Company Registration No. 07988346 (England and Wales)

THE SHARE REPUBLIC LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

WEDNESDAY



A06

31/01/2018 COMPANIES HOUSE

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors
Mrs Vola Parker
Mr Geoffrey Hoodless
Company number
07988346
Registered office (at the date of these accounts)
Quadrant House
4 Thomas More Square
London
E1W 1YW
Registered office (current)
Flat 5
Hart Hill
St John's Hill Road
Woking
Surrey
GU21 7RG

CONTENTS

STRATEGIC REPORT	
DIRECTORS' REPORT	
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	8
COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	10
COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	10
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	11
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017	12

THE SHARE REPUBLIC.COM LIMITED

For the Year Ended 31 May 2017

STRATEGIC REPORT

The directors present the strategic report for the year ended 31 May 2017.

Fair review of the business

Your directors have developed the Beansprout Company™ project to launch new Investment Companies under the Standard Listing, such that they be quoted on the London Stock Exchange. To date we have entered into two engagements, one of which has been mutually terminated. The directors remain optimistic that over the coming months other opportunities will occur. We believe this is due to the innovative aspect of the Beansprout product to the UK market, specifically with regards to adoption of Standard Listing and the Beansprout Rules, which lowers the barrier to entry for listing, and also has greater investor protection, where both investors and directors share the investment risks.

The Company was created with the intention to develop, build, and exploit an online, interest based, securities trading platform, so that private (retail) customers could buy and sell securities, initially on the UK stock exchanges.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties relate to the ability to successfully launch the corporate finance product and generate sufficient interests from entrepreneurs and investors. Equally, the risks and uncertainties regarding the launch of the electronic dealing platform and to generate sufficient customer levels exceed the cost base remains.

On behalf of the board

Geoffrey Hoodless

Director

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2017.

Principal activities

The principal activity of its wholly owned subsidiary The Share Republic.com Limited is corporate finance advisory services. The Share Republic.com Limited is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority (523422).

The directors have reviewed numerous corporate finance opportunities, but the low level of corporate finance revenue reflects the current economic environment, and the company's primary goal of developing an electronic dealing platform.

Directors' responsibilities for the accounts

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report, and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The company continues to plan to realise the value of the platform, by way of trading or third party sale.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out in CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, page 7.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend. Retained losses of £2,145 have been transferred to reserves.

Directors and shareholdings

The directors who held office during the year were:

Mr Geoffrey Hoodless

Mrs Vola Parker

Future developments

The company plans to realise the value of the investment, by way of initiating the trading platform or via a third-party sale of the platform.

By order of the board,

Mr Geoffrey Hoodless

Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Notes	2017	2016 (audited)
Turnover	3	-	-
Administrative Expenses			
Costs		(2,145)	(8,529)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(2,145)	(8,529)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	5		
Loss for the financial year	4	(2,145)	(8,529)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(2,145)	(8,529)

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Notes	2017	2016 (audited)
Fixed Assets			
Intangible assets	7	93,097	93,097
Tangible assets	8		
Total fixed assets		93,097	93,097
Current assets			
Debtors	10	-	-
Cash at bank and in hand		1,159	8,445
Total current assets		1,159	8,445
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	11	(20,499)	(25,639)
Net current assets		(19,339)	(17,194)
Total assets less current liabilities		73,758	75,903
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital	13	60,052	60,052
Share premium account	14	24,700	24,700
Profit and Loss reserves	14	(122,243)	(120,098)
Merger reserve	14	111,249	111,249
Shareholders' funds		73,758	75,903

For the year ending 31 May 2017 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the small companies regime applicable to microentities.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 21 Tan 2018 Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors by:

Mr Geoffrey Hoodless

Company No: 07988346

COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Notes	2017	2016 (audited)
Fixed Assets			
Intangible assets	9	99,752	99,752
Tangible assets		-	
Total fixed assets		99,752	99,752
Current assets			
Debtors	10	-	-
Cash at bank and in hand		46	3,313
Total current assets		46	3,313
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	11	(29,259)	(32,379)
Net current assets		(29,213)	(29,066)
Total assets less current liabilities		70,539	70,686
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital	13	60,052	60,052
Share premium account	14	24,700	24,700
Profit and Loss reserves	14	(14,213)	(14,066)
Total Equity		70,539	70,686

