Report and Financial Statements

From incorporation on 4 August 2011 to

31 January 2012

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2012

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2012

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

Henry Haven Burke - Appointed 31 10 11
Richard Cheshire - Appointed 28 10 11
Robert Christopher Hunt - Appointed 28 10 11
Adrian Paul Lurie - Appointed 28 10 11
Mark Storey - Appointed 04 08 11

SECRETARY

Robert Christopher Hunt

REGISTERED OFFICE

Unit 4 Albany Park Frimley Road Camberley Surrey GU16 7PQ

BANKERS

Santander Thames Valley Corporate Banking Centre 5th Floor, Davidson House 2, The Forbury Reading RG1 3EU

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Barclays 1 Churchill Place London E14 5HP

AUDITOR

Deloitte LLP Reading, UK

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

The directors present their annual report together with the audited financial statements for the period from incorporation on 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

Frimley Topco is the parent company of Frimley Bidco Limited and Krispy Kreme UK Limited Krispy Kreme is a leading branded specialty retailer and wholesaler of doughnuts. The premium quality doughnuts are prepared with quality ingredients, utilising a secret recipe in a vertically integrated production process. The whole doughnut process is visible to the customer creating a unique in-store retail experience in our Hotlight Stores.

BUSINESS REVIEW

On 4 August 2011 Frimley Topco Limited was incorporated On 5 August 2011 Frimley Bidco Limited was incorporated as a 100% subsidiary of Frimley Topco limited, and on 14 October 2011 Krispy Kreme UK Limited was acquired by Frimley Bidco Limited

The results for the period are set out on page 7. The loss for the period of (£623,812) has been transferred from reserves

During the period the Group opened one retail store and operated 45 stores at 31 January 2012 across the UK. There are plans to grow this considerably over the forthcoming years. Three further stores have been opened in April/May 2012, at sites in Merryhill, High Wycombe and Hull

The Group continues to expand its wholesale business through the introduction of further in-store cabinets with its partners – Tesco Moto, Roadchef and Welcome Break

On 14 October 2011 the management team of Krispy Kreme UK Ltd completed a buy-out of the business supported by Alcuin and Indigo, for the sum of £25m Frimley Topco is the ultimate parent company of the resulting Group structure consisting of Frimley Topco limited which owns 100% of Frimley Bidco Limited Frimley Bidco Ltd owns 100% of Krispy Kreme UK Ltd, with Alcuin, Indigo and senior management owning Frimley Topco Ltd As part of this process a new development agreement was signed with Krispy Kreme Inc

There have been no other events since the balance sheet which materially affect the position of the Group

The Group will continue to grow by opening new stores and increasing the number of in-store cabinets with its partners

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (KPIs)

The Group uses a range of performance measures to monitor and manage the business effectively. These are both financial and non-financial measures.

The key financial measures are turnover, gross profit, profit before tax and EBITDA (calculated by taking the profit before tax and adding back depreciation, interest and amortisation and other items the company considers to be not related to trading including the management fee charges foreign exchange losses and the loss on disposal of fixed assets) These KPI's indicate the size of our business along with our effectiveness in delivering those sales

The key non-financial measures are Like-for-Like sales, foot-fall, average transaction value, mystery shopper score and brand awareness. The first four of these provide a measure of our success in attracting customers to our store, the value of the purchase they make once in-store and our success in serving the customers according to the Krispy Kreme standard. Brand awareness enables us to measure the success of our marketing activity.

The Group is proud of the fact that over 100,000 people per week visit Krispy Kreme stores and never loses sight of the fact that our guests are the lifeblood of our business

The key financial measures for the period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012 are shown below

	4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012 £'000
Turnover	12,160
Gross profit	6,039
Gross profit margin	49 7%
Loss before tax	(476)
EBITDA	1,168

Profit before tax and EBITDA are in line with expectations

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) For the period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend

EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

The number of employees at period-end is 970

The Group is committed to communicating with its employees in an open way through an annual employee survey and a series of 'listening groups' Due to the nature of the business this communication primarily takes place at store level and so no formal employee involvement groups exist

The Group does not monitor the number of registered disabled employees. It is the policy of the Group and the Company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical to that of other employees.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The majority of the Group's revenue comes from the sale of doughnuts. The Group is seeking to increase its revenues from other items and in 2011 continued to increase the sales of coffee and other beverages. The Group plans to continue to introduce new and exciting products during future years but remains committed to the manufacture and sale of premium quality doughnuts which will remain the bulk of revenue for the foreseeable future.

