteacher, as Accounting Officer, for ensuring financial controls conform with the requirements of both propriety and good financial management and in accordance with the requirements and responsibilities assigned to it in the funding agreement between Castleview School and the Secretary of State for Education. They are also responsible for reporting to the board of trustees any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

GOVERNANCE

The information on governance included here supplements that described in the Trustees' report and in the Statement of Trustees' responsibilities. The board of trustees has formally met 6 times during the year. Attendance during the year at meetings of the board of trustees was as follows:

Trustee	Meetings attended	Out of a possible
Clare Beynon, Head Teacher and Accounting Officer	6	6
Carolynne Nolder	3	6
Kevin Docherty	6	6
Sunil Kapur	0	6
Dawn Kirby	5	6
Ronald Spence	6	6
Vijay Boothnath	3	6
Suneeta Khutan	5	6
Ajeet Saggu	4	6
Michael Maydell	5	6
Jacqueline Eady	6	6
Pinky Sandhu	6	6

Trustees typically also serve on a number of other sub committees, as set out on the school website.

The impact of each Governing Body Committee is reviewed and monitored at each meeting and business for the previous year reviewed at the first meeting of the Autumn term. The Trustees also complete an annual self-evaluation review based on a skills audit.

Key findings noted, actions taken and their impact are noted below:

- · Review of bank account with a view to open a high interest account
- Investment Policy reviewed and adopted
- 5 year budget plan reviewed and will be monitored
- Tendered for auditors and new auditors appointed

The Resource committee, which includes Finance, is a sub-committee of the main board of trustees. Its purpose is to make sure that the Academy is following the ESFA's financial regulations.

Attendance at meetings in the year was as follows:

Trustee	Meetings attended	Out of a possible
Clare Beynon (Headteacher)	4	4
Kevin Docherty	2	4
Michael Maydell	4	4
Ronald Spence	2	4
Ajeet Saggu	1	4
Pinky Sandhu	4	4

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GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (continued)

The Resource committee act as the audit committee. Its purpose is to:

- monitor the integrity of the financial statements;
- review internal financial controls and review the Academy's internal control and risk management systems;
- make recommendations to the Governing Body in relation to the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor and approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the auditor; and
- review the auditor's independence and objectivity.

No significant issues to note were dealt with during the period.

REVIEW OF VALUE FOR MONEY

As Accounting Officer, the Headteacher has responsibility for ensuring that the academy delivers good value in the use of public resources. The Accounting Officer understands that value for money refers to the educational and wider societal outcomes achieved in return for the taxpayer resources received.

The Accounting Officer considers how the academy's use of its resources has provided good value for money during each academic year, and reports to the board of trustees where value for money can be improved, including the use of benchmarking data where appropriate. The Accounting Officer for the academy has delivered improved value for money during the year by:

- Tendering for auditors
- Reviewing contracts
- · Reviewing catering supplies
- Reviewing support staff duties to allow release time for teachers without incurring supply costs

THE PURPOSE OF THE SYSTEM OF INTERNAL CONTROL

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of academy policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in Castleview School for the year 1 September 2016 to 31 August 2017 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

CAPACITY TO HANDLE RISK

The board of trustees has reviewed the key risks to which the academy is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The board of trustees is of the view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the academy's significant risks, that has been in place for the year 1 September 2016 to 31 August 2017 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements. This process is regularly reviewed by the board of trustees.

THE RISK AND CONTROL FRAMEWORK

The academy's system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information and administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting and monitoring systems with an annual budget and periodic financial reports which are reviewed and agreed by the board of trustees;
- regular reviews by the finance and general purposes committee of reports which indicate financial performance against the forecasts and of major purchase plans, capital works and expenditure programmes;
- setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- clearly defined purchasing (asset purchase or capital investment) guidelines.

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GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (continued)

- delegation of authority and segregation of duties;
- identification and management of risks.

The board of trustees has considered the need for a specific internal audit function and has decided not to appoint an internal auditor. However, the Trustees have appointed CEFM (Centre for Education and Finance Management) as Responsible Officer to carry out a termly programme of internal checks and report to the Trustees.

