Registration number: 08033741

Inovad Limited

Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

MMO Limited Wellesley House 204 London Road Waterlooville Hampshire PO7 7AN

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Company Information

Directors Mr G A Hodges

Mr M D Wareham

Registered office 15 The Tanneries

Brockhampton Lane

Havant Hants PO9 1JB

Accountants MMO Limited

Wellesley House 204 London Road Waterlooville Hampshire PO7 7AN

Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of Inovad Limited for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Inovad Limited for the year ended 30 April 2023 as set out on pages 3 to 11 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/regulation.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Inovad Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Inovad Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Inovad Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Inovad Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Inovad Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Inovad Limited. You consider that Inovad Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Inovad Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

MMO Limited Wellesley House 204 London Road Waterlooville

Hampshire

PO7 7AN

23 January 2024

(Registration number: 08033741) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	463,025	545,564
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	75,000	57,083
Debtors	6	198,890	140,965
Cash at bank and in hand		43,827	30,749
		317,717	228,797
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> 7</u>	(388,488)	(358,585)
Net current liabilities		(70,771)	(129,788)
Total assets less current liabilities		392,254	415,776
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(286,866)	(295,998)
Provisions for liabilities		(6,449)	(8,081)
Net assets		98,939	111,697
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	2	2
Capital redemption reserve		2	2
Retained earnings		98,935	111,693
Shareholders' funds		98,939	111,697

For the financial year ending 30 April 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

(Registration number: 08033741) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2023

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 22 January 2024 and signed on its behalf by:				
Mr G A Hodges				
Director				

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 15 The Tanneries Brockhampton Lane Havant Hants PO9 1JB

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 22 January 2024.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

All figures are presented in British Sterling, which is the functional currency of the company, and are rounded to the nearest £1.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. At the year end date the company has net current liabilities of £129,788. The directors have considered the position and believe that the company will have the support of its creditors and directors for the foreseeable future.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Government grants

Government grants relating to revenue expenditure are recognised in income over the periods in which the entity recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Plant and machinery	25% - Reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings	25% - Reducing balance
Office equipment	25% - Reducing balance
Motor vehicles	25% - Reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the profit and loss account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 10 (2022 - 10).

4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 May 2022	92,885	517,285	40,286	650,456
Additions	417	6,530	<u>-</u>	6,947
At 30 April 2023	93,302	523,815	40,286	657,403
Depreciation				
At 1 May 2022	6,314	84,554	14,024	104,892
Charge for the year	18,661	69,569	1,256	89,486
At 30 April 2023	24,975	154,123	15,280	194,378
Carrying amount				
At 30 April 2023	68,327	369,692	25,006	463,025
At 30 April 2022	86,571	432,731	26,262	545,564

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £417 (2022 - £Nil) in respect of long leasehold land and buildings and £67,910 (2022 - £86,571) in respect of short leasehold land and buildings.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

5 Stocks		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Work in progress	70,000	46,483
Other inventories	5,000	10,600
	75,000	57,083
6 Debtors		
Debtots	2023	2022
Current	£	£
Trade debtors	167,767	62,495
Prepayments	31,123	28,959
Other debtors	_	49,511
	198,890	140,965

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

7 Creditors

Creditors:	amounts	falling	due	within	one year

Creators, amounts failing due within one year			2023	2022
		Note	£	£
Due within one year				
Loans and borrowings		9	95,035	75,053
Trade creditors			75,615	31,957
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertaked company has a participating interest	kings in which the		144,749	149,199
Taxation and social security			36,703	9,194
Accruals and deferred income			2,950	10,842
Other creditors			33,436	82,340
			388,488	358,585
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than	one year			
			2023	2022
		Note	£	£
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		9	286,866	295,998
8 Share capital				
o Bhare capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
•	2023		2022	
•	2023 No.	£	2022 No.	£
•		£ 2		£ 2

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

9 Loans and borrowings

	2023	2022
Non-amount leave and beautiful	£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	90,187	31,439
Hire purchase contracts	196,679	264,559
	286,866	295,998
	2023 £	2022 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	27,155	9,765
Hire purchase contracts	67,880	65,288
	95,035	75,053

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.