Company registration number: 07782986

# Platform 9 3/4 K1ngs Cross Ltd

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 28 February 2022



# Contents

| Company Information                      | 1        |
|--|----------|
| Directors' Report                        | 2 to 3   |
| Statement of Directors' Responsibilities | 4        |
| Independent Auditor's Report             | 5 to 8   |
| Income Statement                         | 9        |
| Statement of Financial Position          | 10       |
| Notes to the Financial Statements        | 11 to 17 |

# **Company Information**

Directors

S Roots D Bisoni

Registered office

Warner House

98 Theobald's Road

London WC1X 8WB

**Auditor** 

Shipleys LLP 10 Orange Street Haymarket London WC2H 7DQ

Banker

Lloyds Banking Group plc 3rd Floor, 25 Gresham Street

London EC2V 7HN

Banker

Barclays Bank PLC 8/9 Hanover Square

London W1A 4ZW

# Directors' Report for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of Platform 9 3/4 K1ngs Cross Ltd ("the company") together with the financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2022.

#### Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of providing services to its immediate parent undertaking, Warner Bros. Studios Leavesden. On the 1st October 2021 the agreements on which the company were providing services were ended and the company stopped trading.

#### Results and dividends

Profit for the year after taxation amounted to £15,000 (2021 - £16,000).

No dividends were paid during the year (2021 - £nil).

#### **Going Concern**

The directors have reviewed the current financial performance and position of the company and considered the impact of COVID-19 on the future trading of the company and are confident that it will not lead to the company no longer being a going concern. The company has now ceased trading and the directors do not anticipate any commercial trading activity in the forseeable future, and in the unlikely event that it is not possible for the company to meet its liabilities as they fall due and also due to the centralised cash pooling arrangements, the intermediate parent company Warner Media, LLC has agreed to provide continued financial support to the company for the foreseeable future, for 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements, to meet its obligations as and when they fall due.

Taking into account the position of the intermediate parent company, the directors are of the view that there are no events expected to have a material adverse impact on the company's ability to continue as a going concern, for a period of 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

#### Directors of the company

The following were directors of the company who served throughout the year and were still directors at the date of this report:

S Roots

D Bisoni

The Articles of Association do not require directors to retire either by rotation or in the year of appointment.

# Directors qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The company may indemnify one or more directors of the company against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006 and the company may purchase insurance for this purpose. AT&T Inc. has purchased a directors and officers liability insurance policy for the benefit of the company and its directors and such policy was in force during the year and is in force as at the date of approving the Directors' Report.

# Reappointment of auditors

Pursuant to section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and Shipleys LLP will continue in office.

# Directors' Report for the Year Ended 28 February 2022 (continued)

#### Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that he/ she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/ herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Small companies' exemption

In preparing the Directors' Report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies' exemption under section 415(A) of the Companies Act 2006. The directors have also taken the exemption under section 414(B) not to prepare a Strategic Report.

On behalf of the Board

David Bisoni (Sep 21, 2022 22:15 GMT+1)

D Bisoni Director

09/21/2022

Date:

# Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Platform 9 3/4 K1ngs Cross Ltd

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Platform 9 3/4 K1ngs Cross Ltd (the 'company') for the year ended 28 February 2022, which comprise the Income Statement, Statement of Financial Position, and notes 1 to 10, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 28 February 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice:
- · have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
  authorised for issue.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Platform 9 3/4 K1ngs Cross Ltd (continued)

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are
  prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- · the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Platform 9 3/4 K1ngs Cross Ltd (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- We obtained an understanding of the Company's business, controls, legal and regulatory frameworks, laws and regulations and assessed the susceptibility of the Company's financial statements to material misstatement from irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to detecting irregularities, including
  fraud. Testing undertaken included making enquiries on the management; journal entry testing; review
  of contracts and statements; review of bank statements and letters and any correspondence received
  from regulatory bodies; reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting
  documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations. These procedures were
  designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud or error.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
  is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Platform 9 3/4 K1ngs Cross Ltd (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Use of our report

Date:....

