

REGISTERED NUMBER: 08024532 (England and Wales)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 MAY 2020

FOR

CARDBOARD LTD

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 MAY 2020**

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CARDBOARD LTD

**COMPANY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 MAY 2020**

DIRECTORS:

J R Casey
J J Liggins

REGISTERED OFFICE:

1 The Old Stables
Eridge Park
Tunbridge Wells
Kent
TN3 9JT

REGISTERED NUMBER:

08024532 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

Synergee Limited
1 The Old Stables
Eridge Park
Tunbridge Wells
Kent
TN3 9JT

CARDBOARD LTD (REGISTERED NUMBER: 08024532)**BALANCE SHEET
29 MAY 2020**

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	4	1,176	1,641
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	5	194,821	390,621
Cash at bank		<u>177,733</u>	<u>28,418</u>
		372,554	419,039
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>(199,363)</u>	<u>(357,623)</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>173,191</u>	<u>61,416</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		174,367	63,057
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	<u>(50,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>124,367</u>	<u>63,057</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	8	300	300
Retained earnings	9	<u>124,067</u>	<u>62,757</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>124,367</u>	<u>63,057</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 29 May 2020.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 29 May 2020 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 11 May 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

J R Casey - Director

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 MAY 2020**

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Cardboard Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent it is probable that economic benefit will flow to the company, and that it can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable, net of discounts, rebates, VAT and other sales taxes.

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the following conditions are satisfied:

- the significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the customer;
- the company does not retain managerial involvement, nor control over the goods sold;
- the amount of turnover can be reliably measured;
- the right to consideration due for the transaction is probable; and
- the costs incurred, or to be incurred, can be reliably measured.

Turnover is recognised upon dispatch or collection of the goods by the customer. Design work is recognised when designs are sent to a customer. Products and designs completed but not dispatched until after the reporting period are recognised as work in progress.

Monies received in respect of advanced orders are treated as deposits until the criteria for recognition as turnover is met.

Other income

Other income is income from letting of spare desk space.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery etc - Straight line over 3 years and Straight line over 5 years

Tangible fixed assets are held under the cost model, and are stated at their historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes directly attributable expenditure in bringing the asset into the location and condition necessary for operation.

The assets' residual values; useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed periodically and prospectively adjusted where appropriate; or where there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount, and are recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 MAY 2020**

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors; loans from banks and other third parties; loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments, other than those wholly payable or receivable within one year, including loans and other accounts receivable and payable are initially measured at the present value of future cash flows, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured at the undiscounted amount of consideration expected to be paid or received. If the arrangements of a short term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not at a market rate, the financial asset or liability is initially measured at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument, and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment, and such impairments is recognised in total comprehensive income.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

At each reporting date, foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. A defined contribution scheme is a plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate legal entity. Once the contributions have been paid, the company has no further payment obligations.

Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings in the period to which they fall due. Amounts not paid by the reporting date are shown within accruals as a liability in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank is represented by bank current and short term deposit accounts.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 MAY 2020**

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 3 (2019 - 3) .

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery etc £
COST	
At 30 May 2019 and 29 May 2020	<u>17,504</u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 30 May 2019	15,863
Charge for year	<u>465</u>
At 29 May 2020	<u>16,328</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 29 May 2020	<u>1,176</u>
At 29 May 2019	<u>1,641</u>

5. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors	50,076	386,571
Other debtors	<u>144,745</u>	<u>4,050</u>
	<u>194,821</u>	<u>390,621</u>

6. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2020 £	2019 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	1,347
Trade creditors	3,391	229,250
Taxation and social security	187,040	121,884
Other creditors	<u>8,932</u>	<u>5,142</u>
	<u>199,363</u>	<u>357,623</u>

7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2020 £	2019 £
Bank loans	<u>50,000</u>	<u>-</u>

8. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid: Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2020 £	2019 £
300	Ordinary shares	1	<u>300</u>	<u>300</u>

9. RESERVES

Retained earnings represent distributable reserves of accumulated profits and losses.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 MAY 2020**

10. PENSION COMMITMENTS

There were contributions to money purchase pension schemes which were due and not paid totalling £3,985 (2019: £2,160) at the balance sheet date. This balance is included within Other Creditors.

11. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES AND CONTROLLING PARTY

Included within other debtors is £nil (2019 - £550) owed by the directors. There were no advances to directors during the year, and the balances owed as at 29/05/2019 were repaid in full during the year. Amounts owed by the directors to the company are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.