Financial Statements Canal & River Trading CIC

For the year ended 31 March 2019



Registered number: 08069602

Company Information

Directors

SC Mills

QP Pickford

S Pullinger (resigned 12 Feb 2019)

S Kelly

T Deards (appt 1 Feb 2019)

Company secretary

Y Salami

Registered number

08069602

Registered office

First Floor North Station House 500 Elder Gate Milton Keynes Buckinghamshire

MK9 1BB

Independent auditor

BDO UK LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

55 Baker Street

London W1U 7EU

Bankers

NatWest Bank PLC-PO Box 12258 1 Princes Street London

EC2R 8BP

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Directors' Report

For the year ended 31 March 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Directors' Responsibilities Statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable laws, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland").

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the C will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Principal activities

Canal & River Trading CIC (Community Interest Company) was incorporated on 15 May 2012 and is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Canal & River Trust. The Company's objects are to provide benefit to the general public in the UK, in particular (but not without limitation) those who visit or use inland waterways for navigation, leisure or recreation. The principal activity of the Company is to invest in long term property developments as well as carrying out other trading activities to create profit surpluses which can then be donated to the Canal & River Trust (registered company number 07807276), a charity registered by the Charity Commission in England & Wales.

Business review

Turnover decreased by £0.7m primarily due to reduced receipts from People's Post Code lottery (PPL) with two draws this year compared to three the previous year. Income from these is gifted to Canal & River Trust to deliver its charitable activities.

Joint Venture development continued during the year with H20 Urban (No.2) LLP completing the Bow Wharf scheme and starting development on a site at Rickmansworth, paying a dividend of £0.7m to the Company. In Waterside Places Limited Partnership, sales from the second phase of development at Brentford Lock in west London performed well but distributions were deferred to help finance future development costs, notably schemes under construction at Islington Wharf Manchester and Hale Wharf in Tottenham, London.

Directors' Report (continued)

The Company partner loans to our Joint Ventures increased by £1m during the year. This was principally increased financial support to Waterside Places LP

The Company paid a gift of £1.9m in the year to the Canal and River Trust funded from available distributable reserves. It is expected a further gift in respects of 2018/19 profits will follow early in 2019/20 financial year once the Company's corporation tax position has been finalised. The gifting of available profits to the Canal and River Trust reflects the commitment of the Company to the delivery of the objective of providing public benefit to visitors and users of the inland waterways.

On 2 July 2012 the Company received a £37,131,045 contribution of net assets from its parent, Canal & River Trust, via a statutory transfer (The British Waterways Board (Transfer of Functions) Order 2012).

The balance of this contribution is reduced as investment property is sold and profits are distributed to the Canal & River Trust in accordance with the policy described in the notes to the accounts (section 1.9 page 12) and adjusted for changes in net assets.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

S Kelly SC Mills QP Pickford S Pullinger (resigned 12 Feb 2019) T Deards (appt 1 Feb 2019)

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime under the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 18th July 2019

Q P Pickford

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Director, on behalf of the board

18th July 2019

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Canal & River Trading CIC

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Canal & River Trading CIC (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
 that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
 basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
 statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Financial Statements, set out on pages 2 to 17, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RDO LLO

Kyla Bellingall (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor Birmingham United Kingdom

Date: 19 July 2019

Statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 March 2019

		2018/19	2017/18
	Note	£	£
Turnover	2	2,348,056	3,078,236
Cost of Sales		(151,037)	(311,193)
Gross profit	-	2,197,019	2,767,043
Administrative expenses		(127,461)	(158,464)
Operating profit	3	2,069,558	2,608,579
Net profit on sale of investment property		1,747,970	253,694
Dividend received		678,000	1,700,000
Interest received		412	127
Interest paid		(73,159)	(35,576)
Surplus on revaluation of amounts owed by joint venture undertakings		1,749,287	-
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of		, ,	
investment properties		427,628	194,574
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	_	6,599,696	4,721,398
Tax charge on ordinary activities	4	-	(93,594)
Profit after taxation	_	6,599,696	4,627,804
	=		