The Group expects the economy in 2012 to be challenging but remains confident based on strong trading performance during the period 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012. The Group believes that Krispy Kreme guests will continue to treat themselves and that if we continue to provide an excellent product and service experience for an affordable price then we should be able to maintain our historic growth

The Group's business activities and principal risks are detailed above. The Group is currently funded through a combination of a loan facility with Santander, Shareholder Loan Notes and equity. The bank loan facility is due to expire in 2015. The current economic environment creates uncertainty, particularly over the level of demand for the Krispy Kremes products. Having considered these risks and the current economic environment, the directors have reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources and support to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

CHARITABLE AND POLITICAL DONATIONS

During the period the Group made charitable and political donations of nil

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Group who served during the period and to the date of signing this report are set out on page 1 of these accounts

AUDITOR

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Group's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Group's auditor is aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

By Order of the Board

Robert Hunt

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Director

08 June 2012

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
 continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FRIMLEY TOPCO LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Frimley Topco Limited for the period ended 31 January 2012 which comprise the Group Profit and Loss Account, the Group and Parent Company Balance Sheets, the Group Cash Flow Statement and the related notes 1 to 29 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 January 2012 and of the group's loss for the period then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FRIMLEY TOPCO LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Jason Davies (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor Reading, UK 08 June 2012

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT 31 January 2012

	Note	Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012 £
TURNOVER Cost of sales	2	12,159,607 (6,120,586)
GROSS PROFIT Administrative expenses		6,039,021 (5,739,671)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	299,350
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(774,864)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	7	(475,514) (148,298)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	17	(623,812)

All amounts are derived from continuing activities

There are no other gains and losses in the period, other than those shown above. Accordingly no statement of total recognised gains and losses is presented

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 31 January 2012

	Note	2012 £
FIVED ACCETS	Note	•
FIXED ASSETS Goodwill	8	13,719,616
Intangible assets	9	316,849
Tangible assets	10	12 694,833
Tanglore assets	10	
		26,731,298
CURRENT ASSETS		
Stocks	12	905,415
Debtors	13	2,573,878
Cash at bank and in hand		2,178,699
Deferred tax asset	7	1,219 892
		6,877,884
CREDITORS: amounts falling due		
within one year	14	(7,397,495)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(519,611)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		26,211,687
CREDITORS: amounts falling due		
after more than one year	15	(26,825,499)
NET LIABILITIES		(613,812)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		 _
Called up share capital	16	1,000
Share Premium	17	9,000
Profit and loss account	17	(623,812)
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT	17	(613,812)

These financial statements of Frimley Topco Limited, registered number 07729514 were approved by the Board of Directors on 08 June 2012

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Robert Christopher Hunt

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Director

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 31 January 2012

	Note	2012 £
FIXED ASSETS		
Investments	19	_
THE CONTINUES	17	-
CURRENT ASSETS		
Debtors Due after one year	20	10,763 787
Cash at bank and in hand		330 847
		11.004.634
		11,094,634
CREDITORS: amounts falling due		
within one year	21	(2,000)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		11.002.624
NEI CORRENT ASSETS		11,092 634
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		
LIABILITIES		11,092,634
CREDITORS: amounts falling due		
after more than one year	22	(11,317,164)
•		(,,
NET LIABILITIES		(224,530)
NET BIADIEITIES		(224,330)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		
Called up share capital	23	1,000
Share premium	24	9,000
Profit and loss account	24	(234 530)
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT	24	(224,530)
SHARMODDENG DEFICIT	27	(224,330)