The RO's role includes giving advice on financial matters and performing a range of checks on the academy's financial systems. In particular the checks carried out in the current period included:

- testing of payroll systems
- testing of purchase systems
- testing of control account/ bank reconciliations
- testing of any other sections including personnel, contracts etc.

The Board can confirm that the Responsible Officer has delivered their schedule of work as planned, provided details of any material control issues arising as a result of the their work. During the current and previous period, there were no material control issues noted and thus no remedial action was required to be taken.

REVIEW OF EFFECTIVENESS

As Accounting Officer, the Headteacher has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. During the year in question the review has been informed by:

- the work of the responsible officer;
- the work of the external auditors;
- the financial management and governance self-assessment process; and
- the work of the executive managers within the academy who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework.

The Accounting Officer has been advised of the implications of the result of their review of the system of internal control by the resource committee and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

Approved by order of the members of the board of trustees on 5 December 2017 and signed on their behalf, by:

Pinky Sandhu Chair of Trustees Clare Beynon Accounting Officer

STATEMENT ON REGULARITY, PROPRIETY AND COMPLIANCE

As accounting officer of Castleview School I have considered my responsibility to notify the academy trust board of trustees and the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with ESFA terms and conditions of funding, under the funding agreement in place between the academy trust and the Secretary of State for Education. As part of my consideration I have had due regard to the requirements of the Academies Financial Handbook 2017.

I confirm that I and the academy trust board of trustees are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the academy trust, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding under the academy trust's funding agreement and the Academies Financial Handbook 2016.

I confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the board of trustees and ESFA.

Clare Beynon
Accounting Officer

Date: 5 December 2017

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

The Trustees (who act as governors of Castleview School and are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the Annual Accounts Direction issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency, United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles of the Charities SORP 2015 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2016 to 2017;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards (FRS 102) have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees are responsible for ensuring that in its conduct and operation the charitable company applies financial and other controls, which conform with the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management. They are also responsible for ensuring grants received from ESFA/DfE have been applied for the purposes intended.

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by order of the members of the board of trustees on 5 December 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

Pinky Sandhu Chair of Trustees

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE MEMBERS OF CASTLEVIEW SCHOOL

OPINION

We have audited the financial statements of Castleview School for the year ended 31 August 2017 which comprise the Statement of financial activities incorporating income and expenditure account, the Balance sheet, the Statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law, United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', the Charities SORP 2015 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2016 to 2017 issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

This report is made solely to the academy's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the academy's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the academy and its members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the academy's affairs as at 31 August 2017 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, the Charities SORP 2015 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2016 to 2017 issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the academy in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the academy's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

OTHER INFORMATION

The Trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE MEMBERS OF CASTLEVIEW SCHOOL

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

OPINION ON OTHER MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees' Report including the Strategic Report for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.
- the Trustees' Report and the Strategic Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the academy and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' Report including the Strategic Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Trustees' remunerations specified by law not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF TRUSTEES

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' responsibilities, the Trustees (who are also the directors of the academy for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the academy's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the academy's or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE MEMBERS OF CASTLEVIEW SCHOOL

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. The description forms part of our Auditor's report.

What her Landen Beher Limited

Michael Durst (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of

Landau Baker Limited

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

Mountcliff House 154 Brent Street London NW4 2DR 5 December 2017

CASTLEVIEW SCHOOL

(A company limited by guarantee)

INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANTS' ASSURANCE REPORT ON REGULARITY TO CASTLEVIEW SCHOOL AND THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 2 May 2017 and further to the requirements of the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) as included in the Academies Accounts Direction 2016 to 2017, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by Castleview School during the year 1 September 2016 to 31 August 2017 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

This report is made solely to Castleview School and the ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to Castleview School and the ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Castleview School and the ESFA, for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF CASTLEVIEW SCHOOL'S ACCOUNTING OFFICER AND THE REPORTING ACCOUNTANT

The Accounting Officer is responsible, under the requirements of Castleview School's funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education dated 29 July 2012, and the Academies Financial Handbook extant from 1 September 2016, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received is applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Academies Accounts Direction 2016 to 2017. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the year 1 September 2016 to 31 August 2017 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

APPROACH

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Academies Accounts Direction 2016 to 2017 issued by the ESFA. We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in our engagement letter.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity.

