COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 07808611

Mum2mum Market Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 October 2017

Mum2mum Market Limited Statement of Financial Position

31 October 2017

		2017		
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	5		235	294
Current assets				
Debtors	6	2,028		807
Cash at bank and in hand		105,562		88,689
		107,590		89,496
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	40,547		38,870
Net current assets		········	67,043	50,626
Total assets less current liabilities			67,278	50,920
Net assets			67,278	50,920
Capital and reserves			*******	********
Called up share capital			1	1
Profit and loss account			67,277	50,919
Shareholders funds			67,278	50,920

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 October 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Mum2mum Market Limited

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 October 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 July 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

C Harrop

Director

Company registration number: 07808611

Mum2mum Market Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 October 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 35 Gap Road, London, England, SW19 8JG.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 November 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 9.

Revenue recognition

Turnover represents net invoiced sales excluding value added tax.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings - 20% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instruments is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the asset of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2016: 2).

5. Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings	Total £
Cost At 1 November 2016 and 31 October 2017	759	759
	759	133
Depreciation	105	405
At 1 November 2016	465	465
Charge for the year	59 	59
At 31 October 2017	524	524
Carrying amount		
At 31 October 2017	235	235
At 31 October 2016	294 29	
6. Debtors		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Other debtors	2,028	807
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade creditors	448	1,265
Corporation tax	11,182	23,520
Social security and other taxes	7,734	5,221
Other creditors	21,183 	8,864
	40,547	38,870

8. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

		2017			
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Balance outstanding		
	£	£	£		
C Harrop	807	1,221	2,028		
	2016 Advances/				
	Balance brought forward	(credits) to the director	Balance outstanding		
	£	£	£		
C Harrop	(805)	1,612	807		

9. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 November 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.