These financial statements of Frimley Topco Limited, registered number 07729514 were approved by the Board of Directors on 08 June 2012

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Robert Christopher Hunt

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Director

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT For the period 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

	Note	Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities	25	2,022,904
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest paid	6	(774,864)
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance		(774,864)
Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets Purchase of Krispy Kreme UK Ltd	10 11	(1,116,327) (15,381,074)
Cash outflow before use of liquid resources and financing		(16,497,401) (15,249,361)
Financing New bank loans Repayment of bank loans Repayment of capital elements of hire purchase contracts Shareholder loan and Mezzanine Debt Repay Shareholder Loan to Cheshire and Kent		653,769 (250,000) (52,701) 20,250,000 (3,173,008)
		17,428,060
Increase in cash		2,178,699

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards

Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings up to 31 January. The results of subsidiaries acquired or sold are consolidated for the periods from or to the date on which control passed. Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method.

The Group's business activities and principal risks are detailed in the Directors' report on page 2. The Group is currently funded through a combination of a loan facility with Santander, Shareholder Loan Notes and equity. The bank loan facility has recently been renegotiated and is due to expire in 2015. Krispy Kreme UK revenues continue to grow in line with projections. The current economic environment creates uncertainty, particularly over the level of demand for the Group's products and pricing. Having considered these risks and the current economic environment, the directors have reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources and support to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the period

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax and discounts. Revenue is recognised at the point of sale.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any provision for impairment

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of all fixed assets evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated on a straight line basis over the following periods

Short-term leases and improvements

- over the length of the lease

Plant, machinery and motor vehicles

- 3-15 years

Fixtures fittings and equipment

- 3-5 years

Franchise and development fees

Franchise and development fees are capitalised on acquisition of the initial franchise and development fee Additional franchise and development fees are capitalised as the obligation arises

Amortisation of franchise and development fees

Amortisation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of all intangible assets in order to match the cost with the useful economic benefit. The franchise and development fee relating to each store is amortised over 15 years from the date of opening a new store.

Impairment tests on the carrying value of the franchise and development fees are undertaken

- at the end of the first full financial year following acquisition,
- in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable, and
- for any amounts not being amortised at the end of each period

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiary undertakings and businesses representing any excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired, is capitalised and written off on a straight line basis over its useful economic life, which is twenty years Provision is made for any impairment

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments

Fixed asset investments are shown at cost less provision for impairment

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallize based on current tax rates and law. I iming differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Hire purchase agreements and leased assets

Where assets are financed by agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ('hire purchase arrangements'), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account, over the term of the lease

Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest components so that the interest element of the payment is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. The capital part reduces the amounts payable to the lease or

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Reverse premiums and similar incentives to enter into operating lease agreements are initially recorded as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the period to the date on which the rent is first expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate

Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable

Foreign currency translation

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate ruling at the accounting reference date. Any surplus or deficit on exchange has been credited or charged to the profit and loss account

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

2 TURNOVER

Analysis by market

	Period 4 August 2011 to 31 Jan 2012 £
Retail sales Sales to charitable organisations	12,016,097 143,510
	12,159,607

All turnover is derived from operations in the UK

3 OPERATING PROFIT

This has been arrived at after charging	Period 4 August 2011 to 31 Jan 2012 £
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Amortisation of Goodwill Amortisation of intangible assets Auditor's remuneration – audit fees of the Company Auditor's remuneration – audit fees of the Group	657,874 202,184 8,113 1,500 11,385
Auditor's remuneration – non-audit fees Operating leases – other Net foreign exchange losses Loss on disposal of fixed assets	2,500 1,160,647 12,790 258

Total auditors remuneration for the Group including the full year fee for Krispy Kreme UK Limited is £58,130 (2011 £49,100) The figures in the table above represent the charge to the profit and loss account of the consolidated financial statements in the current period