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet

Δe	at	31	March	2019
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As at 31 March 2019		31 March 2019	31 March 2018
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Investment property	5	7,711,404	8,138,111
Investments in joint ventures	6	6,038	6,038
		7,717,442	8,144,149
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	888,156	1,667,946
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	39,181,538	38,182,252
Cash at bank and in hand		543,113	129,961
		40,612,807	39,980,159
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(4,859,729)	(9,205,547)
Net current assets		35,753,078	30,774,612
Total assets less current liabilities		43,470,520	38,918,761
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one			
year	10	(945,498)	(851,580)
Net assets		42,525,022	38,067,181
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	11	1,000,000	1,000,000
Reserves:			
Revaluation reserve	12	1,141,512	713,884
Capital contribution reserve	12	38,102,584	36,353,297
Profit and loss account	12	2,280,926	-
Shareholders' funds		42,525,022	38,067,181

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime under the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements were approved by the board on 18th July 2019

QP Pickford

Q.P. P. chlord

Director, on behalf of the board (Co registration number 08069602)

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 31 March 2019

	Share capital	Revaluation reserve	Capital contribution reserve	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 April 2018	1,000,000	713,884	36,353,297	-	38,067,181
Profit for the year	-	-	-	6,599,696	6,599,696
Surplus on revaluation of investment property	-	427,628	-	(427,628)	-
Unwinding of JV loan impairment	-	-	1,749,287	(1,749,287)	-
Transfer between reserves	-	-	-	-	-
Gift Aid donation to parent	-	-	-	(2,141,855)	(2,141,855)
At 31 March 2019	1,000,000	1,141,512	38,102,584	2,280,926	42,525,022
	Share	Revaluation	Capital	Profit and	-
	capital	reserve	contribution reserve	loss account	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 April 2017	1,000,000	519,310	37,390,067	-	38,909,377
Profit for the year	-	-	-	4,627,804	4,627,804
Surplus on revaluation of investment property	-	194,574	-	(194,574)	-
Transfer between reserves	-	-	(1,036,770)	1,036,770	-
Gift Aid donation to parent	-	-	-	(5,470,000)	(5,470,000)
At 31 March 2018	1,000,000	713,884	36,353,297	-	38,067,181

Further details on each reserve can be seen in note 12. The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2019

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the UK and Ireland (FRS 102).

1.2 Significant judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Significant judgement has been required in assessing the carrying values of loans to joint ventures. Judgement is required in determining the fair value which has been evaluated based on recent accounts, access to joint venture board papers and discussions with our partners.

1.3 Going concern

The Company has a strong net asset position. The directors are of the opinion that there are no material uncertainties and that the Company has adequate resources to continue for the foreseeable future. It is for this reason the going concern basis has been adopted in preparing the financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the going concern basis of preparation being inappropriate.

1.4 Cash flow

The Company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are contained within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS102, section 7.

1.5 Turnover

Income is included in the Statement of comprehensive income when the Company is legally entitled to the income and the amounts can be quantified with reasonable accuracy. If these conditions are not met then the income is deferred.

Investment income includes rental income from investment property leased out under an operating lease and is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognised as a reduction of rental income. The cost of the incentive is allocated over the lease term or a shorter period ending on a date from which it is expected the prevailing market rental will be payable. Incentives are provided to customers in various forms such as rent free periods or funding towards property fit out costs and are usually offered on signing a new contract. Where such incentives are provided the fair value of the incentive is deferred and recognised in line with this accounting policy.

Revenue in respect of the disposal of investment properties is generally recognised when title passes on completion of a sale or when substantially all the risks & rewards of ownership pass to the lessee under a finance lease.

