

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

for

Raedex Consortium Limited

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Raedex Consortium Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

DIRECTORS: R Larry-Cole

S Martin

REGISTERED OFFICE: 1 Bell Parade

Glebe Way West Wickham

Kent BR4 0RH

REGISTERED NUMBER: 07951186 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Amherst Accountancy

Room 2 1st Floor 7 Bligh's Walk Sevenoaks Kent

TN13 1DB

Balance Sheet 31 December 2019

		31.1	2.19	31.12	2.18
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		4,999,236		2,734,626
Tangible assets	5		5,302,477		5,185,045
Investments	6		2,276,530		1,922,407
			12,578,243		9,842,078
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	7	2,794,014		2,561,100	
Cash at bank		34,166		62,148	
		2,828,180	•	2,623,248	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	8	189,610		322,524	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			2,638,570		2,300,724
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			15,216,813		12,142,802
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than					
one year	9		26,091,824		21,645,279
NET LIABILITIES			(10,875,011)		(9,502,477)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			10,000		10,000
Revaluation reserve	10		7,255,766		4,637,033
Retained earnings			<u>(18,140,777</u>)		(14,149,510)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(10,875,011)		(9,502,477)

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

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Balance Sheet - continued 31 December 2019

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 23 December 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

R Larry-Cole - Director

S Martin - Director

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Raedex Consortium Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The company is dependent upon the continuing support of group and associated companies and the directors know of no reason why this should not continue.

Based on the above, the directors consider it appropriate that the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result if the company were unable to continue as a going concern.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Raedex Consortium Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 399(2A) of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover represents amounts receivable for management fees net of VAT. Income is recognised in the period the management services are incurred.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the expected future value of profits derived from existing contracts at the balance sheet date.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery etc - 33% on cost and 15% on cost

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised as follows:

The company's investment in Buy 2 Let Cars Limited is recognised at market value at the balance sheet date.

The company's investment in Rent 2 Own Cars Limited is recognised at cost.

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classed as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods and services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 21 (2018 - 27).

4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Goodwill
	£
COST OR VALUATION	
At 1 January 2019	2,734,626
Revaluations	2,264,610
At 31 December 2019	4,999,236
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2019	4,999,236
At 31 December 2018	2,734,626

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Cost or valuation at 31 December 2019 is represented by:

	Valuation in 2017 Valuation in 2018 Valuation in 2019	Goodwill £ 4,801,256 (2,066,630) <u>2,264,610</u> 4,999,236
5.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	
		Plant and machinery etc £
	COST	-
	At 1 January 2019 Additions Disposals At 31 December 2019	6,874,331 1,635,131 (841,126) 7,668,336
	DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2019 Charge for year	1,689,286 934,524
	Eliminated on disposal At 31 December 2019 NET BOOK VALUE	(257,951) 2,365,859
	At 31 December 2019 At 31 December 2018	5,302,477 5,185,045

6. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Shares in group undertakings £
COST OR VALUATION	
At 1 January 2019	1,922,407
Revaluations	354,123
At 31 December 2019	2,276,530
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2019	2,276,530
At 31 December 2018	1,922,407

Cost or valuation at 31 December 2019 is represented by:

	group undertakings £
Valuation in 2017	1,597,406
Valuation in 2018	305,001
Valuation in 2019	354,123
Cost	20,000
	2,276,530

The company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

Buy 2 Let Cars Ltd

Registered office: England and Wales

Nature of business: Arranging motor vehicle loans

	%
Class of shares:	holding
Ordinary	100.00

•	31.12.19 £	31.12.18 £
Aggregate capital and reserves	2,266,530	1,912,407
Profit for the year	<u>354,123</u>	305,001

Shares in

6. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

Rent	2	Own	Cars	Ltd
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Registered office: England and Wales

Nature of business: Leasing of motor vehicles

		. %		
	Class of shares:	holding		
	Ordinary	100.00	31.12.19	31.12.18
			£	£
	Aggregate capital and reserves		(9,495,756)	(8,092,541)
	Loss for the year		<u>(1,403,215</u>)	<u>(598,963</u>)
7.	DEBTORS			
			31.12.19	31.12.18
			£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year:			
	Trade debtors		298,983	184,493
	Other debtors		<u>936,298</u>	<u>843,903</u>
			<u>1,235,281</u>	1,028,396
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:			
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		1,558,733	1,532,704
	Aggregate amounts		2,794,014	2,561,100

Included within other debtors is an amount of £620,700 (2018: £542,384) due after one year, relating to overdrawn directors loan accounts.

8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	31.12.19 £	31.12.18 £
Trade creditors Taxation and social security	105,726 79,044	58,499 262,618
Other creditors	4,840 189,610	1,407 322,524

9. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

1.12.19	31.12.18
£	£
091,824	21,645,279
ſ	091,824

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

10. RESERVES

Revaluation reserve
£
At 1 January 2019
At 31 December 2019

Revaluation addition

At 31 December 2019

Revaluation Revaluation Provided Automatical Revaluation addition

7,255,766

11. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS, GUARANTEES AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company is part of a VAT group registration scheme with its subsidiary undertakings, Buy 2 Let Cars Limited and Rent 2 Own Cars Limited. Therefore all companies are jointly and severally liable for all VAT liabilities of the group.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.