LIBERTY PLAZA (LONDON) LIMITED Company Number 07745097

Unaudited Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2022

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For the year ended 31 December 2022

Registered number: 07745097

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DIRECTORS REPORT

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Registered number: 07745097

The Directors of the Company present their Unaudited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022. This Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies' exemption of section 415A of the Companies Act 2006. Accordingly, the Directors have elected to take advantage of the exemption from preparing a Strategic report.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company is to invest in student accommodation in the United Kingdom. The directors expect to continue to carry out these activities in the future.

DIRECTORS

The Directors set out below held office during the period and to the date of this report unless otherwise stated:

D Faulkner

(resigned 20 September 2022)

J Lister

C Szpojnarowicz

M Burt

(appointed 20 September 2022)

N Hayes

(appointed 20 September 2022 and resigned 20 December 2022)

SECRETARY

The Secretary set out below held office during the period and to the date of this report unless otherwise stated: C Szpojnarowicz

GOING CONCERN

The Company is part of The Unite Group plc ('Unite') from which it receives working capital funding. Unite has provided the Company with an undertaking that for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, it will continue to make available such funds as are needed by the [Partnership/Company], and in particular, will not seek repayment of the amounts currently made available. In determining the Company's Going Concern assessment the Directors have, therefore, considered the wider Unite Group's future performance.

The Directors have considered a range of scenarios for future performance through the 2022/23 and 2023/24 academic years. The impact of our ESG asset transition plans are included within the cash flows which have been modelled. The assessment includes a base case assuming cash collection and performance for the 2022/23 academic year remains in line with current expectations and sales performance for the 2023/24 academic year consistent with published guidance; and a reasonable worst case scenario where income for the 2023/24 academic year is impacted by reduced sales, equivalent to occupancy of around 90%. Under each of these scenarios, the Directors are satisfied that the Group has sufficient liquidity and will maintain covenant compliance over the next 12 months.

To further support the Directors going concern assessment, a "Reverse Stress Test" was performed to determine the level of performance at which adopting the going concern basis of preparation may not be appropriate. This involved assessing the minimum amount of income required to ensure financial covenants would not be breached. Within the tightest covenant, occupancy could fall to approximately 70% before there would be a breach. The Group has capacity for property valuations to fall by 35% before there would be a breach of the tightest LTV and gearing covenants. Were income or asset values to fall beyond these levels, the Group has certain cure rights, such that an immediate default could be avoided. The Directors are satisfied that the possibility of such an outcome is sufficiently remote that adopting the going concern basis of preparation is appropriate.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)
For the year ended 31 December 2022

Registered number: 07745097

GOING CONCERN (CONTINUED)

Accordingly, after making enquiries and having considered forecasts and appropriate sensitivities, the Directors have formed a judgement, at the time of approving the financial statements, that there is a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, being at least 12 months from the date of these financial statements.

Approved by the Board of Directors on 12th September 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

J Lister

Director

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT For the year ended 31 December 2022 Registered number: 07745097

The Directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland". Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT As at 31 December 2022

	Note	Year ended 31 December 2022 £000	Year ended 31 December 2021 £000
Turnover	3	-	3,244
Cost of sales		(69)	(227)
Gross profit		(69)	3,017
Administrative expenses			-
Revaluation gain on investment property	7	-	-
Loss on disposal of investment property	7	(5,972)	(8,533)
Operating (loss)/profit	3	(6,041)	(5,516)
Interest payable and similar expenses	5	_ _	
(Loss)/profit before tax		(6,041)	(5,516)
Tax on (loss)/profit	6		
(Loss)/profit for the financial period		(6,041)	(5,516)

All items in the above statement derive from continuing operations.

There are no items of other comprehensive income for either period and accordingly no statement of comprehensive income has been presented.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December 2022

Registered number: 07745097

	Note	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
		£000	£000
Fixed assets			
Investment property		-	-
Amounts due from group undertakings		218,608	222,622
	-		222,622
Current assets			
Debtors due within one year	8	-	64
	-	-	64
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(31,403)	(29,440)
Net current liabilities	•	(31,403)	(29,376)
Total assets less current liabilities	-	187,205	193,246
Creditors: amounts falling due greater than one year	9	(45,860)	(45,860)
Net assets	•	141,345	147,386
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	-	-
Profit and loss account		141,345	147,386
Equity Shareholder's funds	-	141,345	147,386

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

For the period ended 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479a of the Companies Act 2006.

