

Company Registration No. 07874105 (England and Wales)

SQUARE MILE SALUTE LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

SQUARE MILE SALUTE LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Director Anne Elizabeth Donoghue

Company number 07874105

Registered office 12 Great Jubilee Wharf
78-80 Wapping Wall
London
E1W 3TH

SQUARE MILE SALUTE LIMITED

CONTENTS

	Page
Director's report	1
Statement of comprehensive income	2
Balance sheet	3
Statement of changes in equity	4
Notes to the financial statements	5 - 8

SQUARE MILE SALUTE LIMITED

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The director presents her annual report and financial statements for the Year ended 31 March 2021.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of events management and consultancy.

Director

The director who held office during the Year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements was as follows:

Anne Elizabeth Donoghue

On behalf of the board

Anne Elizabeth Donoghue

Director

31 March 2022

SQUARE MILE SALUTE LIMITED

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Year ended 31 March 2021 £	Year ended 31 March 2020 £
Loss for the Year	(188)	(920)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total comprehensive income for the Year	(188)	(920)
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

SQUARE MILE SALUTE LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	2021 £	£	2020 £	£
Current assets					
Debtors	4	9,747		269	
Cash at bank and in hand		685		680	
		<u>10,432</u>		<u>949</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	<u>(3,749)</u>		<u>(1,656)</u>	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			6,683		(707)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		<u>(7,578)</u>		<u>-</u>
Net liabilities			<u>(895)</u>		<u>(707)</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		1		1
Profit and loss reserves			<u>(896)</u>		<u>(708)</u>
Total equity			<u>(895)</u>		<u>(707)</u>

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial Year ended 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the Year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 31 March 2022

Anne Elizabeth Donoghue
Director

Company Registration No. 07874105

SQUARE MILE SALUTE LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2019	1	212	213
Period ended 31 March 2020:			
Loss and total comprehensive income for the period	-	(920)	(920)
	<u>1</u>	<u>(708)</u>	<u>(707)</u>
Balance at 31 March 2020	1	(708)	(707)
Period ended 31 March 2021:			
Loss and total comprehensive income for the period	-	(188)	(188)
	<u>1</u>	<u>(896)</u>	<u>(895)</u>
Balance at 31 March 2021	<u>1</u>	<u>(896)</u>	<u>(895)</u>

SQUARE MILE SALUTE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Square Mile Salute Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 12 Great Jubilee Wharf, 78-80 Wapping Wall, London, E1W 3TH.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the director continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

SQUARE MILE SALUTE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.6 Derivatives

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting end date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset, whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

SQUARE MILE SALUTE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.8 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the Year was:

	2021 Number	2020 Number
Total	-	-
4 Debtors	2021	2020
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
Other debtors	9,747	269
5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2021	2020
Notes	£	£
Bank loans	1,222	-
Corporation tax	222	222
Other taxation and social security	1,434	1,434
Other creditors	871	-
	3,749	1,656

SQUARE MILE SALUTE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

6 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans and overdrafts		7,578	-
		<u>7,578</u>	<u>-</u>

7 Share capital

	2021 Number	2020 Number	2021 £	2020 £
Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary share of £1 each	1	1	1	1
	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

8 Related party transactions

The company is related to Square Events Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales, by virtue of Anne Elizabeth Donoghue being a common director.

Included in creditors at 31 March 2021:

The company owed Square Events Limited £871. The loan is interest free and repayable on demand.

Included in debtors at 31 March 2020:

The company was owed £269 by Square Events Limited.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.