A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity and propriety of the academy's income and expenditure.

The work undertaken to draw to our conclusion includes:

- Review and verification of evidence supporting the Accounting Officer's statement on regularity, propriety and compliance.
- Review of the Academy Trust's internal control procedures, specifically in respect to regularity, propriety and compliance.
- Focussed testing, driven by our audit of the financial statements, principally checking that:
 - o Grant income received has been expensed on prescribed expenditure; and
 - Expenditure has been appropriately authorised in accordance with the procedures outlined in the Academy Trust's financial procedures manual.
- Discussions and written representations from the Accounting Officer and other key management personnel (where applicable).

INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANTS' ASSURANCE REPORT ON REGULARITY TO CASTLEVIEW SCHOOL AND THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY (continued)

CONCLUSION

In the course of our work, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the year 1 September 2016 to 31 August 2017 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Reporting Accountant

Landau Baker Limited

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

Mountcliff House 154 Brent Street London NW4 2DR

5 December 2017

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCORPORATING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

	Note	Unrestricted funds 2017 £000	Restricted funds 2017 £000	Restricted fixed asset funds 2017 £000	Total funds 2017 £000	Total funds 2016 £000
INCOME FROM:		•				
Donations and capital grants Charitable activities Other trading activities	2 4 3	•	2,895 218	11 - -	11 2,895 218	17 2,691 229
TOTAL INCOME		•	3,113	11	3,124	2,937
EXPENDITURE ON:						
Ralsing funds Charitable activities	5	-	360 2,805	- 219	360 3,024	332 2,832
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	6	-	3,165	219	3,384	3,164
NET EXPENDITURE BEFORE OTHER RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit pension schemes	22	-	(52)	(208)	(260)	(227)
NET MOVEMENT IN FUNDS		•	37	(208)	(171)	(804)
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS			J.	(===)	(1)	1-2-7
Total funds brought forward	•	25	(517)	5,034	4,542	5,346
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		25	(480)	4,826	4,371	4,542

CASTLEVIEW SCHOOL

(A company limited by guarantee) REGISTERED NUMBER: 08146452

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 AUGUST 2017

	Note	£000	2017 £000	£000	2016 £000
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	15		4,826		5,034
CURRENT ASSETS	•				
Debtors	16	46		57	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,261		1,040	
	_	1,307	_	1,097	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within					
one year	17 _	(211)		(154)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,096		943
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILIT	TES	_	5,922	_	5,977
Defined benefit pension scheme liability	22		(1,551)	_	(1,435)
NET ASSETS INCLUDING PENSION SCHEME LIABILITIES		_	4,371	_	4,542
FUNDS OF THE ACADEMY					
Restricted income funds:					
Restricted income funds	18	1,071		918	
Restricted fixed asset funds	18	4,826	_	5,034	
Restricted income funds excluding pension	_	5.007		5.050	
liability		5,897		5,952	
Pension reserve		(1,551)	_	(1,435)	
Total restricted income funds			4,346		4,517
Unrestricted income funds	18		25		25
TOTAL FUNDS			4,371	_	4,542

The financial statements on pages 20 to 41 were approved by the Trustees, and authorised for issue, on 5 December 2017 and are signed on their behalf, by:

Pinky Sandhu Chair of Trustees

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

	Note	2017 £000	2016 £000
Cash flows from operating activities			•
Net cash provided by operating activities	20 -		127
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of tangible fixed assets Capital grants from DfE/ESFA		(13) 11	(109) 11
Net cash used in investing activities	•	(2)	(98)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year		221	29
Cash and cash equivalents brought forward		1,040	1,011
Cash and cash equivalents carried forward	21	1,261	1,040

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted (which have been applied consistently, except where noted), judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty, is set out below.

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements of the academy trust, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Academies Accounts Direction 2016 to 2017 issued by ESFA, the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

Castleview School constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

1.2 Fund accounting

Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the academy at the discretion of the Trustees.

