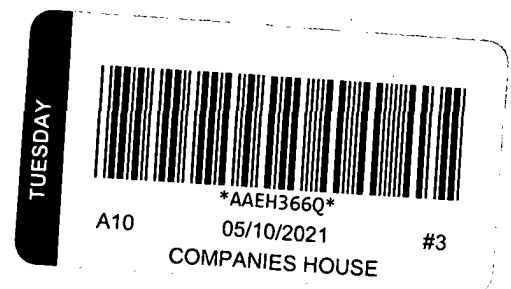


Registered number: 07932237

WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021



WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

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WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of Woking Housing Partnership Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company, which trades as New Vision Homes, is to deliver housing and estates management, asset management, maintenance and investment works to Woking Borough Council. It is expected that these activities will remain the same in the foreseeable future.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £155k (2020: £104k).

A dividend of £150k (2020: £Nil) was paid during the year to the Company's parent company Pinnacle Housing Limited. There are no further proposed dividends at the year end.

Going concern

The company has made a profit of £155k (2020: £104k) during the year and has net assets of £284k (2020: £279k) at the year end.

As part of their review the directors have considered the implications of the current Coronavirus Pandemic on the going concern assumption. The economic impact on the business due to the Coronavirus Pandemic is subject to an unprecedented level of uncertainty with the full range of possible effects unknown. The Company has adopted flexible remote working practices and other measures to continue normal service levels and the directors have considered a range of financial outcomes to conclude that the Company has sufficient cash resources to continue its activities. As events evolve the directors will take all necessary measures to minimise where possible the negative economic impacts on the business. Pinnacle Group Limited has indicated its willingness to financially support Woking Housing Partnership Limited for a period of at least 12 months from the date these financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by way of a letter of support.

On this basis the directors believe that the Company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and meet its obligations as they fall due. As such the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

Donations

No political or charitable donations were made in the year (2020: £Nil).

Payment to suppliers

Settlements terms are agreed with suppliers as part of the contract terms and it is the Company's policy to pay in accordance with these terms. Other creditors are paid in accordance with invoice terms. Creditor days for the current year is 0 days (2020: 0 days).

WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

Financial instruments

The Company does not actively use financial instruments as part of its financial risk management. It is exposed to the usual credit risk and cash flow risk associated with selling on credit and manages this through credit control procedures. The nature of its financial instruments means that they are not subject to price risk or liquidity risk.

Small companies exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Directors

The directors of the Company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

C M Hodson
N P Wright
J L Saunders
C Mitchell-Innes

Disclosure of information to auditors

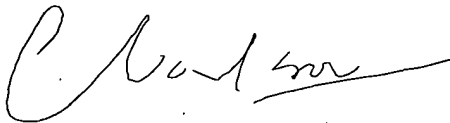
Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

Under section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the financial statements with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

This report was approved by the board on 24 September 2021 and signed on its behalf.



C M Hodson
Chief Financial Officer

WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law).

Under company law, directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

Directors' Confirmations

In the case of each director in office at the date the directors' report is approved:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Woking Housing Partnership Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Woking Housing Partnership Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021; the statement of profit or loss and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2021 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to but were not limited to tax laws and regulations, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting of inappropriate journal entries to manipulate financial results and potential management bias in accounting estimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- Discussions with management and group legal counsel;
- Identifying and testing journal entries meeting certain risk criteria, in particular any journal entries posted with unusual account combinations, journal entries containing unusual words and certain post-close journals; and
- Reviewing relevant meeting minutes, including those of the Board of Directors.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to: prepare financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime; and take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.



Diane Walmsley (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
London
27 September 2021

WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

**STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

	Note	2021 £000	2020 £000
Revenue	4	8,564	9,132
Raw materials and consumables		(2,375)	(2,169)
Administration and operating expenses		(6,091)	(6,820)
Operating profit		98	143
Interest receivable and similar income	8	33	252
Interest payable and similar expenses	9	-	(267)
Profit before tax		131	128
Tax on profit	10	24	(24)
Profit for the year		155	104

There was no other comprehensive income for 2021 (2020: £Nil).