The fee is broken down as follows

	£
Audit fees	
Audit fees of the Company	1,500
Audit fees of the Group and subsidiaries	43,035
Total audit fees	44,535
Non-audit fees.	
Tax services	8,740
Other services	4,855
Total non-audit fees	13,595
Total auditor's remuneration	58,130
	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

4. EMPLOYEES

	Period 4
	August
	2011 to 31
	Jan 2012 £
	*
Staff costs during the period	
Wages and salaries	3,387,438
Social security costs	243,741
Other pension costs	8,108
	3,639,287

The average number of employees (including directors) during the period 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012 was 908, of which 29 were involved in administration and 879 in sales and distribution

The pension cost charged to income of £8,108 represents contributions payable to the defined contribution pension scheme. At 31st January 2012 contributions of £6,402 were due in respect of the current reporting period that had not been paid over to the scheme.

5 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

	Period 4
	August
	2011 to 31
	Jan 2012
	£
Directors emoluments	283,129

Two directors were in the Company's defined contribution pension scheme during the period

	Period 4
	August
	2011 to 31
	Jan 2012
	£
Remuneration of the highest paid director.	
Emoluments	195,500

6 INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	Period 4
	August
	2011 to 31
	Jan 2012
	£
Bank loans	63,734
Shareholder loans	711,130
	774,864

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

7 TAXATION

Tax on loss on ordinary activities

Current tax.	Period 4 August
Current tax	2011 to 31
	Jan 2012
	£
UK Corporation tax on loss for the period	-
Total current tax	-
	2012
Deferred tax	£
Acquired on Acquisition	1,368,190
Current year movement	(148,298)
Deferred tax asset	1,219,892
	
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	(148,298)
	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

7 TAXATION (CONTINUED)

Factors affecting tax charge for the current period

The tax assessed for the period is different from the standard rate of corporate tax in the UK of 26%. The differences are explained below

	Period 4 August 2011 to 31 Jan 2012 £
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(475,514)
Loss on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26%	(123,634)
Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Difference between capital allowances and depreciation Creation of tax losses Origination and reversal of timing differences	120,289 (86,998) 212,030 (121,687)
Current tax charge for the year	-
Deferred tax	2012 £
Deferred tax Accelerated capital allowances Tax losses Other timing differences Deferred tax asset	235,506 982,785 1,601 1,219,892
Deferred tax charge for the period	(148,298)
Provision at end of period	1,219,892

The deferred tax asset has been recognised because, in the opinion of the directors, there is now considered to be suitable taxable gains available in the foreseeable future

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

8 GOODWILL

	Goodwill £
Cost At 4 August 2011 Goodwill arising on acquisition in the period	13,921,800
At 31 January 2012	13,921,800
Accumulated depreciation At 4 August 2011 Charge for the period	(202,184)
At 31 January 2012	(202,184)
Net book value At 4 August 2011	
At 31 January 2012	13,719,616

On 14 October 2011, Frimley Bidco Limited acquired 100% of the share capital of Krispy Kreme UK Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. The principal activity of the company is that of a branded specialty retailer and wholesaler of doughnuts. The consideration for the acquisition was £16,330,419 and the net assets acquired were £2,408,619 (see note 11)

9 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Franchise and development fees £
Cost	-
At 4 August 2011	-
Acquired on Acquisition	324,962
At 31 January 2012	324,962
Accumulated depreciation	
At 4 August 2011	
Charge for the period	(8,113)
At 31 January 2012	(8,113)
Net book value	
At 4 August 2011	-
At 31 January 2012	316,849

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

10. TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Short-term leases and leasehold umprovements £	Plant, machinery and motor vehicles £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total £
Cost				
At 4 August 2011	-	-	-	•
Acquired on Acquisition	8,435,275	3,247,198	554,165	12,236,638
Additions	769,357	296,167	50,803	1,116,327
Disposals			(258)	(258)
At 31 January 2012	9,204,632	3,543,365	604,710	13,352,707
Depreciation				
At 4 August 2011	•	-	-	•
Provided for the year	380,964	207,416	69,494	657,874
At 31 January 2012	380,964	207,416	69,494	657,874
Net book value				
At 4 August 2011			-	
At 31 January 2012	8,823 668	3,335,949	535,216	12,694,833
				

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes an amount of £925,091 in respect of assets held under hire purchase contracts. The related depreciation charge on these assets for the period was £52,701

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

11 ACQUISITIONS

On 14 October 2011, Frimley Bidco Limited acquired 100% of the share capital of Krispy Kreme UK Limited a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. The principal activity of the Company is branded specialty retailer and wholesaler of doughnuts. The consideration of the acquisition was £16,330,419 and the net assets acquired were £2,408,619.

