AVIVA INVESTORS INFRASTRUCTURE GP LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2018



Registered in England and Wales: No. 07739651

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Registered in England and Wales: No. 07739651

DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Directors B S Hill

G P Mills D S Skinner

Company Secretary Aviva Company Secretarial Services Limited

St Helen's 1 Undershaft London EC3P 3DQ

Registered office St Helen's

1 Undershaft London EC3P 3DQ

Company Number Registered in England and Wales: No. 07739651

Independent Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

7 More London Riverside

London SE1 2RT

Other Information Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP Limited (the 'Company') is a wholly

owned subsidary of Aviva Investors Real Estate Limited and is a member of the Aviva plc group of companies (the 'Aviva Group')

Registered in England and Wales: No. 07739651

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The Directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Directors

The Directors of the Company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows.

A C Appleyard (resigned 17 August 2018)

B S Hill

G P Mills (appointed 29 August 2018)

D S Skinner

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company is to act as the General Partner of Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership (the 'Partnership') which is engaged in the business of property investment. The Company does not hold any capital investment in the Partnership but is entitled to a priority distribution of 0.01% of the Net Income available for distribution from the Partnership.

The Directors have reviewed the activities of the Company for the year and the position as at 31 December 2018 and consider them to be satisfactory.

Results

The loss for the financial year amounted to £12,713 (2017. £12,733).

Future developments

The Directors expect the level of activity to be maintained in the foreseeable future.

Going concern

At the balance sheet date the company had net current liabilities of £62,545. This is driven by £50,117 owed to Aviva Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership, by £10,795 owed to Aviva Investors No.1 (Holdco) Limited and by £2,909 of accruals for audit.

The directors have received confirmation that Aviva Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership intends to support the company to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due and it will not seek repayment of part or all of any intercompany debt, where to do so would place this company in an insolvent position. For this reason they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Events after the reporting date

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

Employees

The Company has no employees (2017: Nil).

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Disclosure of information to the Independent Auditors

Each person who was a Director of the Company on the date that this report was approved, confirms that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any
 relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Independent Auditors

It is the intention of the Directors to reappoint the auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, under the deemed appointment rules of Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

Qualifying indemnity provisions

The Directors have the benefit of an indemnity provision contained in the Company's Articles of Association, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006. This is a 'qualifying third party indemnity' provision as defined in Section 234 of the Companies Act 2006.

Aviva plc, the Company's ultimate parent, granted in 2004 an indemnity to the Directors against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 1985 (which continue to apply in relation to any provision made before 1 October 2007). This indemnity is a 'qualifying third party indemnity' for the purposes of Sections 309A to 309C of the Companies Act 1985. These qualifying third party indemnity provisions remain in force as at the date of approving the Directors' Report by virtue of paragraph 15, Schedule 3 of The Companies Act 2006 (Commencement No. 3, Consequential Amendments, Transitional Provisions and Savings) Order 2007.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Risk and capital management policies

(a) Approach to risk and capital management

The Company operates within the governance structure and priority framework of the Aviva Group. The Aviva Group operates within its own governance structure and priority framework. It also has its own established governance framework, with clear terms of reference for the Board and the Aviva Executive Committee and a clear organisation structure, with documented delegated authorities and responsibilities (largely through role profiles). The Aviva Group has an Audit Committee, which includes shareholder representatives.

(b) Management of financial and non-financial risks

The Company's exposure to different types of risk is limited by the nature of its business as follows:

Market risk

The Company's principal exposure to market risk takes the form of property values, which have a direct impact on the value of the Partnership's investments. The management of this risk falls within the mandate of Aviva Investors Global Services Limited, which manages the investments on behalf of the Partnership.

Operational risk

Operational risk arises as a result of inadequate or failed internal processes, people or systems, or from external events. Details of the Aviva Group's approach to operational risk are set out in the Aviva Group's Risk Management Framework ('RMF') the RMF and in the financial statements of Aviva Investors Global Services Limited, which manages and administers the Company's activities.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is managed by ensuring that there is always sufficient headroom available to meet the working capital requirements of the business. The ongoing costs of the Company are settled by the Partnership.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law). Under Company Law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are required to.

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the audited financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

The Directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption in section 415A of the Companies Act 2006. A strategic report has not been included in these audited financial statements as the Company qualifies for exemption as a small entity under Section 414B of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small entities.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 20 were approved by the Board of Directors on 29/05/0019 and signed on its behalf by:

G P Mills Director

Date: 29/05/2019

Independent auditors' report to the members of Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its loss for the year then
 ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018; the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of the above matters.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern. For example, the terms on which the United Kingdom may withdraw from the European Union are not clear, and it is difficult to evaluate all of the potential implications on the company's trade, customers, suppliers and the wider economy.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2018 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Sandra Dowling (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors London

29 May 2019

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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	1 Jan 2018 to 31 Dec 2018 £	1 Jan 2017 to 31 Dec 2017 £
Turnover		217	175
Administrative expenses	5	(12,930)	(12,908)
Loss before taxation		(12,713)	(12,733)
Tax on loss	6	-	-
Loss for the financial year and total comprehensive expense for the financial year		(12,713)	(12,733)

All amounts reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the years ended 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 relate to continuing operations.

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	31 Dec 2018 £	31 Dec 2017 £
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year Current liabilities	7	1,276	1,490
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(63,821)	(51,322)
Net current liabilities		(62,545)	(49,832)
Net liabilities		(62,545)	(49,832)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	1	1
Profit and loss account		(62,546)	(49,833)
Total Shareholders' deficit		(62,545)	(49,832)

The financial statements on pages 8 to 20 were approved by the Board of Directors on 29/05/2019 and signed on its behalf by:

G P Mills
Director

29/05/2019

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total Shareholders' deficit £
Balance as at 1 January 2017	1	(37,100)	(37,099)
Loss for the financial year and total comprehensive loss fo the financial year	r -	(12,733)	(12,733)
Balance as at 31 December 2017 and 1 January 2018	1	(49,833)	(49,832)
Loss for the financial year and total comprehensive loss fo the financial year	r -	(12,713)	(12,713)
Balance as at 31 December 2018	1	(62,546)	(62,545)

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements

Registered in England and Wales: No. 07739651

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. General information

Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP Limited (the "Company") acts as the General Partner of Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") which is engaged in the business of property investment.

The Company is registered as a private company limited by its shares and its registered address is St Helen's, 1 Undershaft, London, EC3P 3DQ.

2. Statement of compliance

The individual financial statements of the Company have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

3. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year except where noted below.

3.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and on a going concern basis. The accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the year and are consistent with those applied in previous years.

These financial statements have been presented in British Pounds as this is the Company's functional currency, being the primary economic environment in which it operates.

3.2 Going concern

At the balance sheet date the company had net current liabilities of £62,545. This is driven by £50,117 owed to Aviva Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership, by £10,795 owed to Aviva Investors No.1 (Holdco) Limited and by £2,909 of accruals for audit.

The directors have received confirmation that Aviva Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership intends to support the company to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due and it will not seek repayment of part or all of any intercompany debt, where to do so would place this company in an insolvent position. For this reason they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

3.3 Consolidation exemption

The Company acts as the General Partner to the Partnership. The Company therefore exercises a dominant influence over the Partnership. The economic interest of the Company in the Partnership is small and restricted and is principally derived in the form of the General Partner share provided for under the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement. As the Company's influence is fiduciary in nature, the Partnership is not treated as a subsidiary undertaking.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.4 Strategic report and Directors' report

A strategic report has not been included in these audited financial statements as the Company qualifies for exemption as a small entity under Section 414B of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small entities. The Directors' report has been prepared with reduced disclosures in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption in section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

3.5 Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect items reported in the Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Comprehensive Income and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current facts, circumstances and, to some extent, future events and actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates, possibly significantly.

3.6 Turnover

Turnover, which excludes value added tax, represents income receivable from the Partnership, recognised on an accruals basis.

3.7 Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses include administration, finance, professional and management expenses which are recognised on an accruals basis.

3.8 Cash flow statement

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a statement of cash flows, on the basis that it is a qualifying entity under FRS 102 and the Company's cash flows are included in the consolidated statement of cash flows of Aviva plc. The Company intends to continue availing of the above exemption in future periods.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.9 Taxation

The current tax expense is based on the taxable profits for the year, after any adjustments in respect of prior years. Tax, including tax relief for losses if applicable, is allocated over profits before taxation and amounts charged or credited to reserves as appropriate.

Provision is made for deferred tax liabilities, or credit taken for deferred tax asset, using the liability method, on all material temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

The principal temporary differences arise from the creation of current year tax losses. The rates enacted or substantively enacted at the Statement of Financial Position date are used to determine the deferred tax.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is not provided on revaluations of investments in subsidiaries as under current tax legislation no tax will arise on their disposal.

3.10 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Where the Company expects a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is more probable than not.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed either if there is a possible obligation to transfer economic benefits, or if a present obligation exists where it is not probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or a sufficiently reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

There were no contingent liabilities or commitments at the Statement of Financial Position date (2017: £Nil).

3.11 Financial instruments

The Company has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

(i) Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.11 Financial instruments (continued)

(i) Financial assets (continued)

Basic financial assets, including other receivables, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised costs using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets that are classified as receivable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be received, net of impairment.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial liabilities classified as at fair value through the Statement of Comprehensive Income, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs).

Commitments to make payments which meet the conditions above are measured at cost (which may be nil) less impairment.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(iii) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

4. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires the Directors to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the reporting date. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience, expectations of future events and other factors that are considered to be relevant. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could results in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the assets or liabilities affected.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The Directors confirm that no critical accounting judgements have been made in relation to the 2018 accounts.

5. Administrative expenses

								1 Jan 2018 to	1 Jan 2017 to
								31 Dec 2018	31 Dec 2017
								£	£
Fees payable to	the	auditors	for the	audit	of the	Company's	financial		
statements*						, ,		2,930	2,908
Professional fees								10,000	10,000
								12,930	12,908

^{*}During the year no non-audit fees were paid to statutory auditors.

The Directors received no emoluments from the Company for services to the Company for the financial year (2017: £Nil).

The Company had no employees during the financial year (2017: Nil).

6. Tax on loss

	1 Jan 2018	1 Jan 2017
	to	to
	31 Dec 2018	31 Dec 2017
	£	£
Analysis of tax charge in the year		
UK corporation tax charge on loss for the year	-	-
Tax on loss		_
		

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

6. Tax on loss (continued)

(a) Tax reconciliation

The tax on the Company's loss before taxation is lower (2017: lower) than the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate in the United Kingdom as follows:

	1 Jan 2018	1 Jan 2017
	to 31 Dec 2018 £	to 31 Dec 2017 £
Loss before taxation	(12,713)	(12,733)
Loss multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (31 December 2017: 19.25%)	(2,415)	(2,451)
Non-taxable distribution from the Partnership	(41)	(34)
Allocation of profit from the Partnership	94	41
Deferred tax assets not recognised	2,362	2,444
Total tax charge for the year		-

(b) Deferred tax

At 31 December the Company has the following unrecognised deferred tax assets to carry forward indefinitely against future taxable income:

	31 Dec 2018 £	31 Dec 2017 £
Unutilised management expenses	12,434	12,908
Deferred tax rate	17%	17%
Deferred tax asset not recognised	2,114	2,194

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

6. Tax on loss (continued)

The total outstanding amount of unrecognised deferred tax asset was as follows:

	31 Dec 2018	31 Dec 2017
	£	£
Opening balance of unrecognised deferred tax assets	8,525	6,331
Deferred tax losses for the year	2,114	2,194
Balance at 31 December	10,639	8,525
	1 11	

The above deferred tax asset has not been provided for as there is insufficient evidence under FRS 102, Section 29 as to the availability of suitable taxable profits in the foreseeable future.

(c) Factors affecting current tax charge for the year

Finance (No.2) Act 2015 introduced legislation reducing the rate of corporation tax from 20% at 1 April 2016 to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 18% 1 April 2020. Finance Act 2016, which received Royal Assent on 15 September 2016, will further reduce the corporation tax rate to 17% from 1 April 2020. There is no impact on the Company's net assets from the reductions in the rates as the Company does not have any recognised deferred tax balances.

7. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	31 Dec 2018 £	31 Dec 2017 £
Other debtors - VAT	795	1,401
Amounts owed by Partnership (see Note 11)	481	89
	1,276	1,490

Amounts owed by group undertakings and by Partnership are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		31 Dec 2018 £	31 Dec 2017 £
	Amounts owed to the Partnership (see Note 11)	50,117	37,619
	Amount owed to group undertakings (see Note 11)	10,795	10,795
	Accruals and deferred income	2,909	2,908
		63,821	51,322
	Amounts owed to the Partnership and to group undertakings are date of repayment and are repayable on demand.	unsecured, interest free	, have no fixed
9.		unsecured, interest free	, have no fixed
9.	date of repayment and are repayable on demand.		, have no fixed 31 Dec 2017 £

10. Contingent liabilities and capital commitments

There were no contingent liabilities or commitments at the Statement of Financial Position date (2017: £Nil).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

11. Related party transactions

	2018 Income earned / (expenses incurred) in the year £	Receivable/ (payable) at year end £	2017 Income earned / (expenses incurred) in the year £	2017 Receivable/ (payable) at year end £
Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership - priority distribution	217	481	175	89
Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership - payment on behalf of the Company	_	(50,117)	-	(37,619)
Aviva Investors No.1 (Holdco) Limited - payment on behalf of the Company	(12,930)	(10,795)	(12,908)	(10,795)
	(12,713)	(60,431)	(12,733)	(48,325)

The Company is entitled to a priority distribution of 0.01% (2017: 0.01%) of the Net Income available for distribution from the Partnership.

During the year professional fees of £10,000 (2017: £10,000) and audit fees of £2,930 (2017: £2,908) were paid by Aviva Investors No.1 (Holdco) Limited on behalf of the Company. At the Statement of Financial Position date the Company owed £10,795 (2017. £10,795) to Aviva Investors No.1 (Holdco) Limited.

12. Financial instruments

	31 Dec 2018	31 Dec 2017
	£	£
Financial assets measured at undiscounted amount:		
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year (see Note 7)	1,276	1,490
		
	31 Dec 2018	31 Dec 2017
	£	£
Financial liabilities measured at undiscounted amount:		
Creditors, amounts falling due within one year (see Note 8)	63,821	51,322

Registered in England and Wales: No. 07739651

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

13. Immediate parent and ultimate controlling party

The Company is owned by Aviva Investors Real Estate Limited.

Aviva Investors Real Estate Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aviva Investors Holdings Limited, whose ultimate controlling entity is Aviva plc.

Aviva plc is the parent undertaking of both the largest and the smallest group of undertakings to consolidate the financial statements at 31 December 2018. The consolidated financial statements of Aviva plc are available on the application to the Group Company Secretary, Aviva plc, St Helen's, 1 Undershaft, London, EC3P 3DQ.

14. Events after the reporting financial year

Events after the end of the reporting year have been evaluated up to the date the financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Directors and there were no significant events after the reporting year that have a bearing on the understanding of these financial statements, except as already disclosed or adjusted in these financial statements.

AVIVA INVESTORS INFRASTRUCTURE INCOME LIMITED PARTNERSHIP ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2018

THESE PARTNERSHIP
ACCOUNTS FORM
PART OF THE ACCOUNTS
OF COMPANY

No. 7739651

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AVIVA INVESTORS INFRASTRUCTURE INCOME LIMITED PARTNERSHIP PARTNERS, ADVISERS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Partners:

Limited Partner

Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Unit Trust

General Partner

Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP Limited

St Helen's

1 Undershaft

London

EC3P 3DQ

Portfolio Manager

Aviva Investors Global Services Limited

St Helen's

1 Undershaft

London

EC3P 3DQ

Fund Manager

Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited

St Helen's

1 Undershaft

London

EC3P 3DQ

Independent Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

7 More London Riverside

London

SE1 2RT

Bankers

Royal Bank of Scotland

London City Office

PO Box 412

62/63 Threadneedle Street

London

EC2R 8LA

Registered Office

St Helen's

1 Undershaft

London

EC3P 3DQ

Registered Number

Registered in England and Wales. No. LP014638

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors of the General Partner (the "Directors") present their Strategic Report of Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") and its subsidiary undertakings (together referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The Partnership

The Partnership was established on 6 September 2011 and is registered as a limited partnership in England and Wales under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907. As at 31 December 2018, a total of £121,565,730 has been drawn down as committed partners capital (31 December 2017: £76,540,361).

Principal Activity of the Group

The principal activity of the Group is to invest, directly or indirectly, into infrastructure in the United Kingdom. The Partnership owns a 100% equity interest in Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.1 Limited, Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.2 Limited, Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.2B Limited, Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.4A Limited and Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.4A Limited and Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.5 Limited (together the "Holdcos") and Aviva Investors Energy Centres No.1 Limited Partnership.

The principal activity of the Holdcos are to act as holding company for infrastructure investments. These infrastructure investments generate income from the operation of solar panels installed on residential properties and the construction and operation of medium and utility scale wind turbines and biomass assets.

The Partnership acquired a 58.70% interest in Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income No.6 Limited during 2018, which is held as a joint venture and also acts as a holding company for investments in telecommunication assets.

The Group has also invested in infrastructure leases and receives rental income from energy facilities. This will continue to be the principal activity of the Group for the foreseeable future.

REVIEW OF THE GROUP'S BUSINESS

Objective and strategy

The objective of the Group is to achieve investment returns in excess of two hundred (200) basis points per annum (net of costs and expenses) above the rate of return generated by long-dated (15 years or more) indexed-linked gilts over the long term.

To achieve the Group's objective, the Group has adopted the following strategy for its property portfolio:

- 1. The Group will focus its investment activities on United Kingdom assets which offer:
- (a) Primary exposure to (i) the availability of underlying eligible infrastructure assets and/or (ii) the operation of the underlying eligible infrastructure assets within regulatory regimes; and
- (b) No exposure or limited exposure to the economic use of the underlying eligible infrastructure assets (other than exposure resulting from the operation of the underlying eligible infrastructure assets within regulatory regimes, where any anticipated exposure shall be limited).
- 2. The Group will own, acquire or invest in (whether directly or indirectly) rights under contracts (including concession based contracts (such as private finance initiative, public private partnership or similar structures) and/or through debt investments) in relation to the eligible infrastructure assets and/or own, acquire or invest in (whether directly or indirectly) the eligible infrastructure assets (or the rights to operate such eligible infrastructure assets).

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

REVIEW OF THE GROUP'S BUSINESS - (CONTINUED)

Objective and strategy - (continued)

- 3. The Group may acquire or invest in infrastructure investments from any sub-sector in the United Kingdom market, including:
- 3.1 Energy (including renewable energy), including:
- (a) solar photovoltaics (i.e. the production of electricity by solar panels);
- (b) wind (excluding assets with any material construction risks);
- (c) hydroelectric (excluding assets with any material construction risks);
- (d) geothermal (excluding assets with any material construction risks);
- (e) biomass (including biogas) (excluding assets with material feedstock risks);
- (f) energy from waste (excluding assets with material feedstock risks).
- 3.2 Energy efficiency, including:
- (a) domestic energy efficiency;
- (b) non-domestic energy efficiency, including combined heat and power facilities
- (c) linked to public buildings;
- (d) metering.
- 3.3 Public buildings:
- (a) schools or other educational facilities;
- (b) hospitals or other medical facilities;
- (c) prisons or detention centres:
- (d) libraries, court building or other municipal buildings;
- (e) central or local government offices buildings;
- (f) offices or other facilities for the emergency services;
- (g) military housing, other military buildings or military training facilities; and
- (h) student accommodation.

3.4 Transportation:

- (a) street lighting;
- (b) roads (availability and other revenue structures where there is limited expected exposure to the economic use of the road only); and
- (c) rail or light rail (availability and other revenue structures where there is limited expected exposure to the economic use of the rail asset only).

3.5 Utility assets:

- (a) electricity transmission and distribution;
- (b) electricity interconnectors;
- (c) gas transmission and distribution;
- (d) gas interconnectors;
- (e) water and wastewater;
- (f) water treatment; and
- (g) telecommunications (where there is limited expected exposure to the economic use of the telecommunications asset).

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

REVIEW OF THE GROUP'S BUSINESS - (CONTINUED)

Objective and strategy - (continued)

- 4. The Group may acquire or invest in infrastructure investments in the following sub-sector:
- 4.1 Renewable Energy:
- (a) any power generation assets that are neither supported by a feed-in-tariff regime nor have an appropriate power purchase agreement in place nor has an appropriate contract for difference in place nor has other appropriate contractual arrangements or mechanisms in place that materially de-risk downside exposure to economic usage.
- 4.2 Transportation:
- (a) airports (economically regulated assets only); and
- (b) ports (economically regulated assets only).
- 5. The Group shall not acquire or invest in assets (including by way of debt investment) in the following subsectors unless as an ancillary part of any acquisition of or investment into an infrastructure investment, in which case such ancillary part shall not constitute more than 10 per cent of the net asset value of the total infrastructure investment being acquired or invested in and shall be disposed of as soon as reasonably practicable after completion of the acquisition or investment:
- 5.1 Renewable energy (feedstock risk):
- (a) biomass (including biogas); and
- (b) energy from waste.
- 5.2 Public buildings:
- (a) tourist facilities; and
- (b) municipal waste.
- 5.3 Transportation (material usage risk):
- (a) economically unregulated airports;
- (b) economically unregulated ports;
- (c) road (material usage risk); and
- (d) rail (material usage risk).
- 5.4 Utility assets (material usage risk):
- (a) telecommunications.
- 6. Infrastructure investments may include investment into or acquisition of eligible infrastructure assets that are operational or in the construction phase.
- 7. Infrastructure investments will be denominated (or have contractual obligations denominated) in Sterling.
- 8. Upon acquisition of or investment into an infrastructure investment, the effective acquisition price of each single underlying eligible infrastructure asset shall not exceed the higher of (i) £125,000,000 and (ii) 20 per cent of the gross asset value of all Partnership assets.
- 9. If the gross asset value of all Group assets exceeds £500,000,000, then upon acquisition of or investment into an infrastructure investment, effective cash flows of each single underlying eligible infrastructure investment shall be forecast to account for no more than 20 per cent of the total cash flows of the Group.

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

REVIEW OF THE GROUP'S BUSINESS - (CONTINUED)

Objective and strategy - (continued)

- 10. The Group will not:
- (a) undertake speculative developments or speculative funding; or
- (b) invest in other funds managed by any entity which is not an associate of, or connected with, the Fund Manager.
- 11. No more than 10 per cent of the gross asset value of all Group assets will be held in index linked gilts, index linked investment grade corporate bonds, money market instruments and derivatives. Such instruments will be held for efficient portfolio management and liquidity management only.

GROUP PERFORMANCE

The consolidated financial position of the Group at 31 December 2018 is shown in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position on page 17, with the results shown in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 16 and the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows on page 20.

The business review is required to contain financial and where applicable, non-financial key performance indicators (KPIs). The General Partner considers that, in line with the activities and objectives of the business, the financial KPIs set out below are those which communicate the performance of the Group as a whole. These KPIs comprise of:

	31 December	31 December
	2018	2017
Fund return per unit per price	4.68%	9.13%
Distribution yield	7.88%	7.95%
Net asset value (NAV)	£114,454,926	£104,706,881
Market value of assets	£782,306,609	£752,945,689
Number of assets	51	51

The Group produced a total return of 4.68% (2017: 9.13%) against a benchmark return of 3.12% (2017: 0.35%). The benchmark is calculated using 3 equally weighted inflation linked gilts which have a comparable duration to that of the Fund.

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT AND OBJECTIVES

£45,025,369 in the form of capital contribution was injected into Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership during the year ended 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: £41,487,631).

£459,192 in the form of return of capital was paid by Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership to Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Unit Trust during the year ended 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: £270,819).

£188.7m was drawn by the Group from a loan facility with Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Unit Trust during the year ended 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: £162.8m).

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

PURCHASES AND DISPOSALS

On 24 October 2018, the Group acquired 55.80% of the equity interest in Hooton Bio Power for a total consideration of £855,342. This did not include a loan granted by the Partnership for the amount of £55,926,061.

On 26 April 2018, the Group acquired 49.00% of the equity interest in Fred. Olsen CBH Limited for a total consideration of £69,626,788. This did not include a loan granted by the Partnership for the amount of £50,051,479.

On 30 September 2018, the Group acquired 58.70% of the equity interest in Aviva Investors Infrastructure No.6 Ltd for a total consideration of £1,923,425.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The General Partner can confirm that there are no events to report after the reporting period.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The key risks arising in the Group are market, interest rate, credit, operational and liquidity risks which are discussed in more detail below.

