File Copy



OF A PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANY

Company No. 8039929

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales, hereby certifies that

JCCO 302 LIMITED

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 2006 as a private company, that the company is limited by shares, and the situation of its registered office is in England and Wales

Given at Companies House, Cardiff, on 20th April 2012



N08039929R







IN01(ef)

Application to register a company

Received for filing in Electronic Format on the: 20/04/2012

Company Name in full:

JCCO 302 LIMITED

Company Type:

Private limited by shares

Situation of Registered

England and Wales

Office:

Proposed Register
Office Address:

FIFTH FLOOR 55 KING STREET MANCHESTER

UNITED KINGDOM

M2 4LQ

I wish to partially adopt the following model articles: Private (Ltd by Shares)

Company Secretary 1

Type: Corporate

Name: CS SECRETARIES LIMITED

Registered or FIFTH FLOOR 55 KING STREET

Principal Office MANCHESTER
Address: UNITED KINGDOM

M2 4LQ

European Economic Area (EEA) Company

Register Location: ENGLAND
Registration Number: 03782794

Consented to Act: Y Date authorised: 20/04/2012 Authenticated: YES

Company Director 1

Type: Person

Full forename(s): MR MICHAEL JAMES

Surname: BLOOD

Former names:

Service Address: 9 PRINCESS AVENUE

DIDSBURY MANCHESTER

GREATER MANCHESTER

UNITED KINGDOM

M20 6SE

Country/State Usually Resident: UNITED KINGDOM

Date of Birth: 06/08/1968 Nationality: BRITISH

Occupation: SOLICITOR

Consented to Act: Y Date authorised: 20/04/2012 Authenticated: YES

Company Director 2

Type: Corporate

Name: CS DIRECTORS LIMITED

Registered or FIFTH FLOOR 55 KING STREET

Principal Office MANCHESTER
Address: UNITED KINGDOM

M2 4LQ

European Economic Area (EEA) Company

Register Location: ENGLAND
Registration Number: 3760559

Consented to Act: Y Date authorised: 20/04/2012 Authenticated: YES

Statement of Capital (Share Capital)

Class of shares	ORDINARY	Number allotted	1
Currency	GBP	Aggregate nominal value	1
		Amount paid	0
		Amount unpaid	1