The following tables set out the book values of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired and their provisional fair values

	ı.
Total consideration	15,737,019
Capitalised transaction costs	593,400
Provisional fair value of net assets acquired (see below)	(2,408,619)
Goodwill (see note 8)	13,921,800

The provisional fair value of assets acquired equates to book value. The provisional fair value of net assets acquired was as follows

	Book value £
Intangible assets	324,962
Tangible assets	12,236,638
Stock	778,651
Debtors	2,315,774
Cash	949,345
Deferred tax asset	1,368,190
Creditors – due in less than one year	(7,135,670)
Creditors – due in more than one year	(8,429,271)
	2,408,619
Net cash outflows as a result of the acquisition comprised	
	£
Total cash consideration paid	(16,330,419)
Cash at bank and in hand acquired	949,345
Total cash outflow	(15,381,074)

Krispy Kreme UK Limited earned a profit after taxation of £1,296,145 in the year ended 31 January 2012 (year ended 31 January 2011 loss after taxation of £239,276), of which £653,228 arose in the period from 1 February 2011 to 14 October 2011. The summarised profit and loss account for 1 February 2011 to 31 January 2012, shown on the basis of the accounting policies of Krispy Kreme UK Limited prior to the acquisition, is as follows

	Year ended
	31 January
	2012
	£
Turnover	42,269,332
Operating profit	1,400,003
Profit before tax	1,018,861
Profit after tax	1,296,145

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

12 STOCKS

	2012 £
Raw materials and consumables	360,679
Finished goods and goods for resale	544,736
	905,415

There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and the amounts stated above

13 DEBTORS

	2012 £
Trade debtors	1,036,326
Other debtors	299,844
Prepayments and accrued income	1,237,708
	2,573,878
	

All amounts shown under debtors fall due within one year

14. CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

2012 £
1,000,000
266,924
4,008,830
298,452
420,080
300,000
1,103,209
7,397,495

Between two and five years

After more than five years

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

15 CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

			20	12
				£
Bank loans (secured - see below)			5,598,8	76
Mezzanine debt			9,038,1	37
Shareholder loan notes			11,317,1	64
Obligations under hire purchase contracts			871,3	22
			26,825,4	99
Maturity of debt				_
	Bank loans	Mezzanine	Hire	Shareholder
	2012	Debt 2012	purchase 2012	Loan Notes 2012
			2012	
	£	£	ı	£
Within one year or on demand (note 14)	1,000,000	•	266,924	-
Between one and two years	1,000,000	-	266,924	
D. 4 4	4.500.07/		(04 200	

4,598,876

6,598,876

9,038,137

9,038,137

604,398

1,138,246

11,317,164

11,317,164

The bank loans are secured by fixed and floating charges over the Group's assets

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

16 SHARE CAPITAL

Equity share capital	2012 £
Authorised 100,000 ordinary shares of 1p each	1,000
	1,000
	2012 £
Allotted and called up 100,000 ordinary shares of 1p each	1,000
	1,000

Frimley Topco Limited was incorporated on 4 August 2011 at which point, 100,000 ordinary shares with a nominal value of £0 01 were allotted. The consideration received for the share allotment was £10,000

17 RESERVES

	Share capital £	Share Premium £	Profit and loss account	2012 Total £
At 4 August 2011 Loss for the year	1,000	9,000	(623,812)	10,000 (623,812)
At 31 January 2012	1,000	9,000	(623,812)	(613,812)

