Financial statements

52 weeks ended 25 April 2013

CP Woburn (Operating Company) Limited

Annual report and financial statements

For the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013

Company registration number: 07656412

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Financial statements

52 weeks ended 25 April 2013

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Directors' report For the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013

The Directors present their report and audited financial statements for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 (2012 period from 2 June 2011 to 26 April 2012) which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as adopted by the European Union

The registration number of the Company is 07656412

Principal activities

The Company's principal activity is the development of a short break holiday village in Bedfordshire. No changes to the nature of the business are anticipated until completion of the development, which is currently scheduled for 2014.

Business review

On 28 February 2012 the Company acquired a property in the course of construction from Center Parcs (Operating Company) Limited, a related party, and has continued to develop this site

Financial risk management

The Company finances its operations through a mixture of shareholders' funds, related party loans and bank loans

Interest rate risk

The Company holds both fixed and floating rate loans In order to limit the Company's exposure to interest rate fluctuations, the Company has entered into interest rate swaps and caps

Liquidity risk

The Company maintains sufficient cash reserves to ensure that it can meet its medium-term working capital and funding obligations

Currency risk

The Company is not exposed to currency risk through foreign currency transactions

Credit risk

The Company borrows from well-established institutions with high credit ratings

Key performance indicators

Given the nature of the business, key performance indicators are not currently applicable. These will be introduced when the holiday village is operational

Results and dividends

The results of the Company for the period show a loss of £3 0 million (2012 loss of £0 2 million). The Directors have not proposed the payment of a dividend (2012 no dividends declared or paid).

Directors' report For the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 (continued)

Directors

The Directors who served during the period and up to the date of this report were as follows

A M Robinson M P Dalby P Inglett F Mawji-Karim M J Pegler P Stoll A Valeri

During the period, the Company had in place Directors' and officers' insurance

Going concern

The Directors have received confirmation that the parent company, CP Woburn Holdco Sarl, will provide sufficient support to the Company to allow it to meet its debts and capital commitments as they fall due for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements. On this basis the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period Under that law the Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- state whether applicable IFRSs as adopted by the European Union have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' report For the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 (continued)

Statement of disclosure of information to auditors

In accordance with Section 418, in the case of each Director in office at the date the Directors' report is approved, the following applies

- (a) so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- (b) he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP are deemed to be reappointed under section 487 (2) of the Companies Act 2006

By order of the board

Maglett

P Inglett **Director**

28 June 2013

Independent auditors' report to the members of CP Woburn (Operating Company) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of CP Woburn (Operating Company) Limited for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 which comprise the Income Statement, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union

Respective responsibilities of Directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report and financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 25 April 2013 and of its loss and cash flows for the period then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent auditors' report to the members of CP Woburn (Operating Company) Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

David Teager (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

East Midlands

28 June 2013



Income Statement

For the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013

	Note	52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 £m	Period from 2 June 2011 to 26 April 2012 £m
Administrative expenses		(2 2)	(0 2)
Operating loss	2	(2.2)	(0 2)
Finance expense	4	(0 8)	-
Loss before taxation	-	(3 0)	(0 2)
Taxation	5		· ,
Loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders	13	(3 0)	(0 2)

All amounts relate to continuing activities

The Company has no recognised income or expenses other than the loss for the period above and so no Statement of Comprehensive Income is presented

Statement of Changes in Equity For the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013

	Attributable to owners of the parent			
	Share capital £m	Share premium £m	Retained earnings £m	Total £m
At 26 April 2012	<u>-</u>	0 4	(0 2)	02
Comprehensive income			(+ -/	• -
Loss for the period	_	_	(30)	(3 0)
Transactions with owners			(0 0)	(00)
Issue of shares	_	0 4		0 4
At 25 April 2013	•	0 8	(3 2)	(2 4)

	Attribu	utable to owner	rs of the parent	
	Share capital £m	Share premium £m	Retained earnings £m	Total £m
At 2 June 2011		_		
Comprehensive income				
Loss for the period	_	_	(0 2)	(0 2)
Transactions with owners			(0 2)	(0 2)
Issue of shares	-	0 4	-	0 4
At 26 April 2012		0 4	(0 2)	0 2

Balance Sheet

At 25 April 2013

	Nista	25 Aprıl 2013 £m	26 April 2012
Assets	Note	2311	£m
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	113 0	38 4
Derivative financial instruments	10	03	
	· ·	113 3	38 4
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	7	2 0	0.8
Cash and cash equivalents	8	7 0	70
		9 0	78
Liabilities		•	
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	9	(20 4)	(6 7)
Borrowings	10	(3 5)	(0 1)
		(23 9)	(6 8)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(14 9)	10
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	10	(99 8)	(39 2)
Derivative financial instruments	10	(1.0)	-
Net (liabilities)/assets		(2.4)	02
Equity			
Ordinary shares			
Share premium	12	•	-
Retained earnings	13	0.8	0 4
Total equity	13	(3 2)	(0 2)
		(2 4)	0 2