Restricted fixed asset funds are resources which are to be applied to specific capital purposes imposed by the Department for Education where the asset acquired or created is held for a specific purpose.

Restricted general funds comprise all other restricted funds received with restrictions imposed by the funder and include grants from the Department for Education.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.3 Income

All income is recognised once the academy has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

Grants are included in the Statement of financial activities incorporating income and expenditure account on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the Balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of entitlement of receipt, its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

General Annual Grant is recognised in full in the Statement of financial activities incorporating income and expenditure account in the year for which it is receivable and any abatement in respect of the period is deducted from income and recognised as a liability.

Capital grants are recognised when there is entitlement and are not deferred over the life of the asset on which they are expended. Unspent amounts of capital grant are reflected in the balance in the restricted fixed asset fund.

Sponsorship income provided to the academy which amounts to a donation is recognised in the Statement of financial activities incorporating income and expenditure account in the period in which it is receivable, where receipt is probable and it is measurable.

Donations are recognised on a receivable basis where receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

Other income, including the hire of facilities, is recognised in the period in which it is receivable and to the extent the goods have been provided or on completion of the service.

1.4 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Expenditure on raising funds includes all expenditure incurred by the academy to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and non-charitable trading.

Expenditure on charitable activities are costs incurred on the academy's educational operations, including support costs and those costs relating to the governance of the academy appointed to charitable activities.

All expenditure is inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.5 Going concern

The Trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate, i.e. whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the academy to continue as a going concern. The Trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of at least one year from the date of authorisation for issue of the financial statements and have concluded that the academy trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and there are no material uncertainties about the academy trust's ability to continue as a going concern, thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

All assets costing more than £1,000 are capitalised and are carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with the aid of specific grants, either from the government or from the private sector, they are included in the Balance sheet at cost and depreciated over their expected useful economic life. Where there are specific conditions attached to the funding requiring the continued use of the asset, the related grants are credited to a restricted fixed asset fund in the Statement of financial activities incorporating income and expenditure account and carried forward in the Balance sheet. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged directly to the restricted fixed asset fund in the Statement of financial activities incorporating income and expenditure account. Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with unrestricted funds, depreciation on such assets is charged to the unrestricted fund.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost of these assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold buildings (except land) - 30 years
Buildings improvements - 30 years
Fixtures and fittings - 3 years
Computer equipment - 3 years

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of financial activities incorporating income and expenditure account.

1.7 Taxation

The academy is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the academy is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

1.8 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.9 Cash at Bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

1.10 Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities and provisions are recognised when there is an obligation at the Balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the academy anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

1.11 Financial instruments

The academy only holds basic financial instruments as defined in FRS 102. The financial assets and financial liabilities of the academy and their measurement basis are as follows:

Financial assets - trade and other debtors are basic financial instruments and are debt instruments measured at amortised cost as detailed in note 16. Prepayments are not financial instruments. Amounts due to the academy's wholly owned subsidiary are held at face value less any impairment. Cash at bank is classified as a basic financial instrument and is measured at face value.

Financial liabilities - trade creditors, accruals and other creditors are financial instruments, and are measured at amortised costs as detailed in note 17. Taxation and social security are not included in the financial instruments disclosure definition. Deferred income is not deemed to be a financial liability, as the cash settlement has already taken place and there is an obligation to deliver services rather than cash or another financial instruments. Amounts due to the academy's wholly owned subsidiary are held at face value less any impairment.

1.12 Pensions

Retirement benefits to employees of the academy trust are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme ("TPS") and the Local Governments Pension Scheme ("LGPS"). These are defined benefit schemes.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and contributions are calculated so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the academy in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary on the basis of quadrennial valuations using a prospective unit credit method. As stated in note 22, the TPS is a multi-employer scheme and there is insufficient information available to use defined benefit accounting. The TPS is therefore treated as a defined contribution scheme for accounting purposes and the contributions recognised in the period to which they relate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The LGPS is a funded scheme and the assets are held separately from those of the academy trust in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each Balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the Statement of financial activities incorporating income and expenditure account and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in other recognised gains and losses.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other recognised gains and losses.