Income received where the Company is a direct beneficiary of People's Postcode Lottery draws is recognised when the draw is held. The Company recognises the net amount due, which is the total of ticket sales less prize money and management fee. Only the net amount is included in the statement of comprehensive income as there is no ability to alter ticket prices, determine prizes or reduce the management fee. The gross amounts are disclosed in note 2.

1.6 Investments in joint venture

Investments in joint ventures are held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.7 Investment properties

Investment properties are included in the Balance Sheet at fair value in accordance with FRS 102, section 16.

Valuations are carried out on an annual basis by qualified surveyors.

The movements in valuation and profits on sale of properties are recorded within the Statement of Comprehensive Income during the period in which they arise.

1.8 Reserves

The capital contribution reserve arises from the contribution of net assets from the parent, Canal & River Trust, via a statutory transfer, *The British Waterways Board (Transfer of Functions) Order 2012* which took place on 2 July 2012 and is described in the Directors' Report on page 5. This reserve is redeemed by the passing of cash or other assets back to the shareholder, i.e. the parent, Canal & River Trust.

In accordance with the Company's articles of association, Canal & River Trust are the asset-locked body specified as a potential recipient of the Company's assets. Gifts made to Canal & River Trust are made firstly from any profits of the period, secondly from any retained profits, thirdly from realised capital gains within the realised capital reserve and fourthly from the capital contribution reserve. The reserve balances are adjusted to reflect this ordering.

1.9 Financial Instruments

The Company is not deemed to have any non-basic financial instruments as defined by FRS 102, section 12.

1.10 Gift Aid

Gifts are paid or payable to the parent undertaking, Canal & River Trust, which is a UK charity, the charitable purpose of which is to care for England and Wales' 200 year old waterways. As a charitable entity, Canal & River Trust is exempt from corporate taxation. Canal & River Trading CIC has adopted a policy of paying all its taxable profits to the charity under gift aid. These gift aid payments are recognised as distributions through equity rather than as an expense through the statement of comprehensive income in Canal & River Trading CIC and therefore an operating profit exists at the balance sheet date, on which a tax liability arises.

1.11 Taxation

Current tax is recognised for the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the current or past reporting periods using the tax rates and laws that that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date, except as otherwise indicated.

2. Turnover

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Turnover	2018/19	2017/18
	£	£
Net proceeds from People's Postcode Lottery	1,896,505	2,638,450
Investment income	451,551	439,786
	2,348,056	3,078,236

Net Proceeds from People's Postcode Lottery

As explained within note 1, accounting policies, the Company received the proceeds of lotteries held by People's Postcode Lottery ("PPL"). The Company has no ability to alter the price of tickets, determine the prizes or reduce the management fee. As such, PPL is treated as acting as the principal, and so only net proceeds due to the Company are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. The net proceeds received are analysed as follows:

	2018/19	2017/18
	£	£
Ticket value	5,926,578	8,418,324
Prize fund	(2,367,010)	(3,353,030)
Management fee	(1,663,063)	(2,426,844)
Net lottery income in the year	1,896,505	2,638,450

3. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging:	2018/19	2017/18
	£	£
Auditors' remuneration	5,000	5,000

During the year, no director received any emoluments (2017/18: £Nil).

There were no staff employed during the year (2017/18: None)

Taxation	2018/19	2017/18
	£	£
UK corporation tax credit on profit for the period	•	-
Prior year: Tax relief obtained on gift aid payment	-	-
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	-	93,594
		93,594

Factors affecting tax charge for the year
The tax assessed for the period is less than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19%. The differences are explained below:

	2018/19	2017/18
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	6,599,696	4,721,398
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2016/17: 20%)	1,253,942	897,066
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	75,069	-
Income not taxable for tax purposes	(542,183)	(27,580)
Chargeable gains/(losses)	418,178	(23,641)
Donation to parent made under gift aid scheme in equity	(799,010)	(811,011)
Movement in unrecognised deferred tax asset	(405,996)	(34,834)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	-	93,594
Total current tax charge for the year	-	93,594

5.	Investment property
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	Freehold investment property	Long term leasehold investment property	Total
	£	£	£
Valuation			
At 1 April 2018	7,098,111	1,040,000	8,138,111
Additions at cost	5,665	-	5,665
Disposals	(860,000)	-	(860,000)
Surplus/(deficit) on revaluation	777,628	(350,000)	427,628
At 31 March 2019	7,021,404	690,000	7,711,404

The 2019 valuations were prepared by Avison Young Limited, a regulated firm of Chartered Surveyors.