Prescribed particulars

A) SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT AND WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO ANY RIGHTS ATTACHED TO ANY EXISTING SHARES, ANY SHARE MAY BE ISSUED WITH SUCH RIGHTS OR RESTRICTIONS AS THE COMPANY MAY DETERMINE BY RESOLUTION. UNLESS OTHERWISE EXCLUDED ALL SHARES HAVE THE RIGHT TO VOTE AT GENERAL MEETINGS WHETHER THE SHARES ARE FULLY PAID OR NOT. B)SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT, THE COMPANY MAY BY RESOLUTION DECLARE DIVIDENDS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RESPECTIVE RIGHTS OF THE MEMBERS, BUT NO DIVIDEND SHALL EXCEED THE AMOUNT RECOMMENDED BY THE DIRECTORS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT, THE DIRECTORS MAY PAY INTERIM DIVIDENDS IF IT APPEARS TO THEM THAT THEY ARE JUSTIFIED BY THE PROFITS OF THE COMPANY AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION. IF THE SHARE CAPITAL IS DIVIDED INTO DIFFERENT CLASSES. THE DIRECTORS MAY PAY INTERIM DIVIDENDS ON SHARES WHICH CONFER DEFERRED OR NON-PREFERRED RIGHTS WITH REGARD TO DIVIDEND AS WELL AS ON SHARES WHICH CONFER PREFERENTIAL RIGHTS WITH REGARD TO DIVIDEND, BUT NO INTERIM DIVIDEND SHALL BE PAID ON SHARES CARRYING DEFERRED OR NON-PREFERRED RIGHTS IF, AT THE TIME OF PAYMENT, ANY PREFERENTIAL DIVIDEND IS IN ARREAR. THE DIRECTORS MAY ALSO PAY AT INTERVALS SETTLED BY THEM ANY DIVIDEND PAYABLE AT A FIXED RATE IF IT APPEARS TO THEM THAT THE PROFITS AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION JUSTIFY THE PAYMENT. PROVIDED THE DIRECTORS ACT IN GOOD FAITH THEY SHALL NOT INCUR ANY LIABILITY TO THE HOLDERS OF SHARES CONFERRING PREFERRED RIGHTS FOR ANY LOSS THEY MAY SUFFER BY THE LAWFUL PAYMENT OF AN INTERIM DIVIDEND ON ANY SHARES HAVING DEFERRED OR NON-PREFERRED RIGHTS. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY THE RIGHTS ATTACHED TO SHARES, ALL DIVIDENDS SHALL BE DECLARED AND DISTRIBUTED TO ALL SHARES BUT, IF ANY SHARE IS ISSUED ON TERMS PROVIDING THAT IT SHALL RANK FOR DIVIDEND AS FROM A PARTICULAR DATE, THAT SHARE SHALL RANK FOR DIVIDEND ACCORDINGLY. A PERSON BECOMING ENTITLED TO A SHARE IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE DEATH OR BANKRUPTCY OF A MEMBER SHALL HAVE THE RIGHTS TO WHICH HE WOULD BE ENTITLED IF HE WERE THE HOLDER OF THE SHARE, EXCEPT THAT HE SHALL NOT, BEFORE BEING REGISTERED AS THE HOLDER OF THE SHARE, BE ENTITLED IN RESPECT OF IT TO ATTEND OR VOTE AT ANY MEETING OF THE COMPANY OR AT ANY SEPARATE MEETING OF THE HOLDERS OF ANY CLASS OF SHARES IN THE COMPANY. C) A MEETING DECLARING A DIVIDEND MAY, UPON THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE DIRECTORS, DIRECT THAT IT SHALL BE SATISFIED WHOLLY OR PARTLY BY THE DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS AND, WHERE ANY DIFFICULTY ARISES IN REGARD TO THE DISTRIBUTION, THE DIRECTORS MAY SETTLE THE SAME AND IN PARTICULAR MAY ISSUE FRACTIONAL CERTIFICATES AND FIX THE VALUE FOR DISTRIBUTION OF ANY ASSETS AND MAY DETERMINE THAT CASH SHALL BE PAID TO ANY MEMBER UPON THE FOOTING OF THE VALUE SO FIXED IN ORDER TO ADJUST THE RIGHTS OF MEMBERS AND MAY VEST ANY ASSETS IN TRUSTEES. D) THE COMPANY MAY ISSUE SHARES WHICH ARE TO BE REDEEMED, OR ARE LIABLE TO BE REDEEMED AT THE OPTION OF THE COMPANY OR THE HOLDER, AND THE DIRECTORS MAY DETERMINE THE TERMS, CONDITIONS AND MANNER OF REDEMPTION OF ANY SUCH SHARES.

Statement of Capital (Totals)

Currency GBP Total number of shares

Total aggregate nominal value 1

Initial Shareholdings

Name: CS DIRECTORS LIMITED

Address: FIFTH FLOOR 55 KING STREET

MANCHESTER UNITED KINGDOM

M2 4LQ

Class of share: ORDINARY

1

Number of shares: 1

Currency: GBP

Nominal value of

each share:

Amount unpaid: 1

Amount paid: 0

Statement of Compliance

I confirm the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with.

Name: CS DIRECTORS LIMITED

Authenticated: YES

Authorisation

Authoriser Designation: subscriber Authenticated: Yes

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

JCCO 302 LIMITED

Each subscriber to this Memorandum of Association wishes to form a company under the Companies Act 2006 and agrees to become a member of the company and to take at least one share.

