# FEELINGOOD LTD ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 30 APRIL 2016



WEST AND FOSTER Chartered Accountants Water Street Bakewell Derbyshire DE45 1EW

# ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2016

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#### ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 APRIL 2016

|  |      | 2016   |            | 2015  |
|--|------|--------|------------|-------|
|  | Note | £      | £          | £     |
| CURRENT ASSETS Cash at bank and in hand        |      | 14,971 |            | 8,507 |
| CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year |      | 14,972 |            | 6,561 |
| NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS               |      |        | _(1)       | 1,946 |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES          |      |        | <u>(1)</u> | 1,946 |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES                           |      |        |            |       |
| Called up equity share capital                 | 2    |        | 100        | 100   |
| Profit and loss account                        |      |        | (101)      | 1,846 |
| (DEFICIT)/SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS                  |      |        | (1)        | 1,946 |

For the year ended 30 April 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 13 September 2016.

Mr EGH Warren Director

Company Registration Number: 08047940

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2016

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year.

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

## **Financial instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2016

# 2. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

| 2016 |            | 2015             |           |
|------|------------|------------------|-----------|
| No.  | £          | No.              | £         |
| 100  | 100        | 100              | 100       |
|      | No.<br>100 | No. £<br>100 100 | No. £ No. |