The Aviva Group's approach to risk and capital management

The Aviva Group operates within its own governance structure and priority framework. It also has its own established governance framework, with clear terms of reference for the Board and the Aviva Executive Committee and a clear organisation structure, with documented delegated authorities and responsibilities (largely through role profiles). Aviva has an Audit Committee, which includes shareholder representatives.

Management of financial and non-financial risks

The Group's exposure to different types of risk is limited by the nature of its business as follows:

Market risk

Market risk, along with all risks, has a direct impact on the discount rate prepared by KPMG and in turn the valuation of the underlying infrastructure investments. However it is mitigated according to the general asset classes as follows:

Small scale solar PV and Onshore Wind investments

All assets are operational with years of performance history and are geographically diversified across the UK. Assets benefit from low irradiation/wind volatility, large majority of revenues from fixed (and indexed) energy prices and operationally simple assets.

Energy from Waste/Biomass investments

Most assets have revenues from fixed (and indexed) energy prices and those that don't are mitigated by high demand for alternatives to traditional land fill waste disposal. This will result in the receipt of index linked gate fees from negotiated fuel supply contracts with local businesses. Where the assets are under construction, the construction risk is mitigated by the Group usually entering into fixed price contracts with experienced contractors, using best in class technology.

Infrastructure Lease investments

All assets provide rental receipts from tenants with income streams supported by renewable energy investments and are typically index-linked over a long-term lease duration.

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES - (CONTINUED)

Management of financial and non-financial risks - (continued)

Market risk - (continued)

Fibre/Broadband investments

Through the roll-out to areas without existing high-quality infrastructure for fibre-broadband, the likelihood of customer up-take and renewals over the long-term increases. Commitments to fund new networks are only made once a base level of customers have contracted for the service.

Energy Centres

With no operational risk taken, all assets provide electricity and heat at a lower cost and carbon footprint than taking energy from the grid to high quality government-backed tenants over a long-term contract.

Interest rate risk

The Group's principal exposure to interest rate risk comes from its loan borrowings from Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Unit Trust ("the Unit Trust"). The loan borrowings are index linked and issued at fixed rates which expose the Partnership to fair value interest rate risk. However, the Directors believe that there is minimal interest rate risk as the loan borrowings are with a related party and that the borrowings are accordingly managed on a group basis.

The table below sets out the carrying amounts, by maturity, of the Group's financial instruments.

	Effective interest rate %	Less than 1 year £	1-5 years £	More than 5 years £	Total £
As at 31 December 2018					
Floating rate					
Cash at bank and in hand	0.75	22,943,064		-	22,943,064
Index linked					
Loans receivable - Fred. Olsen CBH Limited	6.00	-	-	50,630,458	50,630,458
Loans receivable - Hooton Bio Power Limited	7.81	-	-	56,087,408	56,087,408
Loan Payable - Senior Loan	5.18	-	-	(599,123,121)	(599, 123, 121)
Loan Payable - Mezzanine Loan	9.36	-		(279,085,415)	(279,085,415)
		-		(771,490,670)	(771,490,670)
As at 31 December 2017 Floating rate					
Cash at bank and in hand	0.50	30,503,367	-	_	30,503,367
Index linked					
Loan Payable - Senior Loan	4.99	-	-	(456,532,744)	(456,532,744)
Loan Payable - Mezzanine Loan	9.27	<u>-</u>		(231,857,646)	(231,857,646)
		_		(688,390,390)	(688,390,390)

At 31 December 2018, if interest rates on borrowings had been 10 basis points higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the calculated post-tax profit for the year would have been £771,491 (2017: £688,390) lower/higher.

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES - (CONTINUED)

Management of financial and non-financial risks - (continued)

Credit risk

The Group does not have a significant exposure to credit risk as receivables are mainly short-term trading items and related party receivables.

Loan commitments are made under the Limited Partnership Agreement ("LPA") that is signed by all parties so that all members of the Group are aware of their commitments. The General Partner communicates regularly with all the members of the Partnership to make them aware of likely future capital requirements and provide explanations for investment performance to manage the risk of default.

Cash at bank is held with financial institutions with good credit ratings.

Operational risk

Operational risk arises as a result of inadequate or failed internal processes, people or systems; or from external events. Details of the Aviva Group approach to operational risk are set out in the financial statements of Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited, which manages and administers the Group's investments.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is managed by ensuring that there is always sufficient headroom available to meet the working capital requirements of the business. The General Partner monitors the maturity of the Group's obligations as and when they fall due

The maturity analysis of the Group's financial assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2018 was as follows:

				More than	
	On demand	1-3 months	4-12 months	12 months	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Financial Assets					
Loan receivable	-	-	-	106,717,866	106,717,866
Trade debtors	2,270,741	-	_	-	2,270,741
Amounts owed by group undertakings	123,010	-	-	-	123,010
VAT receivable	7,050,373	-	-	-	7,050,373
Other debtors	2,244,806	-	-	-	2,244,806
Interest receivable	2,082,808	-	-	-	2,082,808
Cash at bank and in hand	22,943,064	-	_	-	22,943,064
	36,714,802	-	_	106,717,866	143,432,668
				More than	
	On demand	1-3 months	4-12 months	12 months	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Financial Liabilities					
Accounts payable	5,927,677	-	-	-	5 ,927 ,677
Interest payable	33,499,026	-	-	=	33,499,026
Finance costs - distributions payable	397,546	-	-	-	397,546
Other creditors	15,173,808	-	-	-	15,173,808
Intercompany borrowings	-	-	-	878,208,536	878,208,536
•	54,998,057			878,208,536	933,206,593
					

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES - (CONTINUED)

Management of financial and non-financial risks - (continued)

Liquidity risk - (continued)

The maturity analysis of the Group's financial assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2017 was as follows:

				More than	
	On demand	1-3 months	4-12 months	12 months	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Financial Assets					
Trade debtors	2,102,361	-	-	-	2,102,361
Amounts owed by group undertakings	117,991	-	-	-	117,991
VAT receivable	2,147,367	-	-	-	2,147,367
Other debtors	1,052,989	-	-	-	1,052,989
Cash at bank and in hand	30,503,367	-	-	-	30,503,367
	35,924,075				35,924,075
				More than	
	On demand	1-3 months	4-12 months	12 months	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Financial Liabilities					
Accounts payable	4,695,068	-	-	-	4,695,068
Interest payable	18,347,642	-	-	-	18,347,642
Finance costs - distributions payable	1,776,051	-	-	-	1,776,051
Other creditors	1,147,032	-	-	-	1,147,032
Intercompany borrowings	-	-	-	688,390,390	688,390,390
-	25,965,793	-	-	688,390,390	714,356,183

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

EMPLOYEES

The Partnership has no employees (31 December 2017: Nil). The key management personnel have been identified as the Directors of Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP Limited. The Directors received no remuneration (31 December 2017: £Nil).

ENVIRONMENTAL

The Partnership is managed by Aviva Investors for whom a key component of being a responsible business is ensuring environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) issues are considered throughout the investment process. Aviva Investors regards the consideration of ESG issues and their impact on infrastructure investment as an essential part of the Partnership's fiduciary duty to our clients. This philosophy is firmly embedded within the Partnership's decision-making processes, from initial acquisition through to disposal.

Further information on the Partnership's approach to Responsible Property Investment (RPI) is set out in Aviva Investors Responsible Property Investment Policy. This policy applies to all Aviva Investors Real Estate's global activities and funds under management.

The Partnership benefits from Aviva Investors' membership of the Better Buildings Partnership (BBP). Aviva Investors is also a founding signatory of the Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI).

For and on behalf of the Partnership:

G P Mills

Director of Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP Limited

Date: 26/04/2019

GENERAL PARTNER'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The Directors of the General Partner present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the Group and Partnership for the year ended 31 December 2018.

RESULTS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

The total comprehensive loss for the Group for 2018 was £34,818,132 (2017: loss of £15,225,788, after non-controlling interest). Distributions to the Partners were £3,184,462 (2017: £1,754,418).

£459,192 in the form of return of capital was paid by Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership to Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Unit Trust during the year ended 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: £270,819).

DIRECTORS

The current Directors of Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP Limited and those in office throughout the year, except as noted, are as follows:

A C Appleyard (resigned 17 August 2018)

B S Hill

G P Mills (appointed 29 August 2018)

D S Skinner

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The future development of the Partnership is set out in the Strategic Report.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The General Partner can confirm that there are no events to report after the reporting period.

PARTNERS' ACCOUNTS

Partners' accounts consist of capital contributions and non interest bearing advances. The Partnership has classified the Partners' accounts as a financial liability based on the contractual arrangements within the LPA which require repayment of the net assets/liabilities upon wind up of the Partnership.

The Partners' accounts include capital contributions and Partners' advances as follows:

	Capital Contributions £	Capital Advance £
As at 31 December 2018		
Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure Unit Trust	10	117,638,668
Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP Limited	-	-
	10	117,638,668
	Capital Contributions £	Capital Advance £
As at 31 December 2017		
Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure Unit Trust	10	73,072,491
Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP Limited		-
	10	73,072,491

GENERAL PARTNER'S REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Amounts Attributable to the General Partner

The General Partner is entitled to a priority profit share in accordance with LPA for its services as General Partner.

The General Partner's allocations are expensed through the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The General Partner's priority profit share entitlement for the year was £217 (2017: £175).

Going concern

Despite this net liability position, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Unit Trust (the "Unit Trust") has confirmed that it will not seek repayment of part or all of the amount loaned to the Group for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the Group financial statements. Accordingly the Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

Financial instruments

The business of the Group and Partnership includes use of financial instruments. Details of the Group and Partnership's risk management objectives and policies, and exposures to price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk relating to financial instruments are set out on pages 6 to 9 and Note 25 of the financial statements.

Independent Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP ("PwC") have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to consider their appointment will be proposed at the board meeting of the General Partner.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each person who was a Director of the General Partner on the date that this report was approved confirms that:

- so far as each Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the
 auditors in connection with preparing their report, of which the Partnership's auditors are unaware; and
- each Director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself
 aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditors are aware of that
 information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

GENERAL PARTNER'S REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Statement of General Partner's responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law, as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations"), requires the general partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the general partner has prepared the group and qualifying partnership financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law). Under company law, as applied to qualifying partnerships, the general partner must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and qualifying partnership for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the general partner is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and qualifying partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and qualifying partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group and qualifying partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and qualifying partnership and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations.

General Partner's confirmations

In the case of each general partner in office at the date the General Partner' Report is approved:

- so far as the general partner is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the group and qualifying partnership's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a general partner in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group and qualifying partnership's auditors are aware of that information.

For and on behalf of the Partnership:

G P Mills

Director of Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP Limited

Date: 26/04/2019

Independent auditors' report to the partners of Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership's group financial statements and qualifying partnership financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the qualifying partnership's affairs as at 31 December 2018
 and of the group's loss, the qualifying partnership's profit and the group's and the qualifying partnership's cash flows
 for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Consolidated and Partnership Statements of Financial Position as at 31 December 2018, the Consolidated and Partnership Statements of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2018; the Consolidated and Partnership Statements of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 December 2018, the Consolidated and Partnership Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners for the year ended 31 December 2018; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law, Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the general partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the general partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's and qualifying partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of the above matters.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the group's and qualifying partnership's ability to continue as a going concern. For example, the terms on which the United Kingdom may withdraw from the European Union are not clear, and it is difficult to evaluate all of the potential implications on the group's trade, customers, suppliers and the wider economy.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The general partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and General Partner's Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic Report and General Partner's Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and General Partner's Report for the year ended 31 December 2018 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and qualifying partnership and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and General Partner's Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the general partner for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities in Respect of the Financial Statements set out on page 13, the general partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The general partner is also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the general partner is responsible for assessing the group's and the qualifying partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the general partner either intends to liquidate the group or the qualifying partnership or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the partners of the qualifying partnership as a body in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- · adequate accounting records have not been kept by the qualifying partnership, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of general partner's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · the qualifying partnership financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Sandra Dowling (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London 26 April 2019

AVIVA INVESTORS INFRASTRUCTURE INCOME LIMITED PARTNERSHIP CONSOLIDATED AND PARTNERSHIP STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

		Group	Group	Partnership	Partnership
		1 Jan 18	1 Jan 17	1 Jan 18	1 Jan 17
		to 31 Dec 18 £	to 31 Dec 17 £	to 31 Dec 18 £	to 31 Dec 17 £
	Note	_	~	~	-
Turnover	5	67,672,013	55,873,555	1,877,631	1,547,074
Gross profit		67,672,013	55,873,555	1,877,631	1,547,074
Impairment of investment	16	-	-	(396,013)	(506,501)
Administrative expenses	6	(22,996,041)	(15,136,744)	(559,541)	(238,770)
Depreciation for the year	13	(26,681,619)	(20,840,342)	-	-
Change in fair value of investment property	13	2,787,994	691,699	2,787,994	691,699
Realised gain on disposal of fixed asset		201,842	151,657	-	-
Fair value gain on investments in joint					
ventures		1,886,456	-	-	-
Operating profit		22,870,645	20,739,825	3,710,071	1,493,502
Dividend received	7	7,350,000	-	1,015,130	-
Interest receivable and similar income	8	3,170,672	623,521	4,998	1,104
Interest payable and expenses	9	(73,223,264)	(63,741,679)	-	-
Finance costs - distributions to Partners	10	(3,184,462)	(1,754,418)	(3,184,462)	(1,754,418)
(Loss)/profit before taxation		(43,016,409)	(44,132,751)	1,545,737	(259,812)
Taxation	11	(744,689)	272,853	-	-
(Loss)/profit after taxation		(43,761,098)	(43,859,898)	1,545,737	(259,812)
Other comprehensive income for the year		, , ,	,	, ,	, ,
Change in fair value of fixed assets	13	8,942,966	29,797,524	-	-
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for					
the year		(34,818,132)	(14,062,374)	1,545,737	(259,812)
Attributable to:					
Limited Partners		(34,818,132)	(15,225,788)	1,545,737	(259,812)
Non-controlling interests		-	1,163,414	-	-
		(34,818,132)	(14,062,374)	1,545,737	(259,812)

Continuing operations

All amounts reported in the Consolidated and Partnership Statement of Comprehensive Income for the years ended 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 relate to continuing operations.