Name(s) of Subscriber(s)

Date: 20 April 2012

CS DIRECTORS LIMITED - Authorised Electronically

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

JCCO 302 LIMITED

INTRODUCTION

1. Interpretation

1.1 In these Articles, unless the context otherwise requires:

Act: means the Companies Act 2006;

appointor: has the meaning given in article 10(1);

Articles: means the company's articles of association for the time being in force;

business day: means any day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in the United Kingdom) on which clearing banks in the City of London are generally open for business;

company's lien: has the meaning given in article 14.1;

Conflict: has the meaning given in article 7.1;

eligible director: means a director who would be entitled to vote on the matter at a meeting of directors (but excluding any director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the particular matter);

Model Articles: means the model articles for private companies limited by shares contained in Schedule 1 of the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (*SI* 2008/3229) as amended prior to the date of adoption of these Articles; and

lien enforcement notice: has the meaning given in article 15.2.

- 1.2 Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Act shall have the same meanings in these Articles.
- 1.3 Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.
- 1.4 A reference in these Articles to an "article" is a reference to the relevant article of

- these Articles unless expressly provided otherwise.
- 1.5 Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation is a reference to it as it is in force from time to time, taking account of:
 - 1.5.1 any subordinate legislation from time to time made under it; and
 - 1.5.2 any amendment or re-enactment and includes any statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation which it amends or re-enacts.
- 1.6 Any phrase introduced by the terms "including", "include", "in particular" or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding those terms.
- 1.7 The Model Articles shall apply to the Company, except in so far as they are modified or excluded by these Articles.
- 1.8 Articles 8, 9(1), 11(2) and (3), 13, 14(1), (2), (3) and (4), 17(2), 44(2), 49, 52 and 53 of the Model Articles shall not apply to the company.
- 1.9 Article 7 of the Model Articles shall be amended by:
 - 1.9.1 the insertion of the words "for the time being" at the end of article 7(2)(a); and
 - 1.9.2 the insertion in article 7(2) of the words "(for so long as he remains the sole director)" after the words "and the director may".
- 1.10 Article 20 of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "(including alternate directors) and the secretary" before the words "properly incur".
- 1.11 In Article 25(2)(c) of the Model Articles, the words "evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee" shall be deleted and replaced with the words "evidence and indemnity").
- 1.12 Article 27(3) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words ", subject to article 10," after the word "But".
- 1.13 Article 29 of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words ", or the name of any person(s) named as the transferee(s) in an instrument of transfer executed under article 28(2)," after the words "the transmittee's name".
- 1.14 Articles 31(a) to (d) (inclusive) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the deletion, in each case, of the words "either" and "or as the directors may otherwise decide".

DIRECTORS

2. Unanimous Decisions

2.1 A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when all eligible directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a

matter.

- 2.2 Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each eligible director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each eligible director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.
- 2.3 A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the eligible directors would not have formed a quorum at such a meeting.

3. Calling A Directors' Meeting

3.1 Any director may call a directors' meeting by giving reasonable notice of the meeting to the directors or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice.

4. Quorum For Directors' Meetings

- 4.1 If and so long as there is a sole director, the sole director may exercise all the powers and authorities vested in the directors by the Articles and in such circumstances the quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of directors shall be one. Subject to article 4.2, where the number of directors exceeds one, the quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of directors may be fixed from time to time by the directors and unless otherwise fixed is any two eligible directors.
- 4.2 For the purposes of any meeting (or part of a meeting) held pursuant to article 7 to authorise a director's conflict, if there is only one eligible director in office other than the conflicted director(s), the quorum for such meeting (or part of a meeting) shall be one eligible director.

5. Casting Vote

5.1 If the numbers of votes for and against a proposal at a meeting of directors are equal, the chairman or other director chairing the meeting shall not have a casting vote.

6. Transactions Or Other Arrangements With The Company

- 6.1 Subject to sections 177(5) and 177(6) and sections 182(5) and 182(6) of the Act and provided he has declared the nature and extent of his interest in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Acts, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in an existing or proposed transaction or arrangement with the company:
 - 6.1.1 may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested;
 - 6.1.2 shall be an eligible director for the purposes of any proposed decision of the directors (or committee of directors) in respect of such contract or proposed contract in which he is interested;
 - 6.1.3 shall be entitled to vote at a meeting of directors (or of a committee of the directors) or participate in any unanimous decision, in respect of such contract

- or proposed contract in which he is interested;
- 6.1.4 may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a director;
- 6.1.5 may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate in which the company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested; and
- 6.1.6 shall not, save as he may otherwise agree, be accountable to the company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him (as defined in section 252 of the Act)) derives from any such contract, transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such contract, transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 of the Act.

