
GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

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GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

D P K Bogg
M K O'Donnell
A C W Sheffield

Registered number

08128860

Registered office

GSM London Study Centre
56 Tabard Street
London
SE1 4LG

Independent auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
30 Finsbury Square
London
EC2A 1AG

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

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GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2017.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

D P K Bogg
M K O'Donnell
A C W Sheffield

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

Going concern

Sovereign Capital Limited Partnership III has provided further equity to fully fund the Group's headed by Clipper Group Limited, which includes Greenford Facilities Limited turnaround plans. The transaction was completed on 8 November 2018 and includes creditors waiving in excess of £26m of long-term loans and a significant cash injection to the group. The Department for Education (DfE) has confirmed its approval of the changes and has designated GSM London Limited for 2018/19 academic year on 6 November 2018, based on the ongoing structure and the Turnaround Plan presented to the DfE. The DfE has identified that it will monitor the delivery of the Group's turnaround as an ongoing condition of the designation. Application to register with the Office for Students in relation to future academic years will be submitted immediately after the filing of these financial statements.

Management consider that the revised capital structure is sufficient to provide adequate funding and liquidity to support the successful implementation of the Group's turnaround plan.

It is on this basis that the Directors believe the business is a going concern.

However, the turnaround plans and associated financial forecasts are not without risk and include a number of inherent assumptions and uncertainties. If the assumptions used overall were to prove too optimistic or events crystallise in a materially negative manner for the Group then the Group may need to secure further funding to enable it to continue to operate as a going concern. If further funding was not arranged then there would be a significant doubt over the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

Auditor

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Grant Thornton UK LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditor 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 9/11/18 and signed on its behalf.



M K O'Donnell
Director

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Greenford Facilities Limited for the year ended 30 September 2017, which comprise the Statement of income and retained earnings, the Balance sheet and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 September 2017 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Who we are reporting to

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to note 2.2 in the financial statements, which indicates that at the date of this report, the directors have secured further equity investment from Sovereign Capital Limited Partnership III to fully fund the group headed by Clipper Group Limited, which includes Greenford Facilities Limited and its turnaround plans. The DfE has confirmed its final approval of the redesignation for the 2018/19 academic year and has identified that it will closely monitor the delivery of the group's turnaround plan as an ongoing condition of designation. Application to register with the Office for Students in relation to future academic years will be submitted immediately after the filing of these financial statements. It is on this basis that the directors believe the business is a going concern.

However, as stated in note 2.2 the turnaround plans and associated financial forecasts are not without risk and include a number of inherent assumptions and uncertainties. If the assumptions used overall were to prove too optimistic or events crystallise in a materially negative manner for the group then the group may need to secure further funding to enable it to operate as a going concern.

As stated in note 2.2, these events or conditions, along with matters set forth in note 2.2 indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the parent Company's ability to continue as a

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED
(CONTINUED)**

going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matter on which we are required to report by the Companies Act 2006

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED
(CONTINUED)**

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's report.



Perry Burton (Senior statutory auditor)
for and on behalf of

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants

Statutory Auditor

London Finsbury

Date:

9/11/18

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

**STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover		3,298,821	3,874,596
Administrative expenses		(2,676,904)	(3,438,455)
Provision against intercompany debtors		(2,330,384)	-
Operating (loss)/profit		(1,708,467)	436,141
Interest receivable and similar income	4	153,821	-
Interest payable and expenses	5	(589,015)	(291,805)
(Loss)/profit before tax		(2,143,661)	144,336
Tax on (loss)/profit		(37,273)	76,156
(Loss)/profit after tax		(2,180,934)	220,492
Retained earnings at the beginning of the year		(1,880,287)	(2,100,779)
(Loss)/profit for the year		(2,180,934)	220,492
Retained earnings at the end of the year		(4,061,221)	(1,880,287)

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2017 or 2016 other than those included in the statement of income and retained earnings.

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

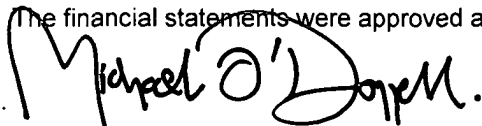
GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 08128860

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	6	1,597,491	1,890,185
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	1,418,226	7,872,300
Cash at bank and in hand	8	13,337	3,317
		<u>1,431,563</u>	<u>7,875,617</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(6,817,827)	(11,410,914)
Net current liabilities		<u>(5,386,264)</u>	<u>(3,535,297)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>(3,788,773)</u>	<u>(1,645,112)</u>
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred tax	10	(272,447)	(235,174)
Net liabilities		<u>(4,061,220)</u>	<u>(1,880,286)</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		(4,061,221)	(1,880,287)
		<u>(4,061,220)</u>	<u>(1,880,286)</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:



M K O'Donnell

Director

Date: 9/11/18

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company, limited by shares and is registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number is 08128860. The company's registered address is GSM London Study Centre, 56 Tabard Street, London, SE1 4LG

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

Sovereign Capital Limited Partnership III has provided further equity to fully fund the Group's headed by Clipper Group Limited, which includes Greenford Facilities Limited turnaround plans. The transaction was completed on 8 November 2018 and includes creditors waiving in excess of £26m of long-term loans and a significant cash injection to the group. The Department for Education (DfE) has confirmed its approval of the changes and has designated GSM London Limited for 2018/19 academic year on 6 November 2018, based on the ongoing structure and the Turnaround Plan presented to the DfE. The DfE has identified that it will monitor the delivery of the Group's turnaround as an ongoing condition of the designation. Application to register with the Office for Students in relation to future academic years will be submitted immediately after the filing of these financial statements.

