

RED FOX I.D. LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

RED FOX I.D. LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 07784333

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	4,895	7,900
		<u>4,895</u>	<u>7,900</u>
Current assets			
Stocks	5	18,684	8,808
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	291,091	185,833
Cash at bank and in hand	7	2,499,351	462,164
		<u>2,809,126</u>	<u>656,805</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,765,705)	(208,849)
Net current assets		<u>1,043,421</u>	<u>447,956</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>1,048,316</u>	<u>455,856</u>
Net assets		<u>1,048,316</u>	<u>455,856</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	7	7
Share premium account		209,997	209,997
Capital redemption reserve		2	2
Profit and loss account		838,310	245,850
		<u>1,048,316</u>	<u>455,856</u>

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)
AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 27 April 2023.

Mr S Bird
Director

RED FOX I.D. LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

	Called up share capital	Share premium account	Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 October 2021	7	209,997	2	245,850	455,856
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	592,460	592,460
Other comprehensive income for the year					
	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	592,460	592,460
Total transactions with owners	-	-	-	-	-
At 30 September 2022	7	209,997	2	838,310	1,048,316

The notes on pages 5 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

RED FOX I.D. LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

	Called up share capital	Share premium account	Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 October 2020	9	299,997	-	(41,829)	258,177
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	247,679	247,679
Surplus on revaluation of freehold property	-	-	-	90,000	90,000
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	90,000	90,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	337,679	337,679
Purchase of own shares	-	-	2	(50,000)	(49,998)
Shares cancelled during the year	(2)	-	-	-	(2)
Transfer to/from profit and loss account	-	(90,000)	-	-	(90,000)
Total transactions with owners	(2)	(90,000)	2	(50,000)	(140,000)
At 30 September 2021	7	209,997	2	245,850	455,856

The notes on pages 5 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**

1. General information

Red Fox I.D Limited is a company domiciled in England and Wales, registration number is 07784333. The Registered Office is The Dairy, Manor Courtyard, Aston Sandford, Bucks, HP17 8JB.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of comprehensive income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'other operating income'.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.4 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.5 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.6 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.7 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.9 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.10 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment	-	25%	Straight line
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The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.11 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.14 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.15 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 5 (2021 - 4).

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Office equipment £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 October 2021	47,692
Additions	1,348
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At 30 September 2022	49,040
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Depreciation	
At 1 October 2021	39,792
Charge for the year on owned assets	4,353
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At 30 September 2022	44,145
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Net book value	
At 30 September 2022	4,895
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<i>At 30 September 2021</i>	7,900
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5. Stocks

	2022 £	2021 £
Stock	18,684	8,808
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	<u>18,684</u>	<u>8,808</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**

6. Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	251,315	179,402
Other debtors	37,268	6,425
Called up share capital not paid	6	6
Prepayments and accrued income	2,502	-
	<u>291,091</u>	<u>185,833</u>

7. Cash and cash equivalents

	2022 £	2021 £
Cash at bank and in hand	2,499,351	462,164
	<u>2,499,351</u>	<u>462,164</u>

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Loans	92,000	100,000
Trade creditors	1,080	-
Other taxation and social security	-	15,200
Other creditors	1,215,555	62,734
Accruals and deferred income	457,070	30,915
	<u>1,765,705</u>	<u>208,849</u>

9. Share capital

	2022 £	2021 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
6.595 (2021 - 8,947) Ordinary shares of £0.001 each	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.