7. Directors' Conflicts Of Interest

- 7.1 The directors may, in accordance with the requirements set out in this article, authorise any matter or situation proposed to them by any director which would, if not authorised, involve a director breaching his duty under section 175 of the Act to avoid conflicts of interest (Conflict).
- 7.2 Any authorisation under this article will be effective only if:
 - 7.2.1 the matter in question shall have been proposed by any director for consideration at a meeting of directors in the same way that any other matter may be proposed to the directors under the provisions of these Articles or in such other manner as the directors may determine;
 - 7.2.2 any requirement as to the quorum at the meeting of the directors at which the matter is considered is met without counting the director in question; and
 - 7.2.3 the matter was agreed to without his voting or would have been agreed to if his vote had not been counted.
- 7.3 Any authorisation of a Conflict under this article may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently):
 - 7.3.1 extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the matter so authorised;
 - 7.3.2 be subject to such terms and for such duration, or impose such limits or conditions as the directors may determine; and
 - 7.3.3 be terminated or varied by the directors at any time.

This will not affect anything done by the director prior to such termination or variation

in accordance with the terms of the authorisation.

- 7.4 In authorising a Conflict the directors may decide (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently) that if a director has obtained any information through his involvement in the Conflict otherwise than as a director of the Company and in respect of which he owes a duty of confidentiality to another person, the director is under no obligation to:
 - 7.4.1 disclose such information to the directors or to any director or other officer or employee of the company; or
 - 7.4.2 use or apply any such information in performing his duties as a director,

where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence.

- 7.5 Where the directors authorise a Conflict they may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently) provide, without limitation, that the director:
 - 7.5.1 is excluded from discussions (whether at meetings of directors or otherwise) related to the Conflict;
 - 7.5.2 is not given any documents or other information relating to the Conflict; and
 - 7.5.3 may or may not vote (or may or may not be counted in the quorum) at any future meeting of directors in relation to any resolution relating to the Conflict.
- 7.6 Where the directors authorise a Conflict:
 - 7.6.1 the director will be obliged to conduct himself in accordance with any terms imposed by the directors in relation to the Conflict; and
 - 7.6.2 the director will not infringe any duty he owes to the company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 of the Act provided he acts in accordance with such terms, limits and conditions (if any) as the directors impose in respect of its authorisation.
- 7.7 A director is not required, by reason of being a director (or because of the fiduciary relationship established by reason of being a director), to account to the Company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit which he derives from or in connection with a relationship involving a Conflict which has been authorised by the directors or by the Company in general meeting (subject in each case to any terms, limits or conditions attaching to that authorisation) and no contract shall be liable to be avoided on such grounds.

8. Records Of Decisions To Be Kept

8.1 Where decisions of the directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the directors in permanent form, so that they may be read with the naked eye.

9. Appointment Of Directors

9.1 In any case where, as a result of death or bankruptcy, the company has no shareholders and no directors, the transmittee(s) of the last shareholder to have died or to have a bankruptcy order made against him (as the case may be) have the right, by notice in writing, to appoint a natural person (including a transmittee who is a natural person), who is willing to act and is permitted to do so, to be a director.

10. Appointment And Removal Of Alternate Directors

- 10.1 Any director (appointor) may appoint as an alternate any other director, or any other person approved by resolution of the directors, to:
 - 10.1.1 exercise that director's powers; and
 - 10.1.2 carry out that director's responsibilities,

in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors, in the absence of the alternate's appointor.

- 10.2 Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the company signed by the appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors.
- 10.3 The notice must:
 - 10.3.1 identify the proposed alternate; and
 - 10.3.2 in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that the proposed alternate is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice.