For the year ending 31 May 2017 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the small companies regime applicable to microentities.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 200 Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors by:

Mr Geoffrey Hoodles

Company No: 07988346

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		Share capital	Share premium account	Profit and Loss reserves	Merger reserve	Total
	Notes	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 June 2016						
		60,052	24,700	(111,569)	111,249	84,432
Loss for the year				(8,529)		(8,529)
Year ended 31 May 2017	-			(0,023)		(0,323)
•		60,052	24,700	(120,098)	111,249	75,903
Loss for the year						
- •	-			(2,145)		(2,145)
Balance at 31 May 2017						
	• _	60,052	24,700	(122,243)	111,249	73,758

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		Share capital	Share premium account	Profit and Loss reserves	Total
	Notes	£	£	£	£
At 1 June 2016			•		
Lana famaha wasa		60,052	24,700	(10,016)	74,736
Loss for the year				(4,050)	(4,050)
Year ended 31 May 2017	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(4,030)	(4,030)
		60,052	24,700	(14,066)	70,686
Loss for the year					
	-			(147)	(147)
Balance at 31 May 2017					
	_	60,052	24,700	(14,213)	70,539

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		2017	2016
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities Cash (absorbed by)/generated from operations	17	(7,286)	(7,909)
Net cash used in investing activities		-	-
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>-</u>	-
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(7,286)	(7,909)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		8,445	16,354
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		1,159	8,445

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

1. Company information

The Share Republic Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS IO2 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in Sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention, modified to include certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2017 of The Share Republic Limited are prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 June 2014.

1.2 Principal accounting policies

a) Going concern

As at 31 May 2017 the Group had net assets of £73,758 (2016: £75,903) and the directors are satisfied that the going concern basis is appropriate for the preparation of these financial statements as they consider that the support of the shareholders will be forthcoming as and when required. The shareholders have confirmed their willingness to provide such support.

The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the Group were unable to continue as a going concern.

b) Consolidation

The financial statements consolidate the accounts of the company and its subsidiary undertakings and have been prepared by using the principles of merger accounting. The Group was formed following a share for share exchange exercised on 2 August 2013 between the company and the Share Republic.com Limited which is considered to meet the requirements of FRS IO2 Section 19 to be accounted for as a merger. Accordingly, a merger reserve has been created to represent the difference between the value of the shares issued and the nominal value of the share capital and share premium account in the subsidiary.

Intra-group balances are eliminated fully on consolidation.

c) Turnover

Turnover represents fees for undertaking corporate finance transactions net of VAT. Turnover is recognised when the Group is contractually entitled to do so.

d) Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write-off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset, over its expected useful life as follows: -

Fixtures and fittings -

3 years straight line

e) Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets relate to capitalised development costs in respect of an online trading platform and are stated at cost less amortisation. Amortisation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life from the date that the platform is brought into use, as follows:

Trading platform - 5 years straight line

f) Investments

77. 7

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution in value.

g) Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and section 12 'Other financial Issues' FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle 011 a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic Financial Assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities

Basic Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as on-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

h) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2. Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements

The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets relate to capitalised development costs in respect of an online trading platform and are stated at cost less amortisation. The platform is assessed for impairment where there is any indication that the asset has suffered an impartment loss. The recoverable amount is assessed as the high of fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

3. Turnover

The total turnover of the Group for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

4. Operating loss

	;	2017 £	2016 £
Operating loss for the year is stating after charging/(crediting):			
Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's			
financial statements		•	3,350
5. Tax on loss on ordinary activities			
	2017	2016 £	
Operating loss for the year is stating after charging/(crediting):	£	r	
Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's financial statements		3,350	
Tax charge	-	3,350	
Factors affecting tax charge for the year:	2017	2016	
	£	£	
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(2,145)	(8,529)	
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2016: 20.00%)	(408)	(1,706)	
Other tax adjustments	400	1 700	
Current tax charge for the year	408	<u>1,706</u> -	
Accumulated tax loss	108,408	108,000	

The Group have trading losses of approximately £111,000 to carry forward against future profits.