1.13 Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgment

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions:

The academy trust makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 22, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 August 2017 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 August 2017. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

2. INCOME FROM DONATIONS AND CAPITAL GRANTS

	Unrestricted funds 2017 £000	Restricted funds 2017 £000	Restricted fixed asset funds 2017 £000	Total funds 2017 £000	Total funds 2016 £000
Donations Capital grants	:	-	11	11	6 11
	-	•	11	11	17
Total 2016	6	-	11	17	

3. OTHER TRADING ACTIVITIES

	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
	funds	funds	funds	funds
	2017	2017	2017	2016
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Trips and activities	•	172	172	174
Other income		46	46	55
	•	218	218	229
Total 2016	-	229	229	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

4.

5.

FUNDING FOR ACADEMY'S EDUCATION	ONAL OPERATIO	NS		
Castleview School	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
	funds 2017 £000	funds 2017 £000	funds 2017 £000	funds 2016 £000
DfE/ESFA grants				
General annual grant Other DfE/EFA Grants	•	2,170 151	2,170 151	2,171 154
	•	2,321	2,321	2,325
Other government grants		-		
Local authority grants Special educational projects	•	471 6	471 6	259 34
	•	477	477	293
Other funding	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Other income	-	97	97	73
	•	97	97	73
	•	2,895	2,895	2,691
Total 2016	-	2,691	2,691	
COSTS OF RAISING FUNDS			. ·	
	Unrestricted funds 2017 £000	Restricted funds 2017 £000	Total funds 2017 £000	Total funds 2016 £000
Trips and activities Catering costs Trips and activities/Catering staff costs	:	180 86 94	180 86 94	181 61 90
	-	360	360	332
Total 2016		332	332	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

				•		
6.	EXPENDITURE					
		Staff costs	Premises	Other costs	Total	Total
		2017	. 2017	2017	2017	2016
		£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
	Expenditure on raising	94		266	360	332
	voluntary income	54				
	Educational Activities:	1,605	_	385	1,990	2,059
	Direct costs	768	169	97	1,034	773
	Support costs					2.464
		2,467 	169 	748 	3,384 =	3,164
	Total 2016	2,227	243	694	3,164	
	-				•	
7.	ANALYSIS OF EXPENDIT	JRE BY ACTIVI	TIES			
••	,		Activities			
			undertaken	Support	T-4-1	Total
			directly	costs	Total 2017	2016
			2017	2017 £000	£000	£000
			£000		3,024	3,164
	Educational Activities		1,990	1,034 =	= =	3,704
	Total 2016		2,391	773	3,164	
					"	
8.	DIRECT COSTS				T-4-1	Total
				Educational Activities	Total 2017	<i>Total</i> 2016
				£000	£000	£000
				95	95	131
	Educational supplies			24	24	34
	Staff development			30	30	40
	Technology costs Edcuational consultancy			15	15	21
	Wages and salaries			1,283	1,283	1,289
	National insurance			117	117	100
	Pension cost			205	.205	201
	Depreciation			221	221	243
				1,990	1,990	2,059
				2,059	2,059	
	At 31 August 2016			2,009	2,009	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

9. SUPPORT COSTS

	Educational Activities £000	Total 2017 £000	Total 2016 £000
Pension finance costs	30	30	28
Recruitment & support	1	1	1
Maintenance of premises	71	71	30
Cleaning	50	50	<i>50</i>
Rent and rates	15	15	15
Insurance	16	16	16
Security and transport	1	1	6
Energy costs	24	24	24
Other support costs	34	34	28
Technology costs	13	13	15
Governance costs	11	11	14
Wages and salaries	483	483	387
National insurance	35	35	25
Pension cost	250	250	135
	1,034	1,034	774
At 31 August 2016	774		
At 31 August 2010			

10. NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)

This is stated after charging:

	2017	2010
	£000	£000
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:		
- owned by the charity	221	243
Auditors' remuneration - audit	5	7
Auditors' remuneration - other services	5	1
Operating lease rentals	12	12

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

11. STAFF COSTS

Staff costs were as follows:

	2017 £000	2016 £000
Wages and salaries Social security costs Operating costs of defined benefit pension schemes	1,850 154 463	1,758 126 343
	2,467	2,227
The average number of persons employed by the academy during th	e year was as follows:	
	2017 No.	2016 No.
Teachers Administration and support Management	35 61 4	36 57 6
	100	99

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

	2017 No.	2016 No.
n the band £70,001 - £80,000	1	1

The above employee participated in the Teachers' Pension Scheme. During the year ended 31 August 2017, the pension contributions amounted to £13,569 (2016: £12,835).

