UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



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BALANCE SHEET

1

AS AT 5 APRIL 2021

		202	1	2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	2		100		100
Current assets					
Debtors	3	26,369		10,406	
Cash at bank and in hand		88		107	
		26,457		10,513	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	4	(850)		(850)	
Net current assets			25,607		9,663
Total assets less current liabilities			 25,707		9,763
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			150		150
Profit and loss reserves			25,557		9,613
Total equity			25,707		9,763

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 5 April 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr G H Gosling

Director

Company Registration No. 07815946

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021

1 Accounting policies

1

Company information

Gallagher Family Investments Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Gallagher House, Gallagher Way, Gallagher Business Park, Warwick, Warwickshire, CV34 6AF.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.3 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021

1 Accounting policies

(i)

(Continued)

Investments

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.4 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2 Fixed asset investments

	2021 £	2020 £
Investments	100	100

The investments held by the company is the capital provided to the Gallagher Family Limited Partnership where the company acts as a general partner.

Movements in fixed asset investments

	other than loans
Cost or valuation	
At 6 April 2020 & 5 April 2021	100
Carrying amount	
At 5 April 2021	100
	
At 5 April 2020	100

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021

3	Debtors		
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2021 £	2020 £
	Other debtors	26,369 ———	10,406

Other debtors include £26,369 (2020: £10,406) receivable from Gallagher Family Limited Partnership.

4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

2020	2021
£	£
850	850

Other creditors include £850 (2020: £850) payable to the Gallagher Family Trust 2011.

5 Related party transactions

Other creditors

There are no related party disclosures to be made other than those disclosed in these financial statements concerning the year ended 5 April 2021 (2020: none).

6 Parent company

The ultimate controlling party are the Trustees of the Gallagher Family Trust 2011.