AVIVA INVESTORS INFRASTRUCTURE INCOME LIMITED PARTNERSHIP CONSOLIDATED AND PARTNERSHIP STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

		Group 31 Dec 18 £	Group 31 Dec 17 £	Partnership 31 Dec 18 £	Partnership 31 Dec 17 £
Fixed assets	Note				
Intangible assets	12	3,313,567	3,452,553	-	-
Fixed assets	13	748,392,268	730,556,166	-	-
Investment property	13	33,914,341	22,389,523	33,914,341	22,389,523
Net investment in finance leases	14	47,016,728	41,954,164	-	-
Investments in joint ventures	15	74,292,011	-	1,923,425	-
Investments in subsidiaries	16	-	-	56,528,272	53,010,098
Loans receivable	17	106,717,866	-	25,367,861	-
		1,013,646,781	798,352,406	117,733,899	75,399,621
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	18	31,832,166	19,430,382	6,867,870	176,541
Cash at bank and in hand		22,943,064	30,503,367	930,579	3,122,207
		54,775,230	49,933,749	7,798,449	3,298,748
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(70,319,723)	(50,494,747)	(4,726,199)	(4,004,134)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(15,544,493)	(560,998)	3,072,250	(705,386)
Total assets less current liabilities		998,102,288	797,791,408	120,806,149	74,694,235
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20	(878,208,536)	(688.390.390)	_	<u>-</u>
Deferred tax	11	(5,438,826)	(4,694,137)	-	-
		114,454,926	104,706,881	120,806,149	74,694,235
Represented by:					
Partners' interest		114,454,926	104,706,881	120,806,149	74,694,235
Non-controlling interests	21	-	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to Partners		114,454,926	104,706,881	120,806,149	74,694,235

These audited financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP Limited, the General Partner on and were signed on its behalf by:

G P Mills 26/04/2019
Director of Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP Limited

Registered in England and Wales No: LP014638

AVIVA INVESTORS INFRASTRUCTURE INCOME LIMITED PARTNERSHIP CONSOLIDATED AND PARTNERSHIP STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO PARTNERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Consolidated					
	Proceeds from	loss		Non- controlling interests	Total
	partner £	account £	£	mieresis £	£
Balance at 1 January 2017 Total comprehensive	31,855,689	52,258,809	84,114,498	12,513,083	96,627,581
(loss)/income for the year Partners' loan advances during	-	(15,225,788)	(15,225,788)	1,163,414	(14,062,374)
the year	41,487,631	-	41,487,631	-	41,487,631
Capital contribution	-	-	-	8,374,820	8,374,820
Decrease in non-controlling interest Repayment of Partners' loan	-	(5,398,641)	(5,398,641)	(22,051,317)	(27,449,958)
advances during the year	(270,819)	_	(270,819)	_	(270,819)
	(<u> </u>
Balance at 31 December 2017	73,072,501	31,634,380	104,706,881		104,706,881
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(34,818,132)	(34,818,132)	-	(34,818,132)
Partners' loan advances during the year Repayment of Partners' loan	45,025,369	-	45,025,369	-	45,025,369
advances during the year	(459,192)	<u>-</u>	(459, 192)		(459, <u>192)</u>
Balance at 31 December 2018	117,638,678	(3,183,752)	114,454,926		114,454,926

CONSOLIDATED AND PARTNERSHIP STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO PARTNERS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Partnership			
	Proceeds from Partners £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
Balance at 1 January 2017	31,855,689	1,881,546	33,737,235
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(259,812)	(259,812)
Partners' loan advances during the year	41,487,631	-	41,487,631
Repayment of Partners' loan advances during the year	(270,819)	-	(270,819)
Balance at 31 December 2017	73,072,501	1,621,734	74,694,235
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	1,545,737	1,545,737
Partners' loan advances during the year	45,025,369	-	45,025,369
Repayment of Partners' loan advances during the year	(459, 192)	-	(459,192)
Balance at 31 December 2018	117,638,678	3,167,471	120,806,149

CONSOLIDATED AND PARTNERSHIP STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Group	Group	Partnership	Partnership
	1 Jan 2018	1 Jan 2017	1 Jan 2018	1 Jan 2017
	to	to	to	to
	31 Dec 2018 £	31 Dec 2017 £	31 Dec 2018 £	31 Dec 2017 £
Cash flows generated from/(used in)				
operating activities				
Operating profit	22,870,645	20,739,825	3,710,071	1,493,502
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation	26,681,619	20,840,342	-	-
Amortisation	138,986	22,085	-	-
Change in fair value of investment properties	(2,787,994)	(691,699)	(2,787,994)	(691,699)
Impairment of investment	-	-	396,013	506,501
Realised gain on disposal	(201,842)	(151,657)	-	-
Foreign currency gain	-	78,088	-	-
Write-off of loans payable	-	475,445	-	-
Change in fair value of joint venture	(1,886,456)	-	-	-
Deferred tax		1,492,352	-	-
Reduction of cost value on property	-	2,600,000	-	_
Working capital movements			(:	
Increase in debtors	(10,263,560)	(2,981,528)	(6,691,329)	(133,544)
Increase in creditors	(4,697,426)	12,908,762	2,100,570	820,202
One had a second at the	29,853,972	55,332,015	(3,272,669)	1,994,962
Cash flows used in investing activities	(05 700 704)	(470,000,407)		
Purchase of fixed assets	(25,763,731)	(173,068,107)	(0.720.004)	- /E 0E0 644)
Purchase of investment properties	(8,736,824)	(5,059,613)	(8,736,824)	(5,059,614)
Finance lease additions	(5,062,564)	(21,967,584)	- /4 003 405\	-
Contributions to investments in joint ventures Contributions to investments in subsidiaries	(72,405,555)	-	(1,923,425)	(37,069,060)
	717 556	453,062	(3,914,187)	(37,009,000)
Proceeds from fixed assets Interest received	717,556 25,211	453,002 69,988	4,998	1,104
Dividends received	7,350,000	09,900	1,015,130	1, 104
Increase in loan advance	(105,710,629)	_	(25,367,861)	-
increase in loan advance	(209,586,536)	(199,572,254)	(38,922,169)	(42,127,570)
Cash flows generated from financing	(209,380,330)	(199,372,234)	(30,322,103)	(42, 121, 370)
activities				
Interest paid	(56,552,953)	(17,716,840)	_	_
Proceeds from Partners	45,025,369	41,487,631	45,025,369	41,487,631
Repayments to Partners	(459,192)	(270,819)	(459, 192)	(270,819)
Distributions to Partners	(4,562,966)	(270,010)	(4,562,967)	(270,010)
Distributions to Non-controlling interests	(4,002,000)	(19,075,138)	(4,002,007)	_
Proceeds from intercompany borrowings	188,722,003	162,802,086	_	_
Repayment of intercompany borrowings	100,122,000	(30,459,897)	_	_
repayment of intercompany borrowings	172,172,261	136,767,023	40,003,210	41,216,812
Net (decrease)/increase in cash at bank			.5,550,210	,,
and in hand	(7,560,303)	(7,473,216)	(2,191,628)	1,084,204
Cash at bank and in hand at beginning of	(.,,)	(-, -, -, -, -, -,	(=, : = :, ===)	.,
year	30,503,367	37,976,583	3,122,207	2,038,003
Cash at bank and in hand at end of year	22,943,064	30,503,367	930,579	3,122,207

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. General information

Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") invest, directly into infrastructure in the United Kingdom. This will continue to be the principal activity of the Partnership for the foreseeable future.

The Partnership is registered as a limited partnership in England and Wales under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907 and its registered address is St Helen's, 1 Undershaft, London, EC3P 3DQ.

2. Statement of compliance

The Group and individual financial statements of the Partnership have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

3. Accounting policies

3.1 Basis of preparation

These consolidated and separate financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the recognition of fixed assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, investment properties at fair value through profit and loss and investments in joint ventures at fair value through profit and loss.

The functional currency of the Group and the Partnership is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group and partnership operate. The consolidated financial statements are also presented in pounds sterling.

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group and Partnership accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

3.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Partnership and its Group undertakings, as at 31 December 2018. The financial statements of the Group undertakings are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of the subsidiaries acquired are consolidated for the period from or to the date on which control passed. All intra-group balances, transactions, income and expenses with subsidiaries are eliminated on consolidation.

Investments in Group undertakings have been included in the Partnership financial statements at the original equity contribution value less any subsequent repayments of capital and any impairment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.3 Going concern basis

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Partnership and its Group undertakings as at 31 December 2018. The financial position of the Group and Partnership and their liquidity position are set out in these financial statements.

Despite this net liability position, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Unit Trust (the "Unit Trust") has confirmed that it will not seek repayment of part or all of the amount loaned to the Group for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the Group financial statements. In order to cover any immediate shortfall, the Group can request drawdowns from commitments of investors and from available Revolving Credit Facilities. For this reason, the General Partner continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

3.4 Turnover

Turnover comprises feed in tariffs ("FIT") revenue, service income, rental income under infrastructure lease agreements and grid power revenues. Turnover, except for finance lease income, is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents the amount receivable for goods supplied or services rendered, net of returns, discounts and rebates allowed by the Group and value added taxes.

3.5 Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses include administration, finance, professional and management expenses which are recognised on an accruals basis.

3.6 Fund Manager fees

Under the terms of the Fund Manager's Agreement dated 17 May 2016 between the Partnership and Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited (the "Fund Manager"), the fund manager is entitled to an annual fee equivalent to 0.50% of the Unit Trust's Net Asset Value, calculated on a quarterly basis and payable quarterly in arrears.

3.7 Interest receivable and similar income

Interest receivable is recognised in the Statements of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest rate method.

3.8 Interest payable and similar expenses

Interest payable and similar expenses include loan facility interest which is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

3.9 Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation and no provision for taxation on Partnership profits has been made in the financial statements. Any tax on income or capital is the responsibility of each individual partner.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.10 Distributions

Income produced by the Partnership is distributed to the Partners to the extent that the Partnerships income exceeds expenses, on a quarterly basis in accordance with the Partnership Deed. Where the distribution has been determined for the period, the amount is accounted for as a finance cost.

The General Partner and the Fund Manager are required to ensure that no distribution is made that would render the Partnership insolvent or unable to pay its expenses for the six month period following a distribution, having regard to the expected receipts of the Partnership.

3.11 Financial instruments

The Group has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

(i) Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets, including loan receivables, trade and other receivables, cash at bank and in hand are recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price.

Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that investments In equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Financial assets that are classified as receivable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be received, net of impairment.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally self the asset to an unrelated party third without imposing additional restrictions.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.11 Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and loan payable, are initially measured at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Commitments to make payments are measured at cost (which may be nil) less impairment.

