# The Chocolate Deli (Norfolk) Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2023

The Chocolate Deli (Norfolk) Limited

Registered number: 07873421

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 31 March 2023

No	otes		2023 £		2022 £
Fixed assets			L		L
Tangible assets	3		38,197		33,591
Current assets					
Stocks		40,000		40,000	
Debtors	4	9,182		, -	
Cash at bank and in hand		-		3,803	
		49,182		43,803	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	5	(21,247)		(16,942)	
Net current assets			27,935		26,861
Total assets less current liabilities		-	66,132	-	60,452
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(25,622)		(9,106)
Provisions for liabilities			(7,257)		(6,382)
Not accord		-	00.050	_	44.004
Net assets		-	33,253	-	44,964
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			33,153		44,864
Shareholder's funds		-	33,253	- -	44,964

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mrs Dale Skipper
Director
Approved by the board on 11 December 2023

# The Chocolate Deli (Norfolk) Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Vehicles 15% reducing balance
Plant and machinery 15% reducing balance

Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 4 years

### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

#### Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past

periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### **Pensions**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees		2023	2022
			Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company		2	2
3	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant and		
		machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2022	40,159	14,124	54,283
	Additions	7,741	-	7,741
	At 31 March 2023	47,900	14,124	62,024
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2022	16,986	3,706	20,692
	Charge for the year	2,092	1,043	3,135
	At 31 March 2023	19,078	4,749	23,827
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2023	28,822	9,375	38,197
	At 31 March 2022	23,173	10,418	33,591
4	Debtors		2023	2022
			£	£
	Trade debtors		9,182	-

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	5,758	3,802
Trade creditors	1,272	2,598
Taxation and social security costs	14,217	10,542
	21,247	16,942
Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank loans	7,192	8,633
Other creditors	14,352	-
Director's account	4,078	473
	25,622	9,106
	Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Taxation and social security costs  Creditors: amounts falling due after one year  Bank loans Other creditors	Bank loans and overdrafts 5,758 Trade creditors 1,272 Taxation and social security costs 14,217  Creditors: amounts falling due after one year 2023  Bank loans 7,192 Other creditors 14,352 Director's account 4,078

## 7 Controlling party

The utilimate controlling party during the period; Mrs Dale Skipper Mrs Dale Skipper holds 100% of the issued share capital and is deemed the ultimate controlling party

#### 8 Other information

The Chocolate Deli (Norfolk) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

42 Staithe Street

Wells next the Sea

Norfolk

**NR23 1AF** 

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