

Registered number
07924896

MPF Plating Limited
Report and Unaudited Accounts
30 June 2017

Chartered Accountants and Business Advisors

33 Wolverhampton Road

Cannock

Staffordshire

WS11 1AP

MPF Plating Limited**Registered number: 07924896****Balance Sheet****as at 30 June 2017**

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	91,747	86,456
Current assets			
Stocks		4,670	4,170
Debtors	3	84,370	52,699
Cash at bank and in hand		11,465	15,866
		<u>100,505</u>	<u>72,735</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(93,065)	(67,356)
Net current assets		<u>7,440</u>	<u>5,379</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>99,187</u>	<u>91,835</u>
Provisions for liabilities		(18,349)	(17,291)
Net assets		<u>80,838</u>	<u>74,544</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		101	101
Profit and loss account		80,737	74,443
Shareholders' funds		<u>80,838</u>	<u>74,544</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mark P Freeman

Director

Approved by the board on 2 October 2017

MPF Plating Limited
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 30 June 2017

1 Accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery	20% - 50% straight line
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Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, which are those where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their useful lives. The corresponding lease or hire purchase obligation is treated in the balance sheet as a liability.

The interest element of the rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 July 2016	113,096	5,500	118,596
Additions	33,666	-	33,666
At 30 June 2017	<u>146,762</u>	<u>5,500</u>	<u>152,262</u>
Depreciation			
At 1 July 2016	28,015	4,125	32,140
Charge for the year	27,000	1,375	28,375
At 30 June 2017	<u>55,015</u>	<u>5,500</u>	<u>60,515</u>
Net book value			
At 30 June 2017	<u>91,747</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>91,747</u>
At 30 June 2016	<u>85,081</u>	<u>1,375</u>	<u>86,456</u>

3 Debtors	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade debtors	75,313	43,436
Other debtors	9,057	9,263
	<u>84,370</u>	<u>52,699</u>

4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade creditors	26,035	45,507
Corporation tax	19,548	5,940
Other taxes and social security costs	19,530	5,938
Other creditors	27,952	9,971
	<u>93,065</u>	<u>67,356</u>

5 Controlling party

The company is controlled by its directors who are the shareholders.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.