18 COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

As at 31 January 2012, the Company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

	Land and buildings 2012 £
Operating leases which expire	
Within one year	795,547
In two to five years	881,646
In over five years	2,738,453
	4,415,646

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

19. INVESTMENTS

Company	in subsidiary
Cost and net book value	under- takıngs £
At 31 January 2012	-

The following investments were held at the end of the period

Name of undertaking	Description of shares held	Principal activity	Shareholding
Frimley Bidco Limited	Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	Holding company	100%
Krispy Kreme UK Limited	Ordinary and deferred shares o £0 01 each	f Trading company	100%*

^{*} signifies an indirect holding

Frimley Topco Limited holds the entire issued share capital and voting rights of Frimley Bidco Limited Frimley Bidco Limited was incorporated on 5 August 2011

Frimley Bidco Limited holds the entire issued share capital and voting rights of Krispy Kreme UK Limited The shares were acquired on 14 October 2011

All subsidiary undertakings are incorporated in England and Wales and are included in the Group consolidation

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

20 DEBTORS DUE AFTER ONE YEAR (COMPANY ONLY)

		2012 £
	Amounts due from subsidiary undertakings	10,763,787
		10,763,787
21	CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN	ONE YEAR (COMPANY ONLY) 2012 £
	Trade creditors	2 000
		2,000

22 CREDITORS. AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR (COMPANY ONLY)

ONET	
	2012
	£
Shareholder loan notes	11,317,164
	11,317,164
	
Maturity of debt	
	Shareholder
	Loan Notes
	2012
	£
Within one year or on demand	-
D	
Between one and two years	•
Between two and five years After more than five years	11 217 164
After more than five years	11,317,164
	11,317,164

All other amounts fall due for payment within five years

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

23 SHARE CAPITAL (COMPANY ONLY)

2012 £
1,000
1,000
2012 £
1,000
1,000

The Company was incorporated on 4 August 2011 at which point, 100,000 ordinary shares with a nominal value of £0 01 were allotted. The consideration received for the share allotment was £10 000

24 RESERVES (COMPANY ONLY)

	Share capital £	Share Premium £	Profit and loss account	2012 Total £
At 4 August 2011 Loss for the year	1,000	9,000	(234,530)	10,000 (234,530)
At 31 January 2012	1,000	9,000	(234,530)	(224,530)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

25 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2012
	£
Operating profit	299,350
Depreciation	657,874
Amortisation of Goodwill	202,184
Amortisation of intangible assets	8,113
Increase in stock	(126,764)
Increase in debtors	(258,104)
Increase in creditors	1,227,723
Loss on disposal of fixed asset	258
Lease incentives	12,270
Net cash inflow from operating activities	2,022,904

26 RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT

	2012 £
Increase in cash in the year Movement in net debt in the year resulting from acquisitions and cash flows	2,178,699 (28,092,423)
Opening net debt	(25,913,724)
Closing net debt	(25,913,724)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Cont) Period from 4 August 2011 to 31 January 2012

27. ANALYSIS OF NET DEBT

	As at 4 August 2011 £	As at 15 October 2011 (acquisition) £	Cash flow £	Non-cash flow	2012 £
Cash	<u> </u>	*	2,178,699	-	2,178,699
Falling due within one year Debt due within one year Debt due after one year Obligations under hire purchase	- -	(1,266,924) (25,954,177)		-	(1,266,924) (25,954,177)
agreements		(871,322)			(871,322)
	-	(28,092,423)	<u>.</u>		(28,092,423)
Total due	_	(28,092,423)	2,178,699	-	(25,913,724)

28 ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

Frimley Topco Limited is the ultimate parent undertaking of the Group and it is the only group company to consolidate these financial statements for the period ended 31 January 2012

The Directors' are of the opinion there is no single controlling party of the Group

29 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

An amount of £11,317,164 was outstanding at the period end relating to shareholder loan notes with Alcuin Capital Partners LLP

An amount of £9,038,137 was outstanding at the period end relating to a Mezzanine debt facility with Indigo Capital LLP