6. Investments in joint ventures

Investment in joint ventures

Cost

At 31 March 2018 and 31st March 2019

6,038

The following information relates to those joint ventures undertakings of the Company at the year-end whose results or financial position, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affect the figures of the Company. All joint ventures of the Company are unlisted and are registered and operate in the United Kingdom.

Name	Accounting period	Holding	Principal activity
Waterside Places Limited Partnership	31/12/2018	50%	Property development
City Road Basin Limited	31/12/2018	49%	Property development
H2O Urban (No.2) LLP	31/12/2018	49%	Property development
Paddington Basin Business Barges	31/12/2018	49%	Office management
Limited			
Icknield Port Loop LLP	31/12/2018	25%	Property development

Whilst Canal and River Trading CIC retains a 49% shareholding or initial partnership capital in some joint ventures, the voting rights and profit share is 50:50. For Icknield Port Loop LLP, the profit share beneficial interest is 35.5%, however voting rights are such that decisions require unanimous approval from each of the partners.

7.	Debtors:	amounts	falling	due within	one year
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	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
	£	£
Trade debtors	179,589	44,077
Amounts due from joint venture undertakings	697,725	1,442,061
Other debtors	10,842	181,808
- -	888,156	1,667,946
8. Debtors: amounts falling due after more than	one year	
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
	£	£
Amounts owed by joint venture undertakings in which the Company has a participating interest	39,181,538	38,182,252

Amounts owed by joint venture undertakings in which the Company has a participating interest are partner loans which are unsecured, have no fixed repayment term and carry no coupon.

9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	35,716	8,082
Amounts due to group undertakings	4,387,477	8,946,757
Amounts due to joint venture undertakings	341,000	-
Other creditors	95,536	250,708
	4,859,729	9,205,547

10. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
	£	£
Other creditors	66,000	67,000
Amounts due to joint venture undertakings	879,498	784,580
	945,498	851,580

11. Called up share capital

	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
	£	£
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
1,000,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	1,000,000	1,000,000

12. Reserves

The revaluation reserve comprises unrealised gains and losses in respect of investment property following the annual valuation exercise.

The capital contribution reserve arises from the contribution of net assets from the parent, Canal & River Trust, via a statutory transfer, *The British Waterways Board (Transfer of Functions) Order 2012* which took place on 2 July 2012 and is described in the Directors' Report on page 4. This reserve is redeemed by the passing of cash or other assets back to the shareholder, i.e. the parent, Canal & River Trust.

In accordance with the Company's articles of association, Canal & River Trust are the asset-locked body specified as a potential recipient of the Company's assets. Gifts made to Canal & River Trust are made firstly from any profits of the period, secondly from any retained profits, thirdly from realised capital gains within the realised capital reserve and fourthly from the capital contribution reserve. The reserve balances are adjusted to reflect this ordering.

13. Capital commitments

At 31 March 2019, the Company had no capital commitments (31 March 2018: £Nil).

14. Controlling party

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Canal & River Trust, by virtue of its shareholding, which is the controlling party incorporated in the United Kingdom.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements under the terms of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006.

The largest and smallest group of undertakings for which the group accounts have been drawn up is headed by Canal & River Trust.

Copies of the consolidated financial statements for Canal & River Trust are available from First Floor North, Station House, 500 Elder Gate, Milton Keynes, Buckinghamshire MK9 1BB.

