Registration number: 08018516

# I E Bolt & Nut (2012) Limited Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Thorntons **Chartered Certified Accountants** 176-178 Pontefract Road Cudworth Barnsley South Yorkshire S72 8BE

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## **Company Information**

Mr Philip John Hill Director

Registered office 9 Harrowby Road

Leeds

LS16 5HN

**Accountants** Thorntons

Chartered Certified Accountants

176-178 Pontefract Road

Cudworth Barnsley South Yorkshire

S72 8BE

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## (Registration number: 08018516) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
<b>Fixed assets</b> Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	29,525	40,507
Current assets Stocks	5	362,307	372,000
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	<u>5</u> <u>6</u>	295,977 82,632	306,218 67,338
		740,916	745,556
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> </u>	(675,843)	(712,101)
Net current assets	_	65,073	33,455
Total assets less current liabilities		94,598	73,962
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u> 7</u>	(2,239)	(11,268)
Net assets	=	92,359	62,694
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	<u>8</u> _	100 92,259	100 62,594
Total equity	=	92,359	62,694

For the financial year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages  $\underline{4}$  to  $\underline{8}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 08018516) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

Approved and auth	orised by the director on 5 July 2019
Mr Philip John Hill Director	
	The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{8}$ form an integral part of these financial statements Page 3

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 9 Harrowby Road Leeds LS16 5HN England

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 5 July 2019.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### **Asset class**

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles

#### **Depreciation method and rate**

25% straight line 25% straight line

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### **Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 13 (2018 - 14).

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### 4 Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2018	71,229	33,848	105,077
At 31 March 2019	71,229	33,848	105,077
<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 April 2018 Charge for the year	56,108 2,520	8,462 8,462	64,570 10,982
At 31 March 2019	58,628	16,924	75,552
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2019	12,601	16,924	29,525
At 31 March 2018	15,121	25,386	40,507
5 Stocks		2019 £	2018 £
Other inventories	=	362,307	372,000
6 Debtors			
		2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors Prepayments Other debtors	-	273,362 16,075 6,540	283,495 16,183 6,540
	=	295,977	306,218

#### 7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

		Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year				
Bank loans and overdrafts		<u>9</u>	9,027	9,024
Trade creditors			439,777	475,744
Taxation and social security			16,800	25,371
Accruals and deferred income			1,950	1,751
Other creditors			208,289	200,211
			675,843	712,101
Creditors: amounts falling due after m	nore than one year			
		Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		9	2,239	11,268
O. Chave southed				
8 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid share	es			
	2019 No.	£	2018 No	
	2019 No.	£	2018 No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each		<b>£</b> 100		
Ordinary shares of £1 each	No.		No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	No.		<b>No.</b> 100	<b>£</b> 100
9 Loans and borrowings	No.		No.	£
=	No.		No. 100 2019	£ 100 2018
9 Loans and borrowings  Non-current loans and borrowings	No.		No. 100 2019 £	100 2018 £
9 Loans and borrowings  Non-current loans and borrowings	No.		No. 100 2019 £ 2,239 2019	2018 £ 11,268
9 Loans and borrowings  Non-current loans and borrowings  Finance lease liabilities	No.		No. 100 2019 £ 2,239	£ 100 2018 £ 11,268
9 Loans and borrowings  Non-current loans and borrowings	No.		No. 100 2019 £ 2,239 2019	2018 £ 11,268

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.