Non-current debt instruments which meet the following conditions, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method:

- a) Returns to the holder are (i) a fixed amount, or (ii) a fixed rate of return over the life of the instrument, or (iii) a variable return that, throughout the life of the instrument, is equal to a single reference quoted or observable interest rate, or (iv) some combination of such fixed rate and variable rates, providing that both rates are positive.
- b) There is no contractual provision that could by its terms result in the holder losing the principal amount or any interest attributable to the current period or prior periods.
- c) Contractual provision that permit the issuer to prepay a debt instrument or permit the holder to put it back to the issuer before maturity are not contingent on future events, other than to protect the holder against the credit deterioration of the issuer or a change in control of the issuer, or to protect the holder or issuer against changes in relevant taxation or law.

Debt instruments that are classified as payable within one year and which meet the above conditions are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received, net of impairment.

Other debt instruments not meeting these conditions are measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(iii) Net investments in finance leases

Investments in finance leases are initially recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investments in finance leases are accounted for at amortised cost.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.12 Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the purchase method.

The cost of a business combination is the fair value of the consideration given, liabilities incurred or assumed and of equity instruments issued plus the costs directly attributable to the business combination.

On acquisition of a business, fair values are attributed to the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities unless the fair value cannot be measured reliably, in which case the value is incorporated in goodwill. Where the fair value of contingent liabilities cannot be reliably measured they are disclosed on the same basis as other contingent liabilities.

Goodwill recognised represents the excess of the fair value and directly attributable costs of the purchase consideration over the fair values to the Group's interest in the identifiable net assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired.

On acquisition, goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units ('CGU's') that are expected to benefit from the combination.

Goodwill is amortised over its expected useful life which is estimated to be 25 years reflecting the period for which the fixed assets acquired are expected to be revenue generating.

Goodwill is assessed for impairment when there are indicators of impairment and any impairment is charged to the income statement.

3.13 Fixed assets

Fixed assets consist of investments in solar panel assets, medium scale wind assets, large scale wind assets and biomass assets. Fixed assets are initially recognised at cost and subsequently measured under the revaluation model. If an asset's carrying amount is increased as a result of a revaluation, the increase shall be recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity. However, the increase shall be recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The decrease of an asset's carrying amount as a result of a revaluation shall be recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity, in respect of that asset. If a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Depreciation is calculated as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the expected useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Wind assets - 25 years straight line
Biomass assets - 25 years straight line
PV Solar Installations - 25 years straight line
PV Solar Inverter - 12 years straight line

Depreciation is provided to write off wind assets and biomass assets once brought into productive use.

Fixed assets are derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and they are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Accounting policies (continued)

3.14 Investment property

Properties that are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that are not occupied by the Group, are classified as investment properties. Investment properties comprise freehold land, freehold buildings and land held under operating leases.

Investment properties are initially recorded at cost, including related transaction costs. Transaction costs include property transfer taxes, professional fees and initial leasing commissions to bring the property to the condition necessary for it to operate in the manner intended by the Partnership. Subsequent expenditure on major renovation and development of investment properties is capitalised at cost. The cost of maintenance, repairs and minor improvement are expensed when incurred.

After initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value through profit and loss.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year in which they arise under "Change in fair value of investment property".

Investment properties are derecognised when they have been disposed of or permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of investment properties are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year of retirement or disposal.

Gains or losses on the disposal of investment properties are determined as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying value of the asset in the previous full period financial statements.

3.15 Net investment in finance lease

Assets held under finance leases, which transfer to the Group as lessee, substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalised at the inception of the lease, with a corresponding liability being recognised for the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The capitalised lease debtor is amortised over the shorter of estimated useful life or life of the lease using the interest rate implicit in the lease. The rental payments earned on the lease are split between amortisation of the lease debtor and lease income in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The rental payments received on the lease are distributed to investors every quarter. The distribution is split between a return of capital and income in accordance with the lease model. At the beginning of the lease term, the rental payments received are lower than the capital and income returns from the lease model (the finance lease income on the face of the Statement of Comprehensive Income) and therefore the distribution paid is all income. As such, the lease debtor increases over the first half of the lease term. As the term of the lease progresses, the lease income will eventually exceed the income return on the finance lease and so the distribution to investors will be split between both capital and income. Over the second half of the lease term, the lease debtor will be amortised and eventually reduced to zero.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.16 Impairment of non-financial assets

At each balance sheet date, non-financial assets not carried at fair value are assessed to determine whether there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. If there is such an indication the recoverable amount of the asset is compared to the carrying amount of the asset.

The recoverable amount of the asset is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is defined as the present value of the future cash flows before interest and tax obtainable as a result of the asset's continued use. These cash flows are discounted using a discount rate that represents the risk inherent in the asset.

If the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods, A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

3.17 Investments in joint ventures

An entity is treated as a joint venture where the Group is a party to a contractual agreement with one or more parties from outside the Group to undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control.

In the Group financial statements joint ventures which are considered to be part of an investment portfolio are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such investments are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

3.18 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are held at cost less impairment. Acquisition costs are capitalised as incurred and are included in the assets' carrying amount.

3.19 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of deposits held on call with banks, which are immediately available.

3.20 Intercompany borrowings

Intercompany borrowings are recognised initially at their issue proceeds less transaction costs incurred. Subsequently, borrowings are stated at amortised cost with interest being accrued cyclically as defined in the facility agreements. Borrowing costs have been capitalised and are being amortised using the effective interest rate method over the life of the loan. Interest expense associated with intercompany borrowings is accounted for on an accruals basis.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.21 Partners' accounts

Partners' accounts consist of capital contributions and non interest bearing loans. The Partnership has classified the Partners' accounts as a financial liability based on the contractual arrangements within the Limited Partnership Agreement which require repayment of the net assets/liabilities upon wind up of the Partnership.

3.22 Statement of Cash Flows

The Group and Partnership reports cash flows from operating activities using the indirect method. Finance costs are presented within the Statement of Cash Flows from financing activities. The acquisitions of investment properties, joint ventures and loans receivable are disclosed as cash flows from investing activities because this most appropriately reflects the Group and Partnership's business activities.

3.23 Related party transactions

The Partnership discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned within the same Partnership. Where appropriate, transactions of a similar nature are aggregated unless, in the opinion of the Directors, separate disclosure is necessary to understand the effect of the transactions on the Partnership financial statements.

3.24 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Group a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in the year that the Group becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.25 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Partnership and the Group operate and generate income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits;
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met; and
- Where they relate to timing differences in respect of interests in subsidiaries, associates, branches and joint ventures and the Group can control the reversal of the timing differences and such reversal is not considered probable in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

4. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the Group and Partnership's consolidated financial statements requires the General Partner to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the reporting date. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience, expectations of future events and other factors that are considered to be relevant. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the assets or liabilities affected.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

In the process of applying the Group and Partnership's accounting policies, the General Partner has made the following judgements which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

4. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

Valuation of fixed assets, investment property and joint ventures

The carrying value of the Group's fixed assets, investment properties and joint ventures represents an estimate of the fair value as at the reporting date. The determination of the fair value for fixed assets, investment properties and joint ventures requires the use of estimates such as future cash flows from assets (for instance, future power revenues, feed-in tariffs, lease payments and minimum service payments, capital values of fixtures and fittings, plant and machinery, any environmental matters, the overall repair and condition of the assets and fair value measurement of investment in joint ventures) and discount rates applicable to those assets. Consideration of current market discount rates applied in valuations and purchases of similar assets, taking into account the scale and sector has been made.

The fixed assets, investment properties and joint ventures are valued to fair value as at 31 December 2018, using discounted cash flow analysis where a project's cash flows are forecast and subsequently discounted to present values at a rate that reflects the risk attached to the asset. The Biomass fixed assets are valued by Mazars LLP, professionally qualified financial advisors. The remainder of the fixed assets and investment properties are valued by the Fund Manager, which has significant experience in the location and class of the fixed assets being valued.

Significant assumptions used in valuation:

The valuations performed by the independent valuer for financial reporting processes have been reviewed by the Fund Manager. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the Fund Manager and the independent valuers at least once every quarter. At each year end, the Fund Manager:

- Verifies all major inputs to the independent valuation report
- Assesses valuation movements when compared to the prior year valuation report
- Holds discussions with the independent valuer (where applicable)

The valuation of these fixed assets, investment properties and joint ventures requires significant judgement by the Fund Manager due to the absence of quoted market values, inherent lack of liquidity and the long-term nature of such assets. The process of valuing investments in funds is inevitably based on inherent uncertainties and the resulting values will differ, perhaps materially, from the amounts ultimately realised.

Investments in joint ventures

Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control over an economic activity, and exists only when the strategic financial and operating decisions relating to the activity require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Judgement has been exercised in determining that the Partnership's and Group's investment in joint ventures meets the definition of joint control and the definition of 'a jointly controlled entity' under FRS 102 section 15.8.

Assessing whether the Group controls Hooton Bio Power Limited requires judgement. The Group holds 55.8% of the voting rights but through a shareholder's agreement strategic matters such as approving business plan, financing and disposals of investments need to be approved by unanimous consent that, as per management judgement, indicates the investment is a joint venture. In the Group financial statements joint ventures are measured at fair value as part of an investment portfolio.

Assessing whether the Group controls Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income No.6 Limited requires judgement. The Group holds 58.7% of the voting rights but through a shareholder's agreement strategic matters such as approving business plan, financing and disposals of investments need to be approved by 60% of the director votes, which indicates that both shareholders need to agree on these decisions, that, as per management judgement, indicates the investment is a joint venture. In the Group financial statements joint ventures are measured at fair value as part of an investment portfolio.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

4. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

Impairment of loans receivable

Loans receivable are reviewed for impairment losses whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of an assets net selling price and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows.

5. Turnover

	Group	Group	Partnership	Partnership
	1 Jan 18	1 Jan 17	1 Jan 18	1 Jan 17
	to	to	to	to
	31 Dec 18	31 Dec 17	31 Dec 18	31 Dec 17
	£	£	£	£
FIT and grid power revenue Finance lease income Rental income	61,998,492	51,933,001	-	-
	3,795,890	2,393,480	-	-
	1,877,631	1,547,074	1,877,631	1,547,074
	67,672,013	55,873,555	1,877,631	1,547,074

The future aggregate minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Group 31 Dec 18 £	Group 31 Dec 17 f	Partnership 31 Dec 18	Partnership 31 Dec 17
Not later than 1 year	3,935,588	3,800,515	3,935,588	3,800,515
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	15,962,989	15,720,892	15,962,989	15,720,892
Later than 5 years	51,859,514	55,190,105	51,859,514	55,190,105
	71,758,091	74,711,512	71,758,091	74,711,512

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

6.	Administrative expenses				
		Group	Group	Partnership	Partnership
		1 Jan 18 to	1 Jan 17 to	1 Jan 18 to	1 Jan 17 to
		31 Dec 18	31 Dec 17	31 Dec 18	31 Dec 17
		£	£	£	£
	Auditors' fees - audit services	797,738	732,363	93,796	73,748
	Fund manager fees	4,207,711	3,398,199	459,363	297,198
	Maintenance fees	7,146,244	4,820,348	-	-
	Insurance	394,895	394,588	682	1,444
	Bank charges	44,417	61,939	79	189
	Legal fees	197,044	142,828	62,992	-
	Professional fees	705,286	426,101	67,246	3,250
	Administrator fees	267,507	172,572	129,160	-
	Rental and accommodation charges	2,293,913	1,728,273	-	-
	Property management fees	3,592,374	1,559,699	-	-
	Property tax	1,223,838	962,591	-	-
	Other administrative expenses	2,125,074	956,243	(253,777)	81,941
	Write-back of deal costs	-	(219,000)	-	(219,000)
		22,996,041	15,136,744	559,541	238,770
7.	Dividend received				
		Group	Group	Partnership	Partnership
		1 Jan 18	1 Jan 17	1 Jan 18	1 Jan 17
		to 31 Dec 18	to 31 Dec 17	to	to 31 Dec 17
		31 Dec 18 £	31 Dec 17	31 Dec 18 £	31 Dec 17
	Dividend received	7,350,000	-~	1,015,130	-~

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Interest receivable and similar income				
	Group 1 Jan 18	Group 1 Jan 17	Partnership 1 Jan 18	Partnership 1 Jan 17
			• •	to 31 Dec 17
	£	£	£	£
Write-off of loans payable	-	475,445	-	-
Bank interest receivable	25,211	_	-	-
Interest received	2,823,135	9,007	4,998	1,104
Other interest receivable and similar income	322,326	60,981	-	-
Foreign currency gain	-	78,088	-	-
	3,170,672	623,521	4,998	1,104
Interest payable and expenses				
	Group	Group	Partnership	Partnership
				1 Jan 17 to
	**		31 Dec 18	31 Dec 17
	£	£	£	£
Loan interest	73,223,264	63,741,679		-
Finance costs - distributions to Partners				
	Group			Partnership
				2017 £
	_	£		L
		-	•	-
	397,546	1,754,418	397,546	1,754,418
Total amounts of distribution as per Statement of Comprehensive Income	3,184,462	1,754,418	3,184,462	1,754,418
	Write-off of loans payable Bank interest receivable Interest received Other interest receivable and similar income Foreign currency gain Interest payable and expenses Loan interest Finance costs - distributions to Partners Finance costs - distributions declared and paid Declared distributions at 31 December	Group 1 Jan 18 to 31 Dec 18 £ Write-off of loans payable Bank interest receivable Interest received Other interest receivable and similar income Foreign currency gain Interest payable and expenses Group 1 Jan 18 to 31 Dec 18 £ Loan interest T3,223,264 Finance costs - distributions to Partners Group 2018 £ Finance costs - distributions declared and paid Declared distributions at 31 December 31 Dec 18 2,786,916	Group 1 Jan 18	Group 1 Jan 18

In accordance with the Partnership Agreement, distributions of net income have been allocated to the Partners in proportion to their ownership percentage for the year to which the distribution relates. At the year end the percentage holdings were:

Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure Unit Trust Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP Limited

99.99% 0.01%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

11. Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation and no provision for taxation on Partnership losses has been made in the financial statements. Any tax on income or capital is the responsibility of each individual partner. All taxable income arises from the Holdcos and their subsidiaries. The table below relates to these Holdcos and subsidiaries.