The key management personnel of the academy comprise the trustees and the senior management team as listed on page 1. The total amount of employee benefits (including employer pension contributions) received by key management personnel for their services to the academy was £266,034 (2016: £283,906).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS-TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND EXPENSES

One or more Trustees has been paid remuneration or has received other benefits from an employment with the academy trust. The Principal and other staff Trustees only receive remuneration in respect of services they provide undertaking the roles of principal and other staff members under their contracts of employment, and not in respect of their role as Trustees, The value of Trustees' remuneration and other benefits was as follows:

		2017 £000	2016 £000
Clare Beynon, Head Teacher and Accounting Officer	Remuneration Pension contributions paid	75-80 10-15	75-80 10-15
Carolynne Nolder, Staff Trustee	Remuneration Pension contributions paid	35-40 5-10	35-40 5-10
Dawn Kirby, Staff Trustee	Remuneration Pension contributions paid	10-15 0-5	5-10 0-5

During the year ended 31 August 2017, no Trustees received any reimbursement of expenses (2016 - £NIL).

13. TRUSTEES' AND OFFICERS' INSURANCE

In accordance with normal commercial practice the academy has purchased insurance to protect trustees and officers from claims arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions occurring whilst on academy business. The insurance provides cover up to £2,000,000 on any one claim and the cost for the year ended 31 August 2017 was £945 (2016 - £910).

14. PENSION FINANCE CHARGES

	£000	£000
Interest income on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities	22 (52)	29 (57)
	(30)	(28)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

15. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

16.

17.

•	TANGIBLE TIMED AGGETG					
		Land & Freehold property £000		Fixtures and fittings £000	Computer equipment £000	Total £000
	Cost			·		
	At 1 September 2016 Additions	4,857 -	605 8	199 5	89	5,750 13
	At 31 August 2017	4,857	613	204	89	5,763
	Depreciation					
	At 1 September 2016 Charge for the year	488 131	40 20	112 62	76 8	716 221
	At 31 August 2017	619	60	174	84	937
	Net book value					
	At 31 August 2017	4,238	553	30	5	4,826
	At 31 August 2016 =	4,369	565	87	13	5,034
•	DEBTORS					
					2017 £000	2016 £000
	Trade debtors				3	7
	Other debtors Prepayments and accrued inc	ome			7 36	12 38
					46	57
	CREDITORS: Amounts fallin	a duo with h	ano vost			
•	CREDITORS: Amounts family	ig due within	i one year		0047	0040
					2017 £000	2016 £000
	Trade creditors				27	9
	Other taxation and social secu	ırity			37 7	37
	Other creditors Accruals and deferred income		,		140	7 101
					211	154
	· ·					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

17. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year (continued)

	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Deferred income		
Deferred income at 1 September 2016	53	<i>6</i> 5
Resources deferred during the year	73	53
Amounts released from previous years	(53)	(65)
Deferred income at 31 August 2017	73	53
		:

At the balance sheet date the academy was holding funds received in advance for Free School Meal income and for School Trips and Clubs.