No members have required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and for the preparation of accounts.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12th September 2023. They were signed on its behalf by:

J Lister Director

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Called Up Share capital £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total £000
At 1 January 2021	-	152,902	152,902
Profit for the period	<u>-</u>	(5,516)	(5,516)
Total comprehensive income		(5,516)	(5,516)
At 31 December 2021	-	147,386	147,386
Loss for the year	-	(6,061)	(6,061)
Total comprehensive expense	-	(6,061)	(6,061)
At 31 December 2022		141,345	141,345

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with accounting standards applicable in the United Kingdom and the functional and presentational currency of the Company is pounds sterling (£). The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have been applied consistently throughout the period and preceding period.

General information and basis of accounting

Liberty Plaza (London) Limited is a is a private company limited by shares under the Companies Act 2006 and registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is South Quay, Temple Back, Bristol, BS1 6FL. The nature of the Company's operation and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' report on page 2.

The financial statements have been prepared under the going concern basis, historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value, and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The Company is included in the consolidated financial statements of The Unite Group Plc which may be obtained at South Quay, Temple Back, Bristol, United Kingdom, BS1 6FL. The Company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 102 and therefore has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions in relation to financial instruments, the presentation of a cash flow statement, intra-group transactions and remuneration of key management personnel.

Turnover and Cost of sales

Turnover, which relates to the provision of student accommodation, represents rental income which is accounted for on an accruals basis. Rental income received in advance is recognised as deferred income on the balance sheet and recognised as turnover over the rental contract term to which it relates. Turnover is stated net of VAT and is wholly derived from the United Kingdom. Cost of sales are operating costs relating to the provision of turnover and other income associated with student accommodation and are also accounted for on an accruals basis.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses are recognised on an accruals basis.

Interest payable and similar expenses

Interest payable is charged on accruals basis using the effective interest rate method.

Investment property

Investment properties for which fair value can be measured reliably without undue costs or effort on an ongoing basis are measured at fair value annually with any change recognised in the profit and loss account. Incremental costs of replacement or redevelopment incurred are capitalised and separately disclosed.

Acquisition costs are treated as part of the cost of a property and have, therefore, been taken into account when calculating any gain or loss arising on the revaluation of investment properties recognised through the profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) For the year ended 31 December 2022

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Taxation

As a REIT, UK property rental profits and gains on disposal of UK investment properties are exempt from UK tax with the exception of certain non-core income streams. The Company pays UK corporation tax on the profits from its non-core income streams.

The tax charge for the year is recognised in the profit and loss account and the statement of comprehensive income, according to the accounting treatment of the related transaction. The tax charge comprises both current and deferred tax. Current tax, being UK corporation tax on the residual business (i.e. non-core income streams), is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. As a REIT, rental profits and gains on disposal of investment properties are exempt from corporation tax. As a result, no deferred tax provision has been recognised at the balance sheet date in respect of property rental assets (revaluation gains and accelerated capital allowances).

A deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the Group intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments comprise cash at bank and in hand and bank overdrafts, trade and other debtors and creditors, accrued income and intercompany balances. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Financial assets and liabilities

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. Financial assets are generally derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled. Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2022

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of assets

Assets, other than those measured at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at cach balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of an impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

Fair value

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price for an identical asset in an active market. When quoted prices are unavailable, the price of a recent transaction for an identical asset provides evidence of fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances or a significant lapse of time since the transaction took place. If the market is not active and recent transactions of an identical asset on their own are not a good estimate of fair value, an entity estimates the fair value by using a valuation technique.

Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, notwithstanding net current liabilities of £31,403,000 (2021: £29,376,000), which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons.

The Company is dependent for its working capital on funds provided to it by The Unite Group plc ('Unite'). Unite has provided the Company with an undertaking that for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, it will continue to make available such funds as are needed by the Company, and in particular, will not seek repayment of the amounts currently made available. As with any entity placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the Company acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue, although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Based on this understanding the directors therefore have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence; thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Further details can be found in the Directors' Report on pages 1 and 2.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2022

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the accounting policies in note 1, the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities are arrived at using judgements, estimates and assumptions that are not readily apparent from other sources. These are summarised below:

Estimate

Investment properties

The Company's investment properties are carried at their fair value as at the reporting date, key estimates used in arriving at the valuation include rents, occupancy, yield and facility management costs. Further information regarding the valuation process is included in note 7.