	Group 1 Jan 18 to 31 Dec 18 £	Group 1 Jan 17 to 31 Dec 17 £
Year ended 31 December 2018		
Loss before taxation	(43,016,409)	(44,132,751)
Current charge at standard UK corporation tax rate of 19% (31 December 2017: 19.25%)	(8,173,118)	(8,495,555)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	4,230,913	1,313,974
Income not taxable for tax purposes	(2,818,098)	(2,243,323)
Capital gains	-	41,787
Share of partnership losses	(1,423,915)	1,146,419
Deferred tax not recognised in the year	7,812,236	6,831,053
Adjustments in respect of prior years' deferred tax	328,415	(150,805)
Change in tax rates	848,283	866,942
Other tax adjustments, reliefs and transfers	(90,340)	418,174
Other permanent differences	26,155	(1,519)
Other movements	4,158	-
Total tax charged/(credited) for the year	744,689	(272,853)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The rate of corporation tax changed to 19% with effect from 1 April 2017. Finance Act 2016, which received Royal Assent on 15 September 2016, will reduce the corporation tax rate further to 17% from 1 April 2020.

The Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities have been calculated at 17%. The reduction in the future tax rate has provided a net credit to the Statement of Comprehensive Income tax charge of £848,283 (2017: £866,942).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

11. Taxation (continued) Deferred Taxation Provision for deferred tax

	Group	Group
	2018	2017
	£	£
At 1 January	4,694,137	-
Income statement charge / (credit) for this year	416,274	(272,853)
Deferred tax on goodwill	-	3,474,638
Amounts arising from prior year	328,415	1,492,352
At 31 December	5,438,826	4,694,137
The provision of deferred tax is made up of:		
	Group	Group
	2018	2017
	£	£
Short term timing difference	(10,918)	130,369
Accelerated capital allowances	2,998,744	1,122,243
Deferred tax on goodwill	3,474,638	3,474,638
Tax losses carried forward	(1,023,638)	(33,113)
Deferred tax liability	5,438,826	4,694,137

Deferred tax assets of £26,367,447 (31 December 2017: £18,291,691) have not been recognised in these financial statements as there is insufficient evidence as to the availability of suitable profits in the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

12. Intangible assets

Group

Group	
	Goodwill £
Cost	
At 1 January 2018	3,474,638
At 31 December 2018	3,474,638
Amortisation	
At 1 January 2018	22,085
Charge for the year	138,986
At 31 December 2018	161,071
Net book value	
At 31 December 2018	3,313,567
At 31 December 2017	3,452,553

Goodwill has been assessed for impairment by management and there were no indicators of impairment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

13. Fixed assets and investment property

Group					
Fixed assets		Medium	•		
	Solar panel	scale wind	scale wind	Biomass	
	investments	investments	investments	investments	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Valuation at 1 January 2017	330,475,976	13,086,742	111,989,691	93,021,306	548,573,715
Additions during the year	102,640	45,297,357	82,487,789	48,038,888	175,926,674
Disposals during the year	(2,901,405)	-	-	-	(2,901,405)
Depreciation	(15,558,954)	(525,456)	(4,755,932)	-	(20,840,342)
Change in fair value of fixed assets					
(other comprehensive income)	5,412,564	3,016,706	31,572,416	(10,204,162)	29,797,524
Valuation at 31 December 2017	317,530,821	60,875,349	221,293,964	130,856,032	730,556,166
Valuation at 1 January 2018	317,530,821	60,875,349	221,293,964	130,856,032	730,556,166
Additions during the year	248,224	842,112	-	35,000,132	36,090,468
Disposals during the year	(515,714)	-	-	-	(515,714)
Depreciation	(15,042,265)	(2,745,619)	(8,893,735)	-	(26,681,619)
Change in fair value of fixed assets					
(other comprehensive income)	23,866,360	(2,075,708)	11,116,721	(23,964,407)	8,942,966
Valuation at 31 December 2018	326,087,426	56,896,134	223,516,950	141,891,757	748,392,267

The fixed assets have been revalued based on an internal discounted cash flow model. The carrying amounts that would have been recognised under the cost model amounts to £285,506,962 (31 December 2017: £164,266,520) in relation to Solar Panel Investments, £56,398,700 (31 December 2017: £55,556,588) in relation to Medium Scale Wind Investments, £189,559,097 (31 December 2017: £189,559,098) in relation to Large Scale Wind Investments, and £176,125,573 (31 December 2017: £135,532,333) in relation to Biomass Investments.

The accumulated depreciation as at 31 December 2018 amounts to £59,462,847 (31 December 2017: £44,420,582) in relation to Solar Panel Investments, £3,366,714 (31 December 2017: £621,095) in relation to Medium Scale Wind Investments, £14,374,442 (31 December 2017: £5,480,708) in relation to Large Scale Wind Investments, and £nil (31 December 2017: £nil) in relation to Biomass Investments.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

13. Fixed assets and investment property (continued)

_	Infrastructure lease	
inv	estments	
	£	
	3,638,210	
{	5,059,614	
	691,699	
22	2,389,523	
22	2,389,523	
8	3,736,824	
2	2,787,994	
33	3,914,341	
31 Dec 18	31 Dec 17 £	
-	_	
22,389,523	16,638,210	
8,736,824	5,059,614	
2,787,994	691,699	
2,701,001		
	22 22 8 22 33 31 Dec 18 £ 22,389,523	

	31 Dec 18	31 Dec 17
	£	£
Infrastructure Lease Investments	27,517,369	18,780,545

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

14.

Net investment in finance leases		
	2018 £	2017 £
Group	_	_
As at 1 January	41,954,164	19,986,581
Additions during the year	5,062,564	21,967,583
As at 31 December	47,016,728	41,954,164
	31 Dec 18	31 Dec 17
Total amounts receivable	118,774,819	116,665,676
Less: interest allocated to future periods	(71,758,091)	(74,711,512)
Net investment in finance leases	47,016,728	41,954,164
Not later than 1 year	(700,191)	(4,978,653)
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	(123,666)	(478,296)
Later than 5 years	47,840,585	47,411,113
Net investment in finance leases	47,016,728	41,954,164

On 27 February 2014, the Aviva Investors Energy Centres No.1 Limited Partnership ("Energy Centres") entered into a Construction Agency Agreement to design, construct and install Energy facilities at Cheltenham Hospital. The cash flows associated with this agreement have been built into the finance lease model. This has resulted in a debtor of £40,255 (31 December 2017: £32,821) due within one year and a debtor greater than one year of £2,187,688 (31 December 2017: £2,230,544).

On 18 June 2015, Energy Centres entered into an agreement for the construction of an energy centre in Oxford to be utilised by Oxford University Hospitals National Health Service Trust. The cash flows associated with this agreement have been built into a finance lease model. This has resulted in a creditor of £183,787 (31 December 2017: £193,085) due within one year and a debtor greater than one year of £15,384,084 (31 December 2017: £15,192,867).

On 29 July 2015, Energy Centres entered into an agreement for the construction of an energy centre to be utilised by Tayside NHS healthcare services in Dundee and Perth areas in Scotland. The cash flows associated with this agreement have been built into a finance lease model. This has resulted in a creditor of £181,607 (31 December 2017: £190,417) due within one year and a debtor greater than one year of £15,784,493 (31 December 2017: £15,598,939).

On 29 December 2015, Energy Centres entered into an agreement for the construction of an energy centre to be utilised by Grampian NHS healthcare services. The cash flows associated with this agreement have been built into a finance lease model. This has resulted in a creditor of £512,936 (31 December 2017: £119,827) due within one year and a debtor greater than one year of £9,398,738 (31 December 2017: £8,853,143).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

14. Net investment in finance leases (continued)

On 24 May 2017, Energy Centres entered into an agreement for the construction of an energy centre for NHS Gloucestershire. The cash flows associated with this agreement have been built into a finance lease model. This has resulted in a debtor of £137,884 (31 December 2017: creditor £4,508,145) due within one year and a debtor greater than one year of £4,961,916 (31 December 2017: £5,057,324).

The net figure of £47,016,728 (31 December 2017: £41,954,164) has been included in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

15. Investments in joint ventures

	Group	Group	Partnership	Partnership
	31 Dec 2018	31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2018	31 Dec 2017
	£	£	£	£
Investment in Fred. Olsen CBH Limited 1 a	72,196,641	-	-	-
Investment in Hooton Bio Power Limited 2 b	403,275	-	-	-
Investment in Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income No.6 Limited ^{2 c}	1,692,095	-	1,923,425	-
	74,292,011	-	1,923,425	

- (1) Address of the registered office: 2nd Floor 64-65 Vincent Square, London, United Kingdom, SW1P 2NU
- (2) Address of the registered office: St Helen's, 1 Undershaft, London, United Kingdom, EC3P 3DQ
- (a) Nature of the business is that of a holding company. The Group owns a 49.00% interest in this undertaking.
- (b) Nature of the business is that of Biomass energy. The Group owns a 55.80% interest in this undertaking.
- (c) Nature of the business is that of investment. The Group owns a 58.70% interest in this undertaking.

All the above named companies are registered in England and Wales.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

16. Investments in subsidiaries

	Partnership 31 Dec 18 £	Partnership 31 Dec 17 £
Partnership		
Investment in Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.1 Limited 1 a	2,898,232	2,898,232
Investment in Aviva Investors Energy Centres No.1 Limited Partnership 1 a	49,992,049	48,162,611
Investment in Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.2 Limited 1 a	370,588	118,251
Investment in Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income No.2B Limited ^{1 a}	-	1
Investment in Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.3 Limited ^{1 a}	-	-
Investment in Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.4A Limited ^{1 b}	1	1
Investment in Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.4B Limited 1 b	1	1
Investment in Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.5 Limited ^{1 a}	3,267,401	1,831,001
	56,528,272	53,010,098

The above investments in subsidiaries represent at the end of the year the material interests of the Group. The Partnership has 100% shareholding of all of the above listed subsidiaries which is held through from incorporation.

- (1) Address of the registered office: St Helen's, 1 Undershaft, London, United Kingdom, EC3P 3DQ
- (a) Nature of the business is that of investment.
- (b) Nature of the business is that of a Nominee.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

16. Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

The details of the investments are as follows: Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.1 Limited	Partnership 31 Dec 2018 £	Partnership 31 Dec 17 £
Cost at 1 January	2,898,232	2,898,232
Historic cost of investment at 31 December	2,898,232	2,898,232

The investment represents a 100% equity interest in Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.1 Limited (the "Holdco 1"). The Holdco was incorporated on 19 March 2012 in the United Kingdom.

