Registered Number 07745116

YOUNG BEAUTY LIMITED

Abbreviated Accounts

31 August 2016

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2016

	Notes	2016	2015
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	817	1,634
		817	1,634
Current assets			
Debtors	3	2,910	2,910
Cash at bank and in hand		2,689	6,299
		5,599	9,209
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(1,984)	(2,269)
Net current assets (liabilities)		3,615	6,940
Total assets less current liabilities		4,432	8,574
Total net assets (liabilities)		4,432	8,574
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4	1	1
Profit and loss account		4,431	8,573
Shareholders' funds		4,432	8,574

- For the year ending 31 August 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 19 May 2017

And signed on their behalf by:

C F Young, Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 August 2016

1 Accounting Policies

Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective January 2015).

Turnover policy

Turnover represents amounts chargeable in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

Tangible assets depreciation policy

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Equipment 20% per annum straight line

Other accounting policies

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 September 2015	4,085
Additions	-
Disposals	-
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 31 August 2016	4,085
Depreciation	
At 1 September 2015	2,451
Charge for the year	817
On disposals	-
At 31 August 2016	3,268
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Net book values

At 31 August 2016	<u>817</u>		
At 31 August 2015	1,634		
Debtors			
		2016	2015
		£	£
Debtors include the following amounts due after more than one year		2,910	2,910
Called Up Share Capital Allotted, called up and fully paid:			
		2016	2015
		£	£

1 Ordinary shares of £1 each

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