Company Registration No. 08096200 (England and Wales)	
LORD ACCOUNTING & FINANCE LIMITED  UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018  PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors Mr R D Marshall

Mr J J Lord

Mrs E Grice

(Appointed 16 March 2018)

Company number 08096200

Registered office Crown House

The Square Alvechurch Birmingham B48 7LA

Accountants Ormerod Rutter Limited

The Oakley

Kidderminster Road

Droitwich Worcestershire WR9 9AY

Bankers Royal Bank of Scotland

57 Calthorpe Road

Edgbaston Birmingham B15 1TT

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# ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF LORD ACCOUNTING & FINANCE LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Lord Accounting & Finance Limited for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise, the Balance Sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <a href="http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance">http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance</a>.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Lord Accounting & Finance Limited, as a body, in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Lord Accounting & Finance Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Lord Accounting & Finance Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Lord Accounting & Finance Limited and its Board of Directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Lord Accounting & Finance Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Lord Accounting & Finance Limited. You consider that Lord Accounting & Finance Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Lord Accounting & Finance Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

**Ormerod Rutter Limited** 

29 August 2018

**Chartered Accountants** 

The Oakley Kidderminster Road Droitwich Worcestershire WR9 9AY

# BALANCE SHEET

# **AS AT 31 MARCH 2018**

		2018		3 2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Goodwill	3		259,220		299,100
Tangible assets	4		846		-
			260,066		299,100
Current assets					
Debtors	5	197,652		139,325	
Cash at bank and in hand		42,405		44,975	
		240,057		184,300	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	6				
year		(237,948)		(247,770)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			2,109		(63,470)
Total assets less current liabilities			262,175		235,630
Provisions for liabilities			(161)		
Net assets			262,014		235,630
ner assers			====		====
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		100		100
Capital redemption reserve	-		3		3
Profit and loss reserves			261,911		235,527
Total equity			262,014		235,630
rotal squity			=====		====
			<del></del>		

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

**AS AT 31 MARCH 2018** 

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 August 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

 $\mathsf{Mr}\,\mathsf{J}\,\mathsf{J}\,\mathsf{Lord}$ 

Director

Company Registration No. 08096200

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Lord Accounting & Finance Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Crown House, The Square, Alvechurch, Birmingham, B48 7LA.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

#### 1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 10 years.

# 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Computer equipment

33% on straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

## 1.6 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

#### 1.7 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

## 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 6 (2017 - 6).

#### 3 Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill
£
398,800
99,700
39,880
139,580
259,220
299,100

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

4	Tangible fixed assets	Comp	uter equipment
	Cost		£
	At 1 April 2017		-
	Additions		1,269
	At 31 March 2018		1,269
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 April 2017		-
	Depreciation charged in the year		423 ———
	At 31 March 2018		423
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 March 2018		846
	At 31 March 2017		_
5	Debtors		
		2018	2017
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	184,047	130,319
	Amounts due from group undertakings	-	3,441
	Other debtors	13,605	5,565
		197,652	139,325
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Trade creditors	4,327	4,775
	Amounts due to group undertakings	11,479	-
	Corporation tax	37,930	34,082
	Other taxation and social security	34,888	10,507
	Other creditors	149,324	198,406
		237,948	247,770

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

7	Provisions for liabilities		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Deferred tax liabilities	161	-
		161	-
		_	_
8	Called up share capital		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	60 Ordinary A of £1 each	60	60
	35 Ordinary B of £1 each	35	35
	5 Ordinary C of £1 each	5	5
		100	100
			_

## 9 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

## 10 Control

## Ultimate parent company

J J Lord Holdings Limited is regarded by the directors as being the company's ultimate parent company.

# Ultimate controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is Mr J J Lord by virtue of his shareholding in the ultimate parent company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.