The Holdco 1 invests and owns 100% of the equity interests in the below mentioned companies:

Company	Equity interest	Country of incorporation	Business activity
HomeSun Limited ²	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
HomeSun 2 Limited 2*	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
HomeSun 3 Limited 2*	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
HomeSun 4 Limited 2*	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
HomeSun 5 Limited 2*	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
EES Operations 1 Limited ¹	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
Free Solar HoldCo Limited ⁴	100%	United Kingdom	Holding company
Free Solar (Stage 1) Limited ²	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
Free Solar (Stage 2) Limited ¹	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
New Energy Residential Solar Limited ²	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
Anesco Mid Devon Limited ²	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
Anesco South West Limited ²	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
TGHC Limited ²	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
Freetricity South East Limited ³	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
Norton Energy SLS Limited ²	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
Renewable Clean Energy Limited ¹	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy
Solar Clean Energy Limited 1	100%	United Kingdom	Solar energy

- (1) Address of the registered office: St Helen's, 1 Undershaft, London, United Kingdom, EC3P 3DQ.
- (2) Address of the registered office: The Green, Easter Park, Benyon Road, Reading, RG7 2PQ. (3) Address of the registered office: Argyll House, All Saints Passage, London, SW18 1EP.
- (4) Address of the registered office: 30 Finsbury Square, London, EC2P 2YU. (*) Ownership is held indirectly.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

16. Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

	Partnership 2018 £	Partnership 2017 £
Aviva Investors Energy Centres No.1 Limited Partnership		
Cost at 1 January	48,162,611	12,281,054
Additions during the year	1,829,438	35,881,557
Historic cost of investment at 31 December	49,992,049	48,162,611

On 8 February 2013, the Partnership entered into a Limited Partnership Agreement to invest in Aviva Investors Energy Centres No.1 Limited Partnership with a total commitment of £18,000,000. The total commitment was increased to £31,999,990 on 2 December 2015 and to £49,999,990 on 30 November 2016.

The investment represents a 100% equity interest in Aviva Investors Energy Centres No.1 Limited Partnership.

Partnership 2018	Partnership 2017
£	£
118,251	118,251
252,337	-
370,588	118,251
	2018 £ 118,251 252,337

The investment represents a 100% equity interest in Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.2 Limited (the "Holdco 2"). The Holdco was incorporated on 24 February 2015 in the United Kingdom.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

16. Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

The Holdco 2 invests and owns 100% of the equity interests in the below mentioned companies:

Company	Equity interest	Country of incorporation	Business activity
Medium Scale Wind No.1 Limited ¹	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
SE11 PEP Limited 2*	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
CE01 PEP Limited ^{2*}	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
CE07 PEP Limited 2*	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
AD06 PEP Limited 2*	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
SE06 PEP Limited 2*	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
ILI (Haywood Head) Ltd 3*	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
London&Cambridge Energy Ltd 3*	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
Stafford Wind Ltd 1*	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
Saunton Wind Ltd 1*	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
PRE (Whitehill) Ltd 1*	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
Coalville Wind Ltd 1*	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
ILI (Garelwood) Ltd 3*	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
Sunnyside 1 WindTurbine Ltd 3*	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
Sunnyside 2 WindTurbine Ltd ^{1*}	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy

- (1) Address of the registered office: St Helen's, 1 Undershaft, London, United Kingdom, EC3P 3DQ.
- (2) Address of the registered office: 1020 Eskdale Road, Winnersh, Wokingham, RG41 5TS.
- (3) Address of the registered office: Pitheavlis, Perth, Scotland, PH2 0NH.
- (*) Ownership is held indirectly

	Partnership	Partnership
	2018	2017
	£	£
Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income No.2B Limited		
Cost at 1 January	1	-
Additions during the year	219,512	1
Impairment of investment	(219,513)	-
Historic cost of investment at 31 December	-	1

The investment represents a 100% equity interest in Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income No.2B Limited (the "Holdco 2B"). The Holdco was incorporated on 31 July 2017 in the United Kingdom.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

16. Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

The Holdco 2B invests in the below mentioned companies:

Company	Equity interest	Country of incorporation	Business activity
ILI (Neilstonside) Ltd ²	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
Medium Scale Wind No.2 Limited			
(formerly ILI (Letham Farm) Ltd) 2	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
ILI (West Strathore Farm) Ltd ²	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
Windlend(Leicestershire) Ltd ¹	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
Windlend (Southrigg) Ltd ¹	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy

(1) Address of the registered office: St Helen's, 1 Undershaft, London, United Kingdom, EC3P 3DQ.

(2) Address of the registered office: Pitheavlis, Perth, Scotland, PH2 0NH.

	Partnership 2018	Partnership 2017
Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.3 Limited	£	£
Cost at 1 January	-	-
Additions during the year	176,500	506,501
Impairment of investment	(176,500)	(506,501)
Historic cost of investment at 31 December	-	-

The investment represents a 100% equity interest in Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.3 Limited (the "Holdco 3"). The Holdco was incorporated on 28 May 2015 in the United Kingdom.

The Holdco 3 invests in the below mentioned companies:

Company	Equity interest	Country of incorporation	Business activity
Biomass UK No.1 LLP 1	100%	United Kingdom	Biomass energy
Biomass UK No.2 Limited ¹	100%	United Kingdom	Biomass energy
Biomass UK No.3 Limited ¹	100%	United Kingdom	Biomass energy
Sunrise Renewables (Hull) Limited 1*	100%	United Kingdom	Dormant company
Sunrise Renewables (Barry) Limited 2*	100%	United Kingdom	Dormant company
Boston Biomass Ltd (formerly	100%	United Kingdom	Dormant company
Alternative Use Group Plc) 1*			
Boston Wood Recovery Limited 1*	100%	United Kingdom	Dormant company

(1) Address of the registered office: St Helen's, 1 Undershaft, London, United Kingdom, EC3P 3DQ.

(2) Address of the registered office: 1020 Eskdale Road, Winnersh, Wokingham, RG41 5TS.

(*) Ownership is held indirectly.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

16.

Investments in subsidiaries (continued)		
	Partnership 2018 £	Partnership 2017 £
Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.4A Limited		<i>L</i> .
Cost at 1 January	1	1
Additions during the year	-	-
Historic cost of investment at 31 December	<u></u>	
Historic cost of investment at 31 December	-	1
	Partnership	Partnership
	2018 £	2017
Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.4B Limited	£	£
Cost at 1 January	1	1
Additions during the year	-	-
Historic cost of investment at 31 December		1
	Partnership	Dartnarahin
	2018	Partnership 2017
Asing Investors DESI Minfrestors Aug No. 5 Limited	£	£
Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.5 Limited		
Cost at 1 January	1,831,001	1,150,000
Additions during the year	1,436,400	681,001
Historic cost of investment at 31 December	3,267,401	1,831,001

The investment represents a 100% equity interest in Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure No.5 Limited (the "Holdco 5"). The Holdco was incorporated on 29 April 2016 in the United Kingdom.

The Holdco 5 invests and owns 100% of the equity interests in the below mentioned companies:

Company	Equity interest	Country of incorporation	Business activity
Jacks Lane Energy Limited ¹	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
Woolley Hill Electrical Energy Limited 1	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
Turncole Wind Farm Limited ¹	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
Den Brook Energy Limited ¹	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy
Minnygap Energy Limited ¹	100%	United Kingdom	Wind energy

⁽¹⁾ Address of the registered office: St Helen's, 1 Undershaft, London, United Kingdom, EC3P 3DQ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

17. Loans i	receivable
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	31 Dec 2018	31 Dec 2017
	£	£
Group		
Fred. Olson CBH Limited	50,630,458	-
Hooton Bio Power Limited	56,087,408	-
	 	
	106,717,866	-

In 2018, the Group entered into a loan facility with Fred. Olsen CBH Limited. The loan was utilised in one tranche with a maximum amount of £50,051,479 and bearing interest of 6.00% per annum. At the year end, £50,051,479 was drawn down. Interest of £578,979 (31 December 2017: £Nil) was capitalised during the year. The loan is unsecured and repayable in full on 30 June 2036.

In 2018, the Group entered into a loan facility with Hooton Bio Power Limited. The loan has a maximum amount of £88,000,000 and bears interest of 7.81% per annum. During the year, £30,558,200 was drawn down on the loan. An amount of £161,347 representing RPI adjustment on the loan was capitalised during the year. The loan is unsecured and repayable in full on 31 December 2051.

On 24 October 2018, the Partnership entered into an agreement to finance the construction of an energy plant to be utilised by Hooton Bio Power Limited. Whilst legally structured as a lease, the accounting standards require the treatment of this as a loan receivable. The outstanding balance is £25,367,861 (31 December 2017: £nil), with further advances due as the project progresses. Repayment is over the life of the 33 year contract (see Note 22).

	31 Dec 2018	
Partnership	£	£
Hooton Bio Power Limited	25,367,861	-
As at 31 December	25,367,861	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

18. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group	Group	Partnership	Partnership
	31 Dec 18	31 Dec 17	31 Dec 18	31 Dec 17
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	2,270,741	2,102,361	-	-
Amounts owed by group undertakings	123,010	117,991	187,250	175,559
VAT receivable	7,050,373	2,147,367	6,064,831	-
Other debtors	2,244,806	1,052,989	615,789	982
Accrued income	16,511,982	12,550,235	•	-
Prepayments	1,548,446	1,459,439	-	-
Interest receivable	2,082,808	-		-
	31,832,166	19,430,382	6,867,870	176,541

19. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group	Group	Partnership	Partnership
	31 Dec 18	31 Dec 17	31 Dec 18	31 Dec 17
	£	£	£	£
Accounts payable	5,927,677	4,695,068	3,182,141	-
Interest payable	33,499,026	18,347,642	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	508,874	390,433
Deferred income	4,986,852	4,639,532	-	-
Finance costs - distributions payable	397,546	1,776,051	397,546	1,776,051
Accruals	10,334,814	19,889,422	637,638	1,691,470
Other creditors	15,173,808	1,147,032	-	146,180
	70,319,723	50,494,747	4,726,199	4,004,134

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

20. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group 2018 £	Group 2017 £	Partnership 2018 £	Partnership 2017 £
Senior Loan (Tranche A)	599,123,121	456,532,744	-	-
Senior Loan (Tranche B)	279,085,415	231,857,646	-	-
	878,208,536	688,390,390	-	-

On 6 July 2012 Holdco 1 entered into an unsecured loan facility with Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Unit Trust (the "Unit Trust'). The loan facility is unsecure and due to be repaid in full on 31 December 2026 and was utilised in two tranches: Tranche A facility with a maximum amount of £97,500,000 and bearing interest of 4% per annum; Tranche B facility with a maximum amount of £31,200,000 and bearing interest of 8% per annum. On 3 May 2013 the Holdco entered into an amended agreement with the Trust whereby the Company may elect to split the Facility between Tranche A and Tranche B as it deems appropriate on each drawdown, provided that the total amount of the Facilities shall not exceed £500,000,000.

On 13 March 2015, Holdco 1 and the Unit Trust entered into an amended loan facility agreement and extended the repayment date of the loan to 31 December 2040.

On 13 March 2015 the Trust entered into an agreement with the Holdco 2, whereby the Trust has made loan facilities available to the Holdco 2 in two tranches. Tranche A and Tranche B bear interest at 5% and 8.5% per annum respectively. Interest is payable on a quarterly basis. The loan will be adjusted on each interest payment date, increasing the loan to an amount equal to the value of the loan multiplied by the Index Ratio in accordance with Section 5 of the loan agreement. The Index Ratio increase is recognised as loan interest income in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The loan is unsecured and is repayable on 31 December 2040. The Trust may elect to split the Facility between Tranche A and Tranche B as it deems appropriate on each drawdown, provided that the total amount of the Facilities shall not exceed £500,000,000.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

20. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

On 7 August 2015 the Trust entered into an agreement with the Holdco 3, whereby the Trust has made loan facilities available to the Holdco 3 by way of either a Tranche A loan or a Tranche B loan, provided that the total amount of the Facilities shall not exceed £500,000,000. The Trust may elect to split the Facility between the Tranche A Facility and the Tranche B Facility as it deems appropriate on each drawdown. Interest is payable on a quarterly basis. The Tranche A loan will be adjusted on each interest payment date, increasing the loan to an amount equal to the value of the loan multiplied by the Index Ratio in accordance with Section 5 of the loan agreement. The Index Ratio increase is recognised as loan interest income in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The loan is unsecured and is repayable on 31 December 2045.

On 17 May 2016 the Trust entered into an agreement with the Holdco 5, whereby the Trust has made loan facilities available to the Holdco 5 by way of either a Tranche A loan or a Tranche B loan, provided that the total amount of the Facilities shall not exceed £1,000,000,000. The Trust may elect to split the Facility between the Tranche A Facility and the Tranche B Facility as it deems appropriate on each drawdown. Interest is payable on a quarterly basis. The Tranche A loan will be adjusted on each interest payment date, increasing the loan to an amount equal to the value of the loan multiplied by the Index Ratio in accordance with Section 5 of the loan agreement. The Index Ratio increase is recognised as loan interest income in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The loan is unsecured and is repayable on 31 December 2045.