The notes on pages 10 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

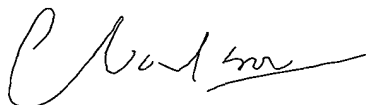
WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 07932237

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Note	2021 £000	2021 £000	2020 £000	2020 £000
Current assets					
Trade and other receivables	11	902		1,282	
Cash and cash equivalents		64		171	
Total current assets		966		1,453	
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	12	(682)		(1,174)	
Net current assets			284		279
Net assets			284		279
Capital and reserves					
Share capital	13		-		-
Retained earnings			284		279
Total equity			284		279

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements on pages 7 to 9 were approved by the board on 24 September 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:



C M Hodson
Chief Financial Officer

The notes on pages 10 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

	Share capital £000	Retained earnings £000	Total equity £000
At 1 April 2019	-	175	175
Profit for the year	-	104	104
At 31 March 2020	-	279	279
Profit for the year	-	155	155
Dividends paid	-	(150)	(150)
At 31 March 2021	-	284	284

The notes on pages 10 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1. General information

Woking Housing Partnership Limited (the "Company") is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The registered address is 8th Floor Holborn Tower, 137-144 High Holborn, London, United Kingdom, WC1V 6PL.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all of the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are presented in 'Pounds Sterling' (£), which is also the Company's functional currency.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Financial reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirements of the second sentence of paragraph 110 and paragraphs 113(a), 114, 115, 118, 119(a) to (c), 120 to 127 and 129 of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
 - paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment;
 - paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38 Intangible Assets;
 - paragraphs 76 and 79(d) of IAS 40 Investment Property; and
 - paragraph 50 of IAS 41 Agriculture
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which

WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Financial reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions (continued)

is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member

- the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii), 130(f)(iii), 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

2.3 Impact of new standards, amendments and interpretations

There were no new standards, interpretations and amendments effective or adopted early during this financial year.

2.4 Going concern

The Company has retained earnings at 31 March 2021 of £284k (2020: £279k) and has a good cash position and has a positive cashflow forecast for the next twelve months.

As part of their review the directors have considered the implications of the current Coronavirus Pandemic on the going concern assumption. The economic impact on the business due to the Coronavirus Pandemic is subject to an unprecedented level of uncertainty with the full range of possible effects unknown. Pinnacle Group Limited has indicated its willingness to financially support Woking Housing Partnership Limited for a period of at least 12 months from the date these financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by way of a letter of support.

On this basis the directors believe that the Company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and meet its obligations as they fall due. As such the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

2.5 Revenue recognition

Revenue represents fees receivable, excluding VAT. Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognises revenue when it delivers the service to a customer. For long-term contracts, revenue is recognised over the period the service is delivered. For contracts which span a number of years, the contracts have either discrete annual measurement periods or specific milestones and revenue is recognised accordingly. Revenue is recognised over time.

2.6 Finance income

Finance income comprises interest receivable on funds invested using the effective interest method.

2.7 Finance costs

Finance costs comprise interest payable on loans and borrowings recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Current and deferred taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in Statement of comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for:

- the initial recognition of goodwill;
- the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit other than in a business combination; and
- differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

2.9 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business, if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

The company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables and amounts due from group undertakings.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 12 month before 31 March 2021 and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables. The

WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Trade and other receivables (continued)

Company has identified that given the fact that the majority of its customers are local government entities and large housing associations, losses and risk are extremely low.

To determine the credit loss allowance for amounts due from group undertakings, the Company reviewed the net position of each group undertakings and considered whether it has sufficient and liquid assets to repay the outstanding balance at reporting date; if the group undertakings are unable to settle its debt, the Company considers the time over which the group undertakings are able to repay its balances. In cases where the group undertakings are unable to repay its debt and there is no alternative option to recover the debt, the full balance outstanding at the reporting date is fully impaired.

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. In the balance sheet, bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

2.11 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.12 Impairment of non financial assets

Non financial assets that are not ready to use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment.

Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount might not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). Prior impairments of non financial assets (other than goodwill) are reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

2.13 Dividends

Dividends are recognised as distributions to owners during the period in which the dividend is paid.

Dividends are recognised in the statement of changes in equity. All dividends were declared and paid in the financial year.

WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.14 Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand currency units unless otherwise stated.

3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

There are no critical accounting estimates and judgements in these financial statements which are expected to have a significant impact.

4. Revenue

The whole revenue is generated from provision of housing and estates management, asset management, maintenance and investment services to Woking Borough Council.

The whole revenue arose within the United Kingdom.

5. Auditors' remuneration

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Fees payable to the Company's auditors for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements	5	4

The audit fee is borne by the parent company. During the year there were no non audit services provided by the statutory auditors.

6. Staff numbers

There were no employees during the year (2020: Nil).

WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

7. Directors' remuneration

No directors received any remuneration from the Company in the year (2020: £Nil).

The remuneration of all the directors are paid by Pinnacle Group Limited, which makes no recharges to the Company. C M Hodson, N P Wright and J L Saunders are also the directors of the parent company and it is not possible to make an accurate apportionment of their remunerations. Their total remuneration is included in the aggregate of directors' remuneration disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of Pinnacle Group Limited.

8. Interest receivable and similar income

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Interest receivable from group companies	33	252
	33	252

9. Interest payable and similar expenses

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Interest payable to group companies	-	267
	-	267

10. Tax on profit

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Group relief	-	24
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(24)	-
Total tax (credit)/charge	(24)	24

WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

10. Tax on profit (continued)

Factors affecting tax (credit)/charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2020: same as) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Profit before tax	<u>131</u>	<u>128</u>
Profit multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%)	25	24
Effects of:		
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(24)	-
Group relief	(25)	-
Total tax (credit)/charge	<u>(24)</u>	<u>24</u>

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The UK corporation tax rate as at 31 March 2021 is 19% (2020: 19%). In March 2021 the government announced that the rate is to increase to 25% from 1 April 2023 and that this change is to be included in Finance Act 2021.

11. Trade and other receivables

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Amounts owed by group undertakings*	153	251
Prepayments and accrued income	749	1,031
Total trade and other receivables	<u>902</u>	<u>1,282</u>

*Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest bearing at Barclays base rate + 4%, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

The credit loss allowance at 31 March 2021 was £Nil (2020: £Nil) on amounts owed by group undertakings.

WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

12. Trade and other payables

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Amounts owed to group undertakings*	-	344
Corporation tax	-	24
Other taxation and social security	435	513
Accruals and deferred income	247	293
Total trade and other payables	682	1,174

*Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest bearing at Barclays base rate + 4%, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

13. Share capital

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Authorised, called up and fully paid		
2 (2020: 2) Ordinary shares of £1 each	-	-

14. Contingencies

The Company has issued guarantees in favour of Barclays Bank Plc (2020: Barclays Bank Plc) to support the indebtedness of Pinnacle Group Limited and its subsidiaries. The exposure to this guarantee at the balance sheet date was £Nil (2020: £Nil). There are no other contingencies as at 31 March 2021 (2020: £Nil).

WOKING HOUSING PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

15. Controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is Pinnacle Housing Limited which owns 100% of the ordinary share capital of the Company. Pinnacle Group Limited is the smallest group to consolidate these financial statements.

The ultimate parent undertaking and the largest group to consolidate these financial statements is TStar Pinnacle Limited. The immediate parent entity of TStar Pinnacle Limited is TStar Pinnacle Lux S.à r.l, which is incorporated in Luxembourg. The ultimate joint controlling parties are Tunstall Pinnacle Holdco S.à r.l and SOF-11 Pinnacle Lux S.à r.l, both incorporated in Luxembourg, and have an ownership interest of 50% each.

The financial statements of Pinnacle Group Limited and TStar Pinnacle Limited are available from 8th Floor, Holborn Tower, 137-144 High Holborn, London, United Kingdom, WC1V 6PL.

16. Subsequent events

There have been no subsequent events post year end.