Registration number: 7985773

# James Flook Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

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# **Company Information**

Directors Mr James Anthony Flook

Ms Birgitte Laursen-Jones

Registered office 17 Crescent Road

London

N22 7RP

Jacobs Allen Limited Accountants

59 Abbeygate Street Bury St. Edmunds Suffolk

IP33 1LB

### (Registration number: 7985773) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	7,639	4,955
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	20,114	16,877
Cash at bank and in hand		339,355	367,828
		359,469	384,705
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(21,018)	(39,874)
Net current assets		338,451	344,831
Total assets less current liabilities		346,090	349,786
Provisions for liabilities		(1,452)	
Net assets		344,638	349,786
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account	<del>-</del> 	344,538	349,686
Shareholders' funds		344,638	349,786

For the financial year ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 28 June 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

	•••••
Mr James Anthony F	Flook
Director	

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 17 Crescent Road London N22 7RP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 28 June 2022.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

25% straight line

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Plant and equipment

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

#### Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 2 (2021 - 2).

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

### 4 Tangible assets

	Plant and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April 2021	31,078	31,078
Additions	6,704	6,704
At 31 March 2022	37,782	37,782
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2021	26,123	26,123
Charge for the year	4,020	4,020
At 31 March 2022	30,143	30,143
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2022	7,639	7,639
At 31 March 2021	4,955	4,955
5 Debtors	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	17,220	14,220
Prepayments	2,894	-
Other debtors	<del></del>	2,657
	20,114	16,877
6 Creditors		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year		
Taxation and social security	18,570	37,363
Accruals and deferred income	2,100	1,200
Other creditors	348	1,311
	21,018	39,874

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

### 7 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2022		20	2021	
	No.	£	No.	£	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100	

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.