21. Non-controlling interests

	Group 2018 £	Group 2017 £
Opening non-controlling interests at 1 January	-	12,513,083
Share of net results for the year	•	1,163,414
Capital contribution	-	8,374,820
Decrease in non-controlling interest	-	(22,051,317)
Non-controlling interests at 31 December		

In the year ended 31 December 2017, the Group acquired the remaining 50% equity interest in Aviva Investors Energy Centres No. 1 Limited Partnership.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

22. Contingent liabilities and commitments

The Group are in receipt of total claims of £48.3m in relation to Biomass construction contracts. The General Partner does not consider any future settlement probable. Due to the nature of the claims, the timings of resolution remain uncertain.

On 24 October 2018 the Partnership entered into the underlease agreement relating to Land at Hooton Park for 33 years. Under this project the Partnership is to provide the related SPV with approximately £62,886,500 of financing in four instalments. The first two instalments were finalized in 2018 totalling £24,960,000 (£25,065,000 as per contract).

There other two instalments are expected to be completed upon finalizing the Milestone Event number 12 of the project and upon its viability date. The amounts of the third instalment is £20,000,000 and of the fourth £17,821,500 with the expected date of delivery being the fourth quarter of 2019 and the second quarter of 2021, respectively.

23. Net assets attributable to Partners

	Unit Trust 100% £	Total 100% £
Proceeds from Partner	_	-
At 1 January 2018	73,072,501	73,072,501
Proceeds received	45,025,369	45,025,369
Repayment of Partner's advances	(459, 192)	(459, 192)
At 31 December 2018	117,638,678	117,638,678
Profit and loss account	31,634,380	31,634,380
At 1 January 2018	(34,818,132)	(34,818,132)
Profit during the year attributable to Limited Partners At 31 December 2018	(3,183,752)	(34,616,132)
Net assets attributable to Partners at 31 December 2018 Net assets attributable to Partners at 31 December 2017	114,454,926 104,706,881	114,454,926 104,706,881

The General Partner has 0.01% ownership. There are no net assets attributable to the General Partner.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

24. Related party transactions

	2018 Expenses paid this year £	2018 (Payable)/ receivable at year end £	2017 Expenses paid this year £	2017 (Payable)/ receivable at year end £
Group				
Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited - fund management fees Expenses paid on behalf of Aviva Investors Infrastructure GP	(4,207,711)	(3,260,179)	(3,398,199)	(1,071,468)
Limited	-	50,910	-	33,587
Aviva Investors REaLM Energy Centres Limited Partnership Aviva Investors REaLM Energy	-	-	-	235
Centres GP Limited	(21,640)	-	-	21,640
Aviva Investors REaLM Energy Centres No.1 GP Limited Aviva Investors Infrastructure	-	62,098	-	47,528
Income Unit Trust - Ioan Aviva Investors Infrastructure	-	(878,208,536)	-	(688,390,390)
Income Unit Trust - Ioan interest Distributions to Aviva Investors	(72,800,486)	(33,499,026)	(63,741,679)	(18,347,642)
Infrastructure Income Unit Trust Distributions to Aviva Investors	(3,184,462)	(397, 154)	-	(1,775,876)
Infrastructure GP Limited Aviva Investors UK Fund Services	(217)	(392)	(175)	(175)
Limited - valuation fees Aviva Investors Infrastructure	(220,220)	(543,386)	(220,220)	(323,166)
Income No.3b Limited Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income No.6 Limited - Ioan	-	(26,712)	-	-
interest Aviva Investors Infrastructure	-	(157,563)	-	-
Income Midco 6.1 Limited	-	(9,570)	_	-
Hooton Bio Power Limited - Ioan	-	30,719,547	_	-
Hooton Bio Power Limited - Ioan				
interest	511,123	349,776	-	-
Fred. Olsen CBH Limited - loan Fred. Olsen CBH Limited - loan	-	50,630,458	-	-
interest	2,312,011	1,733,032	<u> </u>	
	(77,611,602)	(832,556,697)	(67,360,273)	(709,805,727)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

24. Related party transactions (continued)

	2018 Expenses paid this year	receivable at	2017 Expenses paid this year	2017 (Payable)/ receivable at year end
	£	£	£	£
Partnership				
Aviva Investors UK Fund				
Services Limited - fund				
management fees	(459,363)	(242,272)	(297, 198)	(143,402)
Expenses paid on behalf of Aviva				
Investors Infrastructure GP				
Limited	-	40,115	-	22,792
Aviva Investors REaLM Energy				
Centres Limited Partnership	-	-	-	235
Aviva Investors REaLM Energy				
Centres GP Limited	(208)	-	-	208
Aviva Investors REaLM Energy				
Centres No.1 GP Limited	-	393	-	393
Aviva Investors Infrastructure				
Income Midco 6.1 Limited	-	(9,570)	-	-
Distributions to Aviva Investors				
Infrastructure Income Unit Trust	(3,184,462)	(397,154)	-	(1,775,876)
Distributions to Aviva Investors				
Infrastructure GP Limited	(217)	(392)	(175)	(175)
	(3,644,250)	(608,880)	(297,373)	(1,895,825)

Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited receives fees as it acts as the Fund Manager for the Partnership.

The General Partner is entitled to a priority distribution of 0.01% of the net income from the Partnership. During the year the General Partner received £217 priority distributions (31 December 2017: £175).

As at 31 December 2018, the Group has an outstanding loan payable and interest payable to the Unit Trust amounting to £878,208,536 (31 December 2017: £688,390,390) and £33,499,026 (31 December 2017: £18,347,642) respectively (see Note 19 and 20 for further details).

The Directors received no emoluments for services to the Partnership for the financial year (31 December 2017: £Nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

25. Financial instruments

The carrying values of the Group and Partnership's financial assets and liabilities are summarised by category below:

		Group 31 Dec 18 £	Group 31 Dec 17 £	Partnership 31 Dec 18 £	Partnership 31 Dec 17 £
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:	Note				
Investments in Joint Ventures	14	74,292,011	-	1,923,425	-
		Group	Group		Partnership
		31 Dec 18 £	31 Dec 17 £	31 Dec 18 £	31 Dec 17 £
Financial assets Measured at amortised cost:		•	L	2	<i>L</i>
Loans receivable		106,717,866	-	25,367,861	-
Debtors	18	13,771,738	5,420,708	6,867,870	176,541
Cash at bank and in hand		22,943,064	30,503,367	930,579	3,122,207
		143,432,668	35,924,075	33,166,310	3,298,748
		Group	Group	Partnership	Partnership
		31 Dec 18	31 Dec 17	31 Dec 18	31 Dec 17
Financial liabilities Measured at amortised cost:		£	£	£	£
Creditors	19	(54,998,057)	(25,965,793)	(4,088,561)	(2,312,664)
Intercompany borrowings	20	(878,208,536)	(688,390,390)	-	-
		(933,206,593)	(714,356,183)	(4,088,561)	(2,312,664)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

25. Financial instruments (continued)

The Group and Partnership's income, expense, gains and losses in respect of financial instruments are summarised below:

	Group 1 Jan 18 to 31 Dec 18 £	Group 1 Jan 17 to 31 Dec 17 £	Partnership 1 Jan 18 to 31 Dec 18 £	Partnership 1 Jan 17 to 31 Dec 17 £
Finance income and expense				
Total interest income for financial assets at amortised cost	3,170,672	623,521	4,998	1,104
Total interest expense for financial liabilities at amortised cost	(73,223,264)	(63,741,679)	-	-

26. Parent and ultimate controlling undertaking

The General Partner of the Partnership, Aviva Investors REaLM Infrastructure GP, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales.

The Partner's ultimate parent undertaking is Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Unit Trust, which is registered in Jersey.

Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership is both the largest and the smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 December 2018. The consolidated financial statements of Aviva Investors Infrastructure Income Limited Partnership are available on application to:

Aviva Company Secretarial Services Limited St Helen's 1 Undershaft, London EC3P 3DQ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Remuneration

Iln line with the requirements of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive ("AIFMD"), Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited ("AIUKFSL") is subject to a remuneration policy which is consistent with the principles outlined in the European Securities and Markets Authority guidelines on sound remuneration policies under AIFMD.

Aviva Investors' remuneration framework is based on a total reward approach and is designed to reflect the success or failure against a range of personal and company performance objectives. There are four components of pay: base salary; annual bonus (including deferred bonus); long term incentive plan; and benefits. Aviva believes in rewarding strong performance and the achievement of our business and individual goals; however, the manner in which these goals are achieved is also an important factor in determining outcomes. Annual bonus awards are discretionary and where bonuses are £75,000 and over a 3 year deferral with pro-rata vesting in Aviva Investors funds and/or Aviva Group plc shares occurs.

The extent to which each aspect of performance affects the overall payment level depends on the role and responsibilities of the individual. Performance is measured against personal objectives, including Risk and Control objectives, as well as Aviva Investors' and the business unit performance against agreed targets. a combination of individual, business unit, Aviva Investors and Group performance over an appropriate period.

- The financial considerations includes the following comparisons:
 - · Actual results vs. prior year results
 - · Actual results vs. agreed plans
 - · Actual results relative to competitors
 - · Actual results vs., and progress towards, our long-term target ambition.
- The non-financial considerations include risk, conduct, culture, customer and employee engagement metrics, with Aviva values clearly underpinning all our decisions. In certain roles, adherence to Responsible Investment and ESG principles will also be a consideration.
- The Performance assessment does not encourage risk taking outside the Aviva Investors stated risk appetite, and includes mechanisms by which performance against risk and conduct related measures has a significant impact on the availability and size of business and individual variable awards.

The remuneration policies are designed to ensure that any relevant conflicts of interest can be managed appropriately at all times and that the remuneration of its senior staff is in line with the risk policies and objectives of the Alternative Investment Funds ("AIF's") it manages, and takes into account the promotion of sound and effective risk management and the achievement of fair outcomes for all customers.

AIUKFSL has no employees but is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aviva Investors Holdings Limited. For the year to 31 December 2018, apportioned remuneration based on the time assessed to be spent on AIUKFSL AIFMD activity paid by Aviva Plc, the ultimate parent of AIUKFSL, to its senior management team, and staff whose actions have a material impact on the risk profile of AIUKFSL ("Code staff"), is as follows:

	Senior Management	Other Code Staff
Total Remuneration:	£0.36m	£0.38m
Of which, Fixed Remuneration:	34%	39%
Variable Remuneration	60%	54%
Pension/Benefits.	6%	7%
Number of Code staff:	10	7

ADDITIONAL AIFMD DISCLOSURES - UNAUDITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Leverage

Leverage as required to be calculated by the AIFM Directive.

Pursuant to its regulatory obligations, the General Partner is required to express the level which the Partnership's leverage will not exceed. For the purposes of this disclosure, leverage is any method by which the Partnership's exposure is increased beyond its holding of securities and cash. A partnership's exposure may be increased by using derivatives, by reinvesting cash borrowings, through securities lending or securities borrowing arrangements, or by such other means as may be permitted to be used pursuant to that partnership's investment objectives and strategy (such increase referred to herein as the "Incremental Exposure"). The AIFM Directive prescribes two methodologies for calculating overall exposure of a partnership: the "gross methodology" and the "commitment methodology". These methodologies are briefly summarised below but are set out in full detail in the AIFM Directive.

The commitment methodology takes account of the hedging and netting arrangements employed by a partnership at any given time (purchased and sold derivative positions will be netted where both relate strictly to the same underlying asset). This calculation of exposure includes all Incremental Exposure as well as the Partnership's own physical holdings and cash. By contrast, the gross methodology does not take account of the netting or hedging arrangements employed by a partnership. This calculation of exposure under the gross methodology includes all Incremental Exposure as well as the Partnership's own physical holdings, excluding cash.

The AIFM Directive requires each leverage ratio to be expressed as the ratio between a partnership's total exposure (including securities and cash) and its net asset value. Using the methodologies prescribed under the AIFM Directive, the Partnership is generally expected to be leveraged at the ratio of 1:1 using the commitment methodology and 1:1 using the gross methodology. The Partnership may, however, have higher levels of leverage, including in atypical and volatile market conditions. In such circumstances, leverage will not exceed the ratio of 2:1 using the commitment methodology and 2:1 using the gross methodology.