PO 14194425/15 PO 14194425)15

CIC 34

Community Interest Company Report

	For official use (Please leave blank)	
Please complete in	Company Name in full	CANAL & RIVER TRADING CIC
typescript, or in bold black capitals.	Company Number	08069602
oup.iu.o.	Year Ending	31 March 2019

Please ensure the company name is consistent with the company name entered on the accounts.

This template illustrates what the Regulator of Community Interest Companies considers to be best practice for completing a simplified community interest company report. All such reports must be delivered in accordance with section 34 of the Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004 and contain the information required by Part 7 of the Community Interest Company Regulations 2005. For further guidance see chapter 8 of the Regulator's guidance notes and the alternate example provided for a more complex company with more detailed notes.

(N.B. A Filing Fee of £15 is payable on this document. Please enclose a cheque or postal order payable to Companies House)

PART 1 - GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE COMPANY'S ACTIVITIES AND IMPACT In the space provided below, please insert a general account of the company's activities in the financial year to which the report relates, including a description of how they have benefited the community.

Canal & River Trading CIC was incorporated on 15 May 2012 and is a wholly owned subsidiary of Canal & River Trust. The Company's objectives are to provide benefit to the general public in the UK, in particular (but not without limitation) those who visit or use the inland waterways for navigation, leisure or recreation.

The principal activity of the Company is to invest in long term property developments that are all adjacent to and complementary to the waterways, to create profit surpluses which can be donated to the Canal & River Trust (registered company number 7807276) a charity registered by the Charity Commission in England and Wales.

During the year ended 31 March 2019, the company was able to gift £2,141,855 to the Canal & River Trust to help further its charitable aims. Further details can be found in the financial statements of the CIC for the period.

(If applicable, please just state "A social audit report covering these points is attached").

(Please continue on separate continuation sheet if necessary.)

No transfer of assets other than for full consideration has been made. (Please continue on separate continuation sheet if necessary.)
full consideration has been made" below.
, outside bodies. In this does not apply you must state that INO transfer of assets other than for
insert full details of any transfers of assets other than for full consideration e.g. Donations to outside bodies. If this does not apply you must state that "no transfer of assets other than for
PART 4 – TRANSFERS OF ASSETS OTHER THAN FOR FULL CONSIDERATION – Please
No remuneration was received.
disclosed" (See example with full notes). <u>If no remuneration was received, you must state that "no remuneration was received" below.</u>
remuneration of directors, or compensation for director's loss of office, which require to be
and confirm that, "There were no other transactions or arrangements in connection with the
PART 3 – DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION – if you have provided full details in your accounts you need not reproduce it here. Please clearly identify the information within the accounts
(If applicable, please just state "A social audit report covering these points is attached").
parent, Canal & River Trust.
There has been extensive consultation with the company's stakeholders, the Trustees of the parent, Canal & River Trust.
consultation, this should be made clear.
company taken in response to feedback from its consultations? If there has been no consultation, this should be made clear.
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PART 5 – SIGNATORY

The original report must be signed by a director or secretary of the company



Date 14 |8 | 2019

Office held (delete as appropriate) Director/Secretary

You do not have to give any contact information in the box opposite but if you do, it will help the Registrar of Companies to contact you if there is a query on the form. The contact information that you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

Tom Deards		
Canal & River	Trust	
Station House,	500 Elder Gate, Milton Ke	eynes
MK9 1BB	Tel: 01908351966	
DX Number	DX Exchange	

When you have completed and signed the form, please attach it to the accounts and send both forms by post to the Registrar of Companies at:

For companies registered in England and Wales: Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ DX 33050 Cardiff

For companies registered in Scotland: Companies House, 4th Floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, EH3 9FF DX 235 Edinburgh or LP – 4 Edinburgh 2

For companies registered in Northern Ireland: Companies House, 2nd Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, BT2 8BG

The accounts and CIC34 cannot be filed online

(N.B. Please enclose a cheque for £15 payable to Companies House)