18. STATEMENT OF FUNDS

	Balance at 1 September 2016 £000	Income £000	Expenditure £000	Gains/ (Losses)/ Transfers £000	Balance at 31 August 2017 £000
Unrestricted funds	•				
General Funds - all funds		-	<u>.</u>		<u>25</u>
Restricted funds					
Restricted Funds - all funds	918	3,113	(2,960)	•	1,071
Pension reserve	(1,435)	-	(205)	89	(1,551)
	(517)	3,113	(3,165)	89	(480)
Restricted fixed asset funds					
Restricted Fixed Asset Funds - all funds	5,034	11	(219)	-	4,826
Total restricted funds	4,517	3,124	(3,384)	89	4,346
Total of funds	4,542	3,124	(3,384)	89	4,371
STATEMENT OF FUNDS - PRIOR YEAR	.				
	Balance at 1			Gains/	Balance at
	September 2015	Income	Expenditure	(Losses)/ Transfers	31 August 2016
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Unrestricted funds					
General Funds - all funds	72	79	(126)	-	25
•	72	79	(126)		25

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

18. STATEMENT OF FUNDS (continued)

Restricted funds					
Restricted Funds - all funds Pension reserve	859 (753)	2,847 -	(2,690) (105)	(98) (577)	918 (1,435)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	106	2,847	(2,795)	(675)	(517)
Restricted fixed asset funds					
Restricted Fixed Asset Funds - all funds	5,168	11	(243)	98	5,034
-	5,168	11	(243)	98	5,034
Total restricted funds	5,274	2,858	(3,038)	(577)	4,517
Total of funds	5,346	2,937	(3,164)	(577)	4,542

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

Restricted funds are resources for educational purposes.

Restricted fixed assets fund are resources for particular capital expenditure purposes.

Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the academy at the discretion of the Trustees.

Under the funding agreement with the Secretary of State, the academy was not subject to a limit on the amount of GAG that it could carry forward at 31 August 2017.

19. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS

	Unrestricted funds 2017 £000	Restricted funds 2017 £000	Restricted fixed asset funds 2017 £000	Total funds 2017 £000
Tangible fixed assets	•	-	4,826	4,826
Current assets	25	1,282	-	1,307
Creditors due within one year	-	(211)	-	(211)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	-	(1,551)	-	(1,551)
	25	(480)	4,826	4,371

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

19. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS (continued)

ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS - PRIOR YEAR

	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Restricted fixed asset funds	Total funds
	2016	2016	2016	2016
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Tangible fixed assets	-	-	5,034	5,034
Current assets	25	1,072	-	1,097
Creditors due within one year	•	(154)	-	(154)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	-	(1,435)	-	(1,435)
	25	(517)	5,034	4,542

20. RECONCILIATION OF NET MOVEMENT IN FUNDS TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

		2017 £000	2016 £000
	Net expenditure for the year (as per Statement of Financial Activities)	(260)	(227)
	Adjustment for:		
	Depreciation charges	221	243
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors	11	(2)
	Increase in creditors	57	19
	Capital grants from DfE and other capital income	(11)	(11)
	Defined benefit pension scheme cost less contributions payable	175	77
	Defined benefit pension scheme finance cost	30	28
	Net cash provided by operating activities	223	127
21.	ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
		2017	2016
		£000	£000
	Cash in hand	1,261	1,040
	Total	1,261	1,040
			

22. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The academy's employees belong to two principal pension schemes: the Teacher's Pension Scheme for England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by The Royal Borough of Windsor and Maidenhead. Both are Multi-employer defined benefit pension schemes.

The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS related to the period ended 31 March 2012 and of the LGPS 31 August 2017.

CASTLEVIEW SCHOOL

(A company limited by guarantee)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

22. PENSION COMMITMENTS (continued)

There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at either the beginning or the end of the financial year.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

Introduction

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pensions Regulations (2010) and, from 1 April 2014, by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. Membership is automatic for full-time teachers in academies and, from 1 January 2007, automatic for teachers in part-time employment following appointment or a change of contract, although they are able to opt out.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and members contribute on a 'pay as you go' basis – these contributions along with those made by employers are credited to the Exchequer. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Government Actuary, using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 published by HM Treasury. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS was carried out as at 31 March 2012 and in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education on 9 June 2014. The key elements of the valuation and subsequent consultation are:

- employer contribution rates set at 16.48% of pensionable pay, including a 0.08% employer administration charge (currently 14.1%)
- total scheme liabilities (pensions currently in payment and the estimated cost of future benefits) for service to the effective date of £191,500 million, and notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £176,600 million giving a notional past service deficit of £14,900 million
- an employer cost cap of 10.9% of pensionable pay will be applied to future valuations
- the assumed real rate of return is 3.0% in excess of prices and 2% in excess of earnings. The rate of real earnings growth is assumed to be 2.75%. The assumed nominal rate of return is 5.06%.