11. Rights And Responsibilities Of Alternate Directors

- 11.1 An alternate director may act as alternate director to more than one director and has the same rights in relation to any decision of the directors as the alternate's appointor.
- 11.2 Except as the Articles specify otherwise, alternate directors:
 - 11.2.1 are deemed for all purposes to be directors;
 - 11.2.2 are liable for their own acts and omissions;
 - 11.2.3 are subject to the same restrictions as their appointors; and
 - 11.2.4 are not deemed to be agents of or for their appointors,

and, in particular (without limitation), each alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member.

11.3 A person who is an alternate director but not a director:

- 11.3.1 may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present (but only if that person's appointor is not participating);
- 11.3.2 may participate in a unanimous decision of the directors (but only if his appointor is an eligible director in relation to that decision and does not participate); and
- 11.3.3 shall not be counted as more than one director for the purposes of articles 11.3.1 and 11.3.2.
- 11.4 A director who is also an alternate director is entitled, in the absence of his appointor, to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor, in addition to his own vote on any decision of the directors (provided that his appointor is an eligible director in relation to that decision)
- 11.5 An alternate director may be paid expenses and may be indemnified by the company to the same extent as his appointor but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for serving as an alternate director except such part of the alternate's appointor's remuneration as the appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the company.

12. Termination Of Alternate Directorship

- 12.1 An alternate director's appointment as an alternate terminates:
 - 12.1.1 when the alternate's appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the company in writing specifying when it is to terminate;
 - 12.1.2 on the occurrence, in relation to the alternate, of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's appointor, would result in the termination of the appointor's appointment as a director;
 - 12.1.3 on the death of the alternate's appointor; or
 - 12.1.4 when the alternate's appointor's appointment as a director terminates.

13. Secretary

13.1 The directors may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and from time to time remove such person and, if the directors so decide, appoint a replacement, in each case by a decision of the directors.

SHARES

14. Company's Lien Over Shares

14.1 The company has a lien (**company's lien**) over every share, whether or not fully paid, which is registered in the name of any person indebted or under any liability to the company, whether he is the sole registered holder of the share or one of several joint holders, for all monies payable by him (either alone or jointly with any other person)

to the company, whether payable immediately or at some time in the future.

- 14.2 The company's lien over a share:
 - 14.2.1 takes priority over any third party's interest in that share; and
 - 14.2.2 extends to any dividend or other money payable by the company in respect of that share and (if the lien is enforced and the share is sold by the company) the proceeds of sale of that share.
- 14.3 The directors may at any time decide that a share which is or would otherwise be subject to the company's lien shall not be subject to it, either wholly or in part.

15. Enforcement Of The Company's Lien

- 15.1 Subject to the provisions of this article, if:
 - 15.1.1 a lien enforcement notice has been given in respect of a share; and
 - 15.1.2 the person to whom the notice was given has failed to comply with it,

the company may sell that share in such manner as the directors decide.

- 15.2 A lien enforcement notice:
 - 15.2.1 may only be given in respect of a share which is subject to the company's lien, in respect of which a sum is payable and the due date for payment of that sum has passed;
 - 15.2.2 must specify the share concerned;
 - 15.2.3 must require payment of the sum within 14 clear days of the notice (that is, excluding the date on which the notice is given and the date on which that 14 day period expires);
 - 15.2.4 must be addressed either to the holder of the share or to a transmittee of that holder; and
 - 15.2.5 must state the company's intention to sell the share if the notice is not complied with.
- 15.3 Where shares are sold under this article:
 - 15.3.1 the directors may authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to the purchaser or to a person nominated by the purchaser; and
 - 15.3.2 the transferee is not bound to see to the application of the consideration, and the transferee's title is not affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the sale.
- 15.4 The net proceeds of any such sale (after payment of the costs of sale and any other costs of enforcing the lien) must be applied:

- 15.4.1 first, in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as was payable at the date of the lien enforcement notice; and
- 15.4.2 second, to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale, but only after the certificate for the shares sold has been surrendered to the company for cancellation, or an indemnity in a form reasonably satisfactory to the directors has been given for any lost certificates, and subject to a lien equivalent to the company's lien for any money payable (whether payable immediately or at some time in the future) as existed upon the shares before the sale in respect of all shares registered in the name of such person (whether as the sole registered holder or as one of several joint holders) after the date of the lien enforcement notice.
- 15.5 A statutory declaration by a director or the company secretary that the declarant is a director or the company secretary and that a share has been sold to satisfy the company's lien on a specified date:
 - 15.5.1 is conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share; and
 - 15.5.2 subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the Articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the share.