6. Holding company profit and loss account

The Company has taken advantage of the legal dispensation granted under S.408 of the Companies Act 2006 allowing it not to present its own profit and loss account. The retained loss for the year of £2,145 (2016: £8,529) has been dealt with in the accounts of the Company.

7. Intangible fixed assets

	Development cost
Cost	L
At 1 June 2016 and 31 May 2017	
	93,097
Net book value	
At June 2016 and 31 May 2017	
·	93,097

Amounts classified as intangible assets relate to the development of an online share trading platform. The directors hold the view that the policy to capitalise this expenditure reflects the purpose and long-term usefulness of the platform. The directors also believe that the cost does not require impairment, as the value of the platform shall be realised through use, by generating future revenues, or by sale.

8. Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures, fittings & equipment
Cost	£
At 1 June 2016 and 31 May 2017	
	· -
	,
Depreciation	
At 1 June 2016 and 31 May 2017	
	<u> </u>
Net book value	
At 31 May 2017	
,	· ·
At 31 May 2016	
,	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017 Continued

9. Fixed asset investments

The Company	Shares in subsidiary undertakings
Cost	£
At 1 June 2016 and 31 May 2017	99,752

A summary of the subsidiary undertakings is shown below

Name of undertaking and country of incorporation or residency	Country of registration or incorporation	Class of Shareholding	% Held direct/indirect	Nature of business
The Share Republic.com Limited	UK	Ordinary	100	Corporate Finance Advisory
TSRC Nominees Limited UK	UK .	Ordinary (indirectly)	100	Dormant

10. Debtors

	20	2017		2016	
	Group	Company	Group	Company	
	£	£	£	£	
Trade debtors					
	~	-	6,530	-	
Provision			(6.500)		
Taad daha		-	(6,530)	-	
Total debt					
		<u>-</u>	-		

11. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017		2016	
	Group	Company	Group	Company
	£	£	£	£
Amounts owed to subsidiary				
undertakings	-	13,628	-	12,128
Trade creditors				
	631	631	631	631
Other creditors				
	19,039	15,000	19,038	15,000
Accruals and deferred income				
	829	<u> </u>	5,970	4,620
	20,499	29,259	25,639	32,379

Included within "other creditors" is a loan of £15,000 from Eurico Oscar Da Conceicao dos Santos Covas and Geoffrey Hoodless to facilitate the acquisition of shares in The Share Republic.com Limited. The loan is unsecured and is convertible into ordinary shares at the behest of the creditors into ordinary shares in the company as a price of £0.08 per share up to 31 August 2022.

Included within "other creditors" is an amount owed to the director, Geoffrey Hoodless, of £4,039 (2016: £4,039).

12. Financial instruments

	2017	2016
Group	£ .	£
Carrying amount of financial		
liabilities	,	
Measured at amortised cost		
	20,499	25,639
Company		
Carrying amount of financial assets		
Equity instruments measured at cost		
less impairment	99,752	99,752
Carrying amount of financial		
liabilities		
Measured at amortised cost		
	29,259	32,379
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

13. Called up share capital

	2017	2016
	£	£
Ordinary share capital issued and fully paid		
6,005,200 ordinary shares of £0.01 each	60,052	60,052

14. Reserves

Called-up share capital: represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Share premium account: includes any premiums received on issue of share capital. Any transaction costs associated with the issue of shares are deducted from share premium.

Profit and loss account: includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

Merger reserve: represents the difference between the value of the shares issued and the nominal value of the share capital and share premium account in the subsidiary.

15. Employees

17

3.

Number of employees

There were no employees during the year apart from the directors and no remuneration has been paid.

16. Control

The Company is not controlled by any one party.

17. Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash outflow from operating activities

	2017	2016
	£	£
Operating loss		
	(2,145)	(8,529)
Decrease in debtors		
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	-	-
mcrease/ (decrease) in creations	(5,140)	620
Net cash outflow from operating		
activities	(7,286)	(7,909)

18. Related Parties

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS 102 Section 33 "Related party disclosures" whereby it has not disclosed transactions with any wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of the group.

There were no other related party transactions in the period other than those disclosed in note 11.