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

| <u>Stewart Jeu</u><br>Stewart Jell (Sep 22, 2022 09:30 GMT+1)   |
|---|
| Stewart Jell (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of Shipleys LLP, Statutory Auditor 10 Orange Street Haymarket London WC2H 7DQ |
| 09/22/2022  |

# Income Statement for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

|   | Note | Year ended<br>28 February<br>2022<br>£ 000 | Year ended<br>28 February<br>2021<br>£ 000 |
|---|------|--|--|
| Turnover  |      | 560  | 235  |
| Cost of sales   |      | (545)                                      | (220)                                      |
| Operating profit Interest receivable and similar income | 3    | 15<br>5                                    | 15   |
| Profit before tax                                       |      | 20   | 15   |
| Taxation  | 5    |  | 1  |
| Profit for the financial year                           |      | 20   | 16   |

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

# Statement of Financial Position as at 28 February 2022

|  | Note | 28 February<br>2022<br>£ 000 | 28 February<br>2021<br>£ 000 |
|--|------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Current assets                                 |      |                              |                              |
| Debtors  | 6    | 4,163                        | 4,263                        |
| Cash at bank and in hand                       |      | <u>-</u>                     | 9                            |
|  |      | 4,163                        | 4,272                        |
| Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year | 7    | (26)                         | (155)                        |
| Net assets                                     |      | 4,137                        | 4,117                        |
| Capital and reserves                           |      |                              |                              |
| Profit and loss account                        |      | 4,137                        | 4,117                        |
| Total shareholder's funds                      |      | 4,137                        | 4,117                        |

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:

| David Bisoni (S   | ep 21, 2022 22:15 GMT+1) |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| D Biso<br>Directo | • • •                    |
| Date:             | 09/21/2022               |

Company registration number: 07782986

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

#### a) Statement of compliance

Platform 9 3/4 K1ngs Cross Ltd is a limited liability company incorporated in England & Wales. The Registered Office is 98 Theobald's Road, London, WC1X 8WB.

The company's financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 as it applies to the financial statements of the company for the year ended 28 February 2022.

### b) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest £'000.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements available under s401 of the Companies Act 2006, as it was at the year end, a wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking of AT&T Inc., a company incorporated in the United States of America, who prepared publicly available financial statements as at the year end (see note 10).

#### **Going Concern**

The directors have reviewed the current financial performance and position of the company and considered the impact of COVID-19 on the future trading of the company and are confident that it will not lead to the company no longer being a going concern. The operations of the company continue to be cash generative, and in the unlikely event that it is not possible for the company to meet its liabilities as they fall due and also due to the centralised cash pooling arrangements, the intermediate parent company Warner Media, LLC has agreed to provide continued financial support to the company for the foreseeable future, for 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements, to meet its obligations as and when they fall due.

Taking into account the position of the intermediate parent company, the directors are of the view that there are no events expected to have a material adverse impact on the company's ability to continue as a going concern, for a period of 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

#### Statement of cash flows

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102.1.12(b) Reduced disclosures for subsidiaries. A statement of cashflows has not been prepared as the company was a member of a group where the parent, AT&T Inc., prepared publicly available consolidated financial statements and the company was included in the consolidation (see note 10).

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022 (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### b) Basis of preparation (continued)

#### Related parties

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102.1.12(e) Reduced disclosures for subsidiaries. Key management remuneration has not been disclosed as the company was a member of a group where the parent, AT&T Inc., prepared publicly available consolidated financial statements and the company was included in the consolidation (see note 10).

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102.33.1A not to disclose related party transactions with fellow wholly-owned subsidiary undertakings of AT&T Inc., which prepared publicly available consolidated financial statements (see note 10). All transactions were at arms length.

#### c) Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the statement of financial position date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

#### Taxation

The company recognises liabilities for anticipated uncertain corporation tax positions based on reasonable estimates of whether additional taxes will be due and the timing of those additional taxes. Further details are contained in note 5.

Management estimation is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon likely timing and level of future taxable profits.

#### Operating lease commitments

The company has entered into leases as a lessee. The classification of such leases as operating or finance lease requires the company to determine, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, whether it retains or acquires the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these assets and accordingly whether the lease requires an asset and liability to be recognised in the statement of financial position.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022 (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### d) Significant accounting policies

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes.

Turnover represents service fee income on lease and licensing services performed on behalf of the immediate parent company Warner Bros. Studios Leavesden Limited.

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the services have passed to the buyer (usually on recognition of the associated cost), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### Interest receivable and payable

Interest income and expense are recognised on an accruals basis.

#### Leasing commitments

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the income statement on a straight line basis over the lease term. Lease concessions granted by the lessor have been recognised in full in the year in which they are granted.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised without discounting in respect of all timing differences which are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that they are considered recoverable against future taxable profits.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the entities functional currency by applying the spot rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. All differences are taken to the income statement.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022 (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### d) Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial instruments

The company has chosen to adopt sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments. The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities such as trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Basic financial liabilities including trade and other payables and interest bearing loans and borrowing are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the liability is measured at present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Basic financial liabilities, other than short term payables, are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in interest payable and similar expenses in the income statement. Short term trade and other payables with no stated interest rate which are payable within one year are recorded at transaction price.