Judgements

There are no critical judgements relating to these financial statements.

3. TURNOVER AND OPERATING PROFIT

	Year ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 December 2021
	£000	£000
Turnover	£000	£000
Revenue comprises: Rental income associated with student accommodation		3,244

The company's financial statements were exempt from audit in both the current or prior period, thus no fees were payable.

4. STAFF COSTS

There were no employees during either the current or prior period.

Directors' remuneration was borne by another group company in both periods. Directors have not performed any qualifying services for this company in the period.

5. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES

Interest payable and similar expenses includes:

	Year ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 December 2021
	£000	£000
Interest on Group related party loans	<u> </u>	
	<u> </u>	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) For the year ended 31 December 2022

6. TAX ON PROFIT

The tax charge/ (credit) comprises:

Current tax Charge for the period	Year ended 31 December 2022 £000	Year ended 31 December 2021 £000
Total current tax Total tax charge on profit		

The taxation charge that would arise at the standard rate of UK corporation tax is reconciled to the actual tax charge below. The reconciliation below has been calculated at the main rate of corporation tax of 19% (2021: 19%)

	Year ended 31 December 2022 £000	Year ended 31 December 2021 £000
Profit before tax	(6,041)	(5,516)
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2021:19.00%)	(1,148)	(1,048)
Effects of:		
(Non-taxable REIT income)	13	(573)
Property revaluations not subject to tax	-	-
Property disposal	1,135	1,621
Total tax charge	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2022

7. AMOUNTS DUE FROM GROUP UNDERTAKINGS

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
	£000	£000
Amounts owed from Group related undertakings	218,608	222,622
	218,608	222,622

The amounts owed to group related undertakings are repayable on demand bear no interest, and are unsecured.

8. DEBTORS DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Other debtors	£000	£000
Prepayments and accrued income	-	64
		64

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) For the year ended 31 December 2022

9. CREDITORS

Other creditors Accruals Amounts owed to Group and related undertakings	31 December 2022 £000 79 8,119 23,205	31 December 2021 £000 1,271 5,338 3,818
Loans owed to Group and related undertakings Overdraft	-	19,013 -
Creditors: amounts due within one year	31,403	29,440
Loans owed to Group and related undertakings	45,860	45,860
Creditors: amounts due greater than one year	45,860	45,860

The amounts owed to group related undertakings are repayable on demand, interest free and unsecured.

On 28 November 2017 the Company received £64,873,000 from a related group undertaking in the form of three loans, summarised in the table below:

	Amount £000	Maturity
Loan A	19,013	03/11/2022
Loan B	22,862	28/11/2024
Loan C	22,998	28/11/2029
	64,873	

Prior to the acquisition of the Liberty Living Group by Unite, interest was charge on the three long term loans made by related group undertakings at varying rates. As part of the integration of the Liberty Living Group's policies and procedures to match that of the Unite Group, management have decided that no interest would be charged on these intercompany loans.

10. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid

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	£	£
Ordinary £1 shares	3	3

The Company has one class of ordinary share which carry no right to fixed income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) For the year ended 31 December 2022

11. CONTROLLING PARTIES

The Company's immediate parent company is Liberty Living Investment II Holdco Limited, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales.

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is The Unite Group plc. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by The Unite Group plc. The consolidated accounts of the this company are available to the public and can be obtained from the registered office, South Quay, Temple Back, Bristol, BS1 6FL.

12. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

On 28 November 2017, Liberty Living Finance plc had issued two £300m bond tranches with maturities of seven and twelve years respectively. The Company, along with other Group related undertakings, has irrevocably and unconditionally, jointly and severally, guaranteed to meet the obligations of Liberty Living Finance plc with respect to the amounts borrowed in the event Liberty Living Finance plc fails to meet its obligations when they fall due.

The Company became guarantor of the £450m Unite Group plc Facilities Agreement in September 2022 and remains a guarantor of the Unite Bonds, and certain Unite subsidiaries remain as guarantors of the Liberty Living (HE) Holdings Group bonds. On 27 May 2022 the Company became a guarantor of a note purchase agreement issued by The Unite Group plc for £150m, maturing on 27 May 2031. This new borrowing helped refinance the repayment of bank facilities that Unite Group plc repaid in September 2022, facilities that had also been guaranteed by the Company.