During the previous year the employer contribution rate was 14.1%. The TPS valuation for 2012 determined an employer rate of 16.4%, which was payable from September 2015. The next valuation of the TPS is currently underway based on April 2016 data, whereupon the employer contribution rate is expected to be reassessed and will be payable from 1 April 2019.

The employer's pension costs paid to TPS in the period amounted to £154,194 (2016 - £149,853).

A copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation is on the Teachers' Pensions website (www.teacherspensions.co.uk/news/employers/2014/06/publication-of-the-valuation-report.aspx).

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102, the TPS is a multi-employer pension scheme. The trust has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The trust has set out above the information available on the scheme.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a funded defined benefit scheme, with assets held in separate trustee-administered funds. The total contribution made for the year ended 31 August 2017 was £179,000 (2016 - £161,000), of which employer's contributions totalled £133,000 (2016 - £119,000) and employees' contributions totalled

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

22. PENSION COMMITMENTS (continued)

£46,000 (2016 - £42,000). The agreed contribution rates for future years are 16.6% for employers and 5.5% to 12.5% for employees.

Parliament has agreed, at the request of the Secretary of State for Education, to a guarantee that, in the event of academy closure, outstanding Local Government Pension Scheme liabilities would be met by the Department for Education. The guarantee came into force on 18 July 2013. Royal County of Berkshire Pension Fund

Principal actuarial assumptions:

	2017	2016
Discount rate for scheme liabilities	2.60 %	2.20 %
Rate of increase in salaries	4.20 %	4.10 %
Rate of increase for pensions in payment / inflation	2.70 %	2.30 %
Inflation assumption (CPI)	2.70 %	2.30 %

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:

	2017	2016
Retiring today Males Females	23.0 25.1	22.9 26.2
Retiring in 20 years Males Females	25.2 27.4	25.2 28.5

The academy's share of the assets in the scheme was:

	Fair value at 31 August 2017 £000	Fair value at 31 August 2016 £000
Equity instruments Debt instruments Property Cash, Other	562 178 155 130 105	440 139 117 38 172
Total market value of assets	1,130	906

The actual return on scheme assets was £77,000 (2016 - £91,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

22. PENSION COMMITMENTS (continued)

The amounts recognised in the Statement of financial activities incorporating income and expenditure account are as follows:

	2017 £000	2016 £000
	(307)	(195)
Current service cost	22	29
Interest income Interest cost	(52)	(57)
Admin expenses	(1)	(1)
- Admin expenses		
Total	(338)	(224)
Actual return on scheme assets	77	91
Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation were a	as follows:	
	2017	2016
	£000	£000
On an in a defined benefit obligation	2,341	1,409
Opening defined benefit obligation Current service cost	307	195
Interest cost	52	<i>57</i>
Employee contributions	46	42
Actuarial (gains)/losses	(93)	639
Benefits paid	28	(1)
Closing defined benefit obligation	2,681	2,341
Movements in the fair value of the academy's share of scheme assets:		
	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Opening fair value of scheme assets	906	656
Interest income	22	29
Actuarial gains/(losses	(4)	62
Employer contributions	133	119
Employee contributions	46	42
Benefits paid	28	(1)
Administration expenses	(1)	(1)
Closing fair value of scheme assets	1,130	906
·		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

23. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 August 2017 the total of the Academy trust's future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases was:

•	2017 £000	2016 £000
Amounts payable:		
Within 1 year	12	12
Between 1 and 5 years		12
Total	12	24

24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Owing to the nature of the academy's operations and the composition of the board of trustees being drawn from local public and private sector organisations, transactions may take place with organisations in which the trust has an interest. All transactions involving such organisations are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the academy's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

No related party transactions took place in the period of account, other than certain trustees' remuneration and expenses already disclosed in note 12.

25. MEMBERS' LIABILITY

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up while he/she is a member, or within one year after he/she ceases to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding \pounds 10 for the debts and liabilities contracted before he/she ceases to be a member.