Basic financial assets including trade and other receivables and investments in loan notes are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. These basic financial assets, other than short term receivables, are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Short term trade and other receivables with no stated interest rate which are receivable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the income statement in administrative expenses.

#### Share based payments

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102.1.12(d) Reduced disclosures for subsidiaries. Certain share based payment transaction disclosures have not been presented as the company was a member of a group where the parent, AT&T Inc., prepared publicly available consolidated financial statements and the company was included in the consolidation (see note 10).

#### 2 Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes.

Until 31st May 2019 turnover represents income from sale of goods related to the Harry Potter franchise.

From 1 June 2019 continuing operations turnover represents service fee income on licensing and leasing services performed on behalf of the immediate parent company Warner Bros Studios Leavesden Limited.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022 (continued)

### 3 Operating profit

Audit fees of £3,000 for the period were borne by a fellow group undertaking.

#### 4 Directors' remuneration

In the current and prior year the directors of the company were paid by fellow group undertakings; they have minimal qualifying services to the company and receive no remuneration in respect of the company.

### 5 Taxation

# a) The charge/(credit) is made up as follows:

|  | Year ended<br>28 February<br>2022<br>£ 000 | Year end<br>28 February<br>2021<br>£ 000 |
|--|--|--|
| Current tax  |  |  |
| UK corporation tax at 19% (2020 - 19%)                           | -  | -  |
| Tax over provided in previous years                              | -  | (1)                                      |
| Total current tax charge   |  | (1)                                      |
| Deferred tax   |  |  |
| Total deferred tax   |  | -  |
| Total tax on profit on ordinary activities (see note 5(b) below) | <u> </u>                                   | (1)                                      |

### b) Circumstances affecting the total tax charge:

The standard rate of current tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 19% (2021 - 19%).

The tax charge for the year differs from the standard rate for the reasons in the reconciliation below:

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022 (continued)

# 5 Taxation (continued)

|  | Year ended<br>28 February<br>2022<br>£ 000 | Year end<br>28 February<br>2021<br>£ 000 |
|--|--|--|
| Profit on ordinary activities before tax   | 20   | 15                                       |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard rate  | -  | -  |
| Factors affecting charge:- Tax over provided in previous years Group relief received for nil consideration | <u>-</u>                                   | (1)<br>(3)                               |
| Total tax (see note 5(a) above)  | -  | (4)                                      |

### c) Factors affecting future tax charges

The Finance Act 2021, enacted on 10 June 2021, included legislation to increase the rate of Corporation tax to 25% as of 1 April 2023. The proposed rate rise has no material impact on these or future accounts.

# 6 Debtors

|                                    | 28 February<br>2022<br>£ 000 | 28 February<br>2021<br>£ 000 |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Amounts owed by group undertakings | 3,813                        | 3,918                        |
| Corporation tax receivable         | 350                          | 345                          |
|                                    | 4,163                        | 4,263                        |

All amounts owed by fellow group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

### 7 Creditors

|                              | 28 February<br>2022<br>£ 000 | 28 February<br>2021<br>£ 000 |  |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Due within one year          |                              |                              |  |
| Accruals and deferred income | -                            | 155                          |  |
| Due to group undertakings    | 26                           |                              |  |
|                              | 26                           | 155                          |  |

All amounts owed to fellow group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022 (continued)

#### 8 Obligations under leases and hire purchase contracts

Future minimum rentals payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

|   | Land and buildings           |                              |  |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
|   | 28 February<br>2022<br>£ 000 | 28 February<br>2021<br>£ 000 |  |
| Payments due:                                     |                              |                              |  |
| Not later than one year                           | -                            | 285                          |  |
| Later than one year and not later than five years |                              | 467                          |  |
|   | _                            | 752                          |  |

On 1st October 2021, an operating lease relating to premises whose title was held by the company was transferred to Warner Bros. Studios Leavesden. The obligation for the company up until 1st October 2021 was £166,000. The company has no further obligations under this lease after the date it was transferred.

#### 9 Share capital

#### Issued, allotted, called up and fully paid

| issued, anotted, caned up and runy pa | 28 February<br>2022 |     | 28 February<br>2021 |     |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|
|                                       | No.                 | £   | No.                 | £   |
| Ordinary shares of £1 each            | 400                 | 400 | 400                 | 400 |

# 10 Ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Warner Bros. Studios Leavesden Limited.

Up until 8 April 2022, the company's ultimate parent undertaking was, AT&T Inc., a company incorporated in the United States of America. Copies of AT&T Inc.'s financial statements can be obtained from 208 S. Akard St, Dallas, TX 75202, USA.

From 8 April 2022, the ultimate parent company is Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Copies of Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc.'s financial statements can be obtained from 230 Park Avenue South, New York City, New York, USA.