## Mike Cruickshank Publishing Ltd

Company No. 08087258

Information for Filing with The Registrar

30 June 2019

THURSDAY

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12/03/2020 COMPANIES HOUSE #63

## Mike Cruickshank Publishing Ltd **BALANCE SHEET REGISTRAR**

at 30 June 2019

Company No. 08087258	Notes	2019	2018
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	3	-	-
Tangible assets	4	3,333	2,896
		3,333	2,896
Current assets			
Debtors	5	2,622,966	2,277,996
Investments	6	20,437	23,523
Cash at bank and in hand	_	3,621,741	3,288,053
		6,265,144	5,589,572
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	7	(80,532)	(25,243)
Net current assets		6,184,612	5,564,329
Total assets less current liabilities		6,187,945	5,567,225
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred taxation	8	(633)	(550)
Net assets		6,187,312	5,566,675
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		200	200
Profit and loss account	9	6,187,112	5,566,475
Total equity	-	6,187,312	5,566,675

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 30 June 2019 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on

And signed on its behalf by:

MMM 13/2120

M.J. Cruickshank

Director

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## Mike Cruickshank Publishing Ltd NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS REGISTRAR

### for the year ended 30 June 2019

### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard) and the Companies Act 2006. There were no material departures from that standard.

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with the accounting policies set out below.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

## Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

## Mike Cruickshank Publishing Ltd NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS REGISTRAR

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Furniture, fittings and equipment 20% Reducing balance

Furniture, fittings and equipment also depreciated at 33% reducing balance

### Investments

Unlisted investments are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, any changes in fair value are recognised in profit and loss.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

## Mike Cruickshank Publishing Ltd NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS REGISTRAR

#### Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Pensions**

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations. The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties. When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the balance sheet.

## 2 Employees

	2019	2018
	Number	Number
The average number of persons employed during the year :	1	1

## 3 Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill	Total
	£	£
Cost		
At 1 July 2018	100,000	100,000
At 30 June 2019	100,000	100,000
Amortisation and impairment		
At 1 July 2018	100,000	100,000
At 30 June 2019	100,000	100,000
Net book values		
At 30 June 2019		-
At 30 June 2018		-

## 4 Tangible fixed assets

			Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
			£	£
	Cost or revaluation			
	At 1 July 2018		7,773	7,773
•	Additions		1,642	1,642
	At 30 June 2019		9,415	9,415
	Depreciation			
	At 1 July 2018		4,877	4,877
	Charge for the year		1,205	1,205
	At 30 June 2019	•	6,082	6,082
	Net book values			
	At 30 June 2019		3,333	3,333
	At 30 June 2018		2,896	2,896
5	Debtors			
		2019		2018
		£		£
	Trade debtors	30,700		56,000
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,200,000	•	2,200,000
	Corporation tax recoverable	84,855		5,039
	VAT recoverable	1,323		1,662
	Other debtors	306,088		15,295
		2,622,966		2,277,996
6	Current asset investments			
		2019		2018
		£		£
	Unlisted investments	20,437		23,523
		20,437		23,523

Investments in subsidiary, associates and jointly controlled entities are included at fair value. The share of profit or loss from the Victoria Close LLP for its accounting period ending within the accounting period of the company is included in the accounts of that period of the company as a value adjustment.

## 7 Creditors:

amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Corporation tax	80,532	25,244
Accruals and deferred income	-	(1)
	80,532	25,243

# Mike Cruickshank Publishing Ltd NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS REGISTRAR

## 8 Provisions for liabilities

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Deferred taxation

	Accelerated	
	Capital	
	Allowances,	
	Losses and	
	Other	
	Timing	
	Differences	Total
	£	£
At 1 July 2018	550	550
Charge to the profit and loss account for the period	83	83
At 30 June 2019	633	633
	2019	2018
	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	633	550
	633	550
Reserves		
Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior perio	od retained profits and loss	es.
Dividends		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Dividends for the period:		
Dividends paid in the period	44,994	32,000
·	44,994	32,000
		1 222
Dividends by type:		
Non-equity preference dividends	-	-
Equity dividends	44,994	32,000
	44,994	32,000

## Mike Cruickshank Publishing Ltd NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS REGISTRAR

## 11 Related party disclosures

2018 2019 £ Transactions with related parties £

Name of related party

M.J. Cruickshank

Description of relationship

Director

between the parties

Description of transaction and

**Directors Loan Account** 

general amounts involved

Amount due from/(to) the related party

306,088

15,295

Provision for doubtful debts due from the related party

Amounts written off in the period in respect of debts from/(to) the related

party

## **Controlling party**

Immediate controlling party

No single party controls the company.

#### 12 Additional information

Mike Cruickshank Publishing Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales.

Its registered number is:

08087258

Its registered office is:

4 Alwin Park

Derriford

Devon

PL6 5HU