

**FUTURE CONCRETE CUTTING SERVICES LTD
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019**

Future Concrete Cutting Services Ltd
Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 September 2019

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Future Concrete Cutting Services Ltd
Balance Sheet
As at 30 September 2019

Registered number: 08131989

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		130,896		99,330
			130,896		99,330
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	4	262,356		208,510	
Cash at bank and in hand		23,260		24,097	
		285,616		232,607	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	5	(227,798)		(99,576)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			57,818		133,031
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			188,714		232,361
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	6		(21,187)		(32,062)
NET ASSETS			167,527		200,299
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	8		1		1
Profit and Loss Account			167,526		200,298
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			167,527		200,299

Future Concrete Cutting Services Ltd
Balance Sheet (continued)
As at 30 September 2019

For the year ending 30 September 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Kestutis Klimavicius

10th December 2019

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Future Concrete Cutting Services Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 September 2019

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	20% Reducing Balance Basis
Motor Vehicles	25% Reducing Balance Basis
Fixtures & Fittings	25% Reducing Balance Basis

1.4. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

Future Concrete Cutting Services Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 September 2019

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	2019	2018
Office and administration	4	3
	4	3

Future Concrete Cutting Services Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 September 2019

3. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 October 2018	4,953	86,798	110,025	201,776
Additions	-	44,086	31,000	75,086
As at 30 September 2019	4,953	130,884	141,025	276,862
Depreciation				
As at 1 October 2018	3,278	49,240	49,928	102,446
Provided during the period	335	20,411	22,774	43,520
As at 30 September 2019	3,613	69,651	72,702	145,966
Net Book Value				
As at 30 September 2019	1,340	61,233	68,323	130,896
As at 1 October 2018	1,675	37,558	60,097	99,330

4. Debtors

	2019	2018
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	212,779	150,232
Other taxes and social security	49,577	58,278
	262,356	208,510

5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	1,436	3,061
Trade creditors	87,608	16,364
Bank loans and overdrafts	34,249	27,816
Corporation tax	8,401	11,729
VAT	69,444	39,164
Other creditors	24,500	-
Accruals and deferred income	1,400	1,400
Director's loan account	760	42
	227,798	99,576

Future Concrete Cutting Services Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 September 2019

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	-	1,436
Other creditors	21,187	30,626
	<u>21,187</u>	<u>30,626</u>
	<u>21,187</u>	<u>32,062</u>

7. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase

	2019	2018
	£	£
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:		
Amounts Payable:		
Within one year	1,436	3,061
Between one and five years	-	1,436
	<u>1,436</u>	<u>4,497</u>
	<u>1,436</u>	<u>4,497</u>

8. Share Capital

	2019	2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

9. General Information

Future Concrete Cutting Services Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 08131989. The registered office is 65 Ruskin Road, Grays, Essex, RM16 4HB.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.