DECISION MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

16. Poll Votes

- 16.1 A poll may be demanded at any general meeting by any qualifying person (as defined in section 318 of the Act) present and entitled to vote at the meeting.
- 16.2 Article 44(3) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

17. Proxies

- 17.1 Article 45(1)(d) of the Model Articles shall be deleted and replaced with the words "is delivered to the company in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting (or adjourned meeting) to which they relate".
- 17.2 Article 45(1) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "and a proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid unless the directors, in their discretion, accept the notice at an time before the meeting" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

18. Means Of Communication To Be Used

18.1 Any notice, document or other information shall be deemed served on or delivered to

the intended recipient:

- 18.1.1 if properly addressed and sent by prepaid United Kingdom first class post to an address in the United Kingdom, 48 hours after it was posted (or five business days after posting either to an address outside the United Kingdom or from outside the United Kingdom to an address within the United Kingdom, if (in each case) sent by reputable international overnight courier addressed to the intended recipient, provided that delivery in at least five business days was guaranteed at the time of sending and the sending party receives a confirmation of delivery from the courier service provider);
- 18.1.2 if properly addressed and delivered by hand, when it was given or left at the appropriate address;
- 18.1.3 if properly addressed and sent or supplied by electronic means, one hour after the document or information was sent or supplied; and
- 18.1.4 if sent or supplied by means of a website, when the material is first made available on the website or (if later) when the recipient receives (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material is available on the website.

For the purposes of this article, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day.

18.2 In proving that any notice, document or other information was properly addressed, it shall be sufficient to show that the notice, document or other information was delivered to an address permitted for the purpose by the Act.

19. Indemnity

- 19.1 Subject to article 19.2, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a relevant officer is otherwise entitled:
 - 19.1.1 each relevant officer shall be indemnified out of the company's assets against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him as a relevant officer:
 - 19.1.1.1 in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties, or in relation to them; and
 - in relation to the company's (or any associated company's) activities as trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Act),

including (in each case) any liability incurred by him in defending any civil or criminal proceedings, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part or in connection with any application in which the court grants him, in his capacity as a relevant officer, relief from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of

- trust in relation to the company's (or any associated company's) affairs; and
- 19.1.2 the company may provide any relevant officer with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in connection with any proceedings or application referred to in article 19.1.1 and otherwise may take any action to enable any such relevant officer to avoid incurring such expenditure.
- 19.2 This article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law.
- 19.3 In this article:
 - 19.3.1 companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate; and
 - 19.3.2 a "relevant officer" means any director or other officer or former director or other officer of the company or an associated company (including any company which is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined by section 235(6) of the Act), but excluding in each case any person engaged by the company (or associated company) as auditor (whether or not he is also a director or other officer), to the extent he acts in his capacity as auditor).

20. Insurance

- 20.1 The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the company, for the benefit of any relevant officer in respect of any relevant loss.
- 20.2 In this article:
 - 20.2.1 a "relevant officer" means any director or other officer or former director or other officer of the company or an associated company (including any company which is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined by section 235(6) of the Act), but excluding in each case any person engaged by the company (or associated company) as auditor (whether or not he is also a director or other officer), to the extent he acts in his capacity as auditor);
 - 20.2.2 a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant officer in connection with that relevant officer's duties or powers in relation to the company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the company or associated company; and
 - 20.2.3 companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate.

Name(s) of Subscriber(s)

Date: 20 April 2012

CS DIRECTORS LIMITED - Authorised Electronically