Registration number: 08018516

# I E Bolt & Nut (2012) Limited Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

**Thorntons** Chartered Certified Accountants 176-178 Pontefract Road Cudworth Barnsley South Yorkshire S72 8BE

## **Contents**

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u>
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements	<u>3</u> to <u>7</u>

## **Company Information**

**Directors** Mr Dean Garth Cook

Mr Gavin Barnes

Mr Christopher John Garwood

Mr Carl Simon Baker Mr Ben Adam Platts Mr Adam Peter Reeve

Registered office 176-178 Pontefract Road

Cudworth Barnsley South Yorkshire

\$72 8BE

**Accountants** Thorntons

Chartered Certified Accountants

176-178 Pontefract Road

Cudworth Barnsley South Yorkshire

S72 8BE

## (Registration number: 08018516) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	17,473	23,874
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	254,000	238,564
Debtors	<u>6</u>	433,843	369,744
Cash at bank and in hand	-	156,706	56,406
		844,549	664,714
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> </u>	(481,280)	(473,319)
Net current assets	-	363,269	191,395
Net assets	=	380,742	215,269
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	100	100
Retained earnings	_	380,642	215,169
Shareholders' funds	=	380,742	215,269

For the financial year ending 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 6 September 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

***************************************
Mr Christopher John Garwood
Director

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 176-178 Pontefract Road Cudworth
Barnsley
South Yorkshire
S72 8BE

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 6 September 2023.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### **Going concern**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### Asset class

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles

#### **Depreciation method and rate**

25% straight line 25% straight line

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### **Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 12 (2022 - 13).

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

## 4 Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2022	71,229	58,958	130,187
Additions	3,195	(22.040)	3,195
Disposals	<del></del> -	(33,848)	(33,848)
At 31 March 2023	74,424	25,110	99,534
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2022	66,188	40,125	106,313
Charge for the year	3,319	6,277	9,596
Eliminated on disposal		(33,848)	(33,848)
At 31 March 2023	69,507	12,554	82,061
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2023	4,917	12,556	17,473
At 31 March 2022	5,041	18,833	23,874
5 Stocks			
		2023 £	2022 £
Other inventories	=	254,000	238,564
6 Debtors			
o besters		2023	2022
		£	£
Trade debtors		419,800	353,655
Other debtors		6,540	6,540
Prepayments		7,503	6,217
Accrued income	-	<del>-</del>	3,332
	=	433,843	369,744

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

#### 7 Creditors

Creditors:	amounts	falling	due	within	one v	<i>y</i> ear
4.44.44.4						,

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Duo within and year			
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>9</u>	200,000	200,000
Trade creditors		190,375	224,808
Taxation and social security		70,751	36,170
Accruals and deferred income		19,256	10,479
Other creditors		898	1,862
		481,280	473,319

## 8 Share capital

#### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

,	2023		2022	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

## 9 Loans and borrowings

	2023 £	2022 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Other borrowings	200,000	200,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.