

MSG FOOD SERVICE LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2017

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MSG FOOD SERVICE LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note	31 Dec 17 £	£	25 Dec 16 £	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	5		6,000		7,500
Tangible assets	6		107,367		133,782
			<u>113,367</u>		<u>141,282</u>
Current assets					
Stocks	7	1,753		2,327	
Debtors	8	7,153		16,088	
Cash at bank and in hand		6,163		4,129	
		<u>15,069</u>		<u>22,544</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(712,092)		(655,176)	
Net current liabilities			(697,023)		(632,632)
Total assets less current liabilities			(583,656)		(491,350)
Net liabilities			<u>(583,656)</u>		<u>(491,350)</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		2		2
Profit and loss account			(583,658)		(491,352)
Total shareholders' funds			<u>(583,656)</u>		<u>(491,350)</u>

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the profit and loss account has not been delivered.

For the period ending 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on **23.08.2018**, and are signed on behalf of the board by:


MS Grewal
Director

Company registration number: 07825858

The notes on pages 2 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

MSG FOOD SERVICE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 26 DECEMBER 2016 TO 31 DECEMBER 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is The Courtyard, Chapel Lane, Banbury, Oxfordshire, OX15 4DB, United Kingdom.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the company will continue in business for the foreseeable future. The director believes that this is appropriate with his continued support.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 28 December 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 11.

Revenue recognition

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts for goods sold during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Any intangible assets carried at revalued amounts, are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation, as determined by reference to an active market, less any subsequent accumulated amortisation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

MSG FOOD SERVICE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

PERIOD FROM 26 DECEMBER 2016 TO 31 DECEMBER 2017

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Intangible assets (continued)

Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination are recorded at the fair value at the acquisition date.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Franchise fees - straight line basis over the term on the franchise agreement

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold improvements - straight line basis over the term of the trading property
lease period

Fixtures and fittings - 20% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

MSG FOOD SERVICE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*

PERIOD FROM 26 DECEMBER 2016 TO 31 DECEMBER 2017

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Financial instruments

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial assets comprise of debtors and cash.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities comprise of creditors.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, then they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Employee benefits

Short term benefits, including holiday pay and other similar non-monetary benefits, are recognised as an expense in the period in which the service is received

MSG FOOD SERVICE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*

PERIOD FROM 26 DECEMBER 2016 TO 31 DECEMBER 2017

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Distributions to equity holders

Dividends and other distributions to the company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividends and other distributions are approved by the shareholders. These amounts are recognised in the statement of changes in equity.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the period amounted to 9 (2016: 11).

5. Intangible assets

	Franchise fees £
Cost	
At 26 December 2016 and 31 December 2017	15,000
Amortisation	
At 26 December 2016	7,500
Charge for the period	1,500
At 31 December 2017	9,000
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2017	6,000
At 25 December 2016	7,500

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

PERIOD FROM 26 DECEMBER 2016 TO 31 DECEMBER 2017

6. Tangible assets

	Leasehold improvements £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
Cost			
At 26 December 2016	130,764	191,827	322,591
Additions	—	2,788	2,788
At 31 December 2017	<u>130,764</u>	<u>194,615</u>	<u>325,379</u>
Depreciation			
At 26 December 2016	60,180	128,629	188,809
Charge for the period	13,076	16,127	29,203
At 31 December 2017	<u>73,256</u>	<u>144,756</u>	<u>218,012</u>
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2017	<u>57,508</u>	<u>49,859</u>	<u>107,367</u>
At 25 December 2016	<u>70,584</u>	<u>63,198</u>	<u>133,782</u>

7. Stocks

	31 Dec 17	25 Dec 16
	£	£
Raw materials and consumables	<u>1,753</u>	<u>2,327</u>

8. Debtors

	31 Dec 17	25 Dec 16
	£	£
Other debtors	<u>7,153</u>	<u>16,088</u>

9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	31 Dec 17	25 Dec 16
	£	£
Trade creditors	249,055	233,594
Social security and other taxes	2,852	2,814
Amounts owed to other related entities	420,260	369,590
Other creditors	39,925	49,178
	<u>712,092</u>	<u>655,176</u>

10. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	31 Dec 17		25 Dec 16	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

MSG FOOD SERVICE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*

PERIOD FROM 26 DECEMBER 2016 TO 31 DECEMBER 2017

11. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 28 December 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the period.