Management consider that the revised capital structure is sufficient to provide adequate funding and liquidity to support the successful implementation of the Group's turnaround plan.

It is on this basis that the Directors believe the business is a going concern.

However, the turnaround plans and associated financial forecasts are not without risk and include a number of inherent assumptions and uncertainties. If the assumptions used overall were to prove too optimistic or events crystallise in a materially negative manner for the Group then the Group may need to secure further funding to enable it to continue to operate as a going concern. If further funding was not arranged then there would be a significant doubt over the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 4 Statement of Financial Position paragraph 4.12(a)(iv);
- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d).

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Clipper Group Limited as at 30 September 2017 and these financial statements may be obtained from Companies House.

2.4 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.5 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of income and retained earnings on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

2.6 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of income and retained earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.8 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.9 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Short-term leasehold property	- 10 years
Fixtures and fittings	- 4 years
Computer equipment	- 3 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

2.10 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.12 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.13 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of income and retained earnings in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**

2. Accounting policies (continued)**2.14 Financial instruments**

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in the case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2016 - £NIL).

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 0 (2016 - 0).

4. Interest receivable

	2017 £	2016 £
Interest receivable from group companies	153,821	-

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**

5. Interest payable and similar charges

	2017 £	2016 £
Interest payable to group companies	<u>589,015</u>	<u>291,805</u>

6. Tangible fixed assets

	Short-term leasehold property £	Fixtures and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 October 2016	3,126,196	45,660	-	3,171,856
Additions	-	46,865	1,713	48,578
At 30 September 2017	<u>3,126,196</u>	<u>92,525</u>	<u>1,713</u>	<u>3,220,434</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 October 2016	1,273,292	8,379	-	1,281,671
Charge for the year on owned assets	322,234	18,657	381	341,272
At 30 September 2017	<u>1,595,526</u>	<u>27,036</u>	<u>381</u>	<u>1,622,943</u>
Net book value				
At 30 September 2017	<u>1,530,670</u>	<u>65,489</u>	<u>1,332</u>	<u>1,597,491</u>
At 30 September 2016	<u>1,852,904</u>	<u>37,281</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,890,185</u>

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**

7. Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	3,874,596
Other debtors	675,000	-
Prepayments and accrued income	743,226	3,997,704
	<u>1,418,226</u>	<u>7,872,300</u>

8. Cash and cash equivalents

	2017 £	2016 £
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>13,337</u>	<u>3,317</u>

9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade creditors	1,960,381	341,284
Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,666,268	8,042,730
Corporation tax	16,382	16,382
Other taxation and social security	-	392
Accruals and deferred income	174,796	3,010,126
	<u>6,817,827</u>	<u>11,410,914</u>

10. Deferred taxation

	2017 £	2016 £
At beginning of year	(235,174)	(327,711)
Charged to profit or loss	(37,273)	-
Utilised in year	-	92,537
At end of year	<u>(272,447)</u>	<u>(235,174)</u>

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**

10. Deferred taxation (continued)

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Accelerated capital allowances	(199,090)	(235,174)
Short term timing differences	(73,357)	-
	<u>(272,447)</u>	<u>(235,174)</u>

11. Contingent liabilities

A fixed and floating charge exists over the company's assets in connection with the borrowings of the Group headed by the ultimate parent company, Clipper Group Limited.

12. Capital commitments

At 30 September 2017 and 30 September 2016, the company had no capital commitments.

13. Commitments under operating leases

At 30 September 2017 the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Land and buildings		
Not later than 1 year	1,680,000	1,260,000
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	6,337,973	5,040,000
Later than 5 years	-	977,000
	<u>8,017,973</u>	<u>7,277,000</u>

14. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 paragraph 33.1A and has not disclosed transactions with group undertakings which are members of the Clipper Group Limited group and are wholly owned by a group member.

GREENFORD FACILITIES LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**

15. Controlling party

At 30 September 2017 and 30 September 2016, the immediate parent company is GSM London Services Limited and the ultimate parent company is Clipper Group Limited (company number 09094164). Sovereign Capital Limited Partnership III is considered to be the ultimate controlling party by virtue of its controlling shareholding.

16. Post balance sheet events

On the 25th September 2018 Sovereign Capital subscribed to an additional £1.7m of fully paid shares and on the 8 November 2018 a further £12.8m fully paid shares in Clipper Group Ltd which has been used to increase the issued capital of the respective holding Companies and ultimately increase GSM London Limited fully paid share capital by £14.5m.