The financial statements on pages 6 to 21 were approved by the board of Directors on 28 June 2013 and were signed on its behalf by

P Inglett **Director**

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Cash Flow Statement

for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013

	Note	52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 £m	Period from 2 June 2011 to 26 April 2012 £m
Operating activities			
Operating loss		(2 2)	(0 2)
Working capital and non-cash movements	14	(7.1)	59
Net cash (out)/inflow from operating activities		(9 3)	5 7
Investing activities	-		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(48 5)	(38 4)
Net cash outflow from investing activity		(48 5)	(38 4)
Financing activities			
Issue of share capital		0 4	0 4
Proceeds from borrowing		57.4	39 3
Net cash inflow from financing activities		57.8	39 7
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			7 0
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		7 0	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	8	7 0	70

for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013

1 Accounting policies

General information

The Company is a limited company, which is incorporated and domiciled in the UK. The address of its registered office is One Edison Rise, New Ollerton, Newark, Nottinghamshire, NG22 9DP

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") interpretations adopted by the European Union (EU) and with those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. All accounting policies are consistent with the prior period.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and on a going concern basis

The accounts of CP Woburn (Operating Company) Limited are typically drawn up to the Thursday nearest to its accounting reference date of 22 April

Going concern

The Directors have received confirmation that the parent company, CP Woburn Holdco Sarl, will provide sufficient support to the Company to allow it to meet its debts and capital commitments as they fall due for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements. On this basis the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

Key assumptions and significant judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Financial instruments

The Company classifies its financial instruments into two categories. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial instruments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Company provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of trading the receivable. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in trade and other receivables in the balance sheet.

for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 (continued)

Accounting policies (continued)

Capitalisation of interest

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement in the year in which they are incurred

Property, plant and equipment

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes directly attributable costs. Depreciation is not provided on assets in the course of construction

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement and the balance sheet, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and cash in hand

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds

Current and deferred tax

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and is measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on all differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date which give rise to an obligation to pay more or less tax in the future. Differences are defined as the differences between the carrying value of assets and liabilities and their tax base.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the assets can be utilised

Deferred tax is calculated using tax rates that are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled, on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are only offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority and there is an intention to settle on a net basis

Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost, any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date

for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Derivative financial instruments

The Company does not trade in derivative financial instruments. Derivative financial instruments (interest rate swaps and caps) are used by the Company to manage its exposure to interest rates on long-term floating-rate borrowings. All derivative financial instruments are measured at the balance sheet date at their fair value.

The Company does not currently hedge account for any derivatives
As such, any gain or loss on remeasurement is taken to the income statement

New standards and interpretations

The adoption of IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' is expected to change the disclosure given in respect of financial instruments but not the amounts reported in the financial statements. In addition, the International Accounting Standards Board and IFRIC have issued a number of further standards and interpretations with an effective date after the date of these financial statements. The Directors do not anticipate that the adoption of these standards and interpretations will have a material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

2 Operating loss

Auditors' remuneration of £5,000 (2012 £3,000) was incurred during the period

3 Employees

The Company had a monthly average of one employee during the period (2012 none) Payroll costs incurred during the period were £78,000 (2012 £nil), being salaries of £62,000, social security of £10,000 and pension costs of £6,000 In addition, the Company incurred £784,000 (2012 £34,000) in respect of staff costs recharged from a related company

The Directors received no remuneration from the Company (2012 £nil)

4 Finance expense

	52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 £m	Period from 2 June 2011 to 26 April 2012 £m
Interest payable on loans from Group undertaking	67	0 7
Bank loan interest and commitment fees payable	42	-
Less Interest capitalised	(10 8)	(0 7)
	0.1	-
Movement in fair value of derivative financial instruments (note 10)	07	
	0.8	-

The interest rate applied in determining the amount of interest capitalised in the period was approximately 12% (2012–12%)

for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 (continued)

5 Taxation

(a) Taxation

The tax charge for the period is £nil (2012 £nil)

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge

The tax assessed for the period is higher (2012 higher) than that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24% (2012 26%) The difference is reconciled below

	52 weeks	Period from 2
	ended 25	June 2011 to
	April 2013	26 April 2012
	£m	£m
Loss before taxation	(3 0)	(0 2)
Loss before taxation multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24% (2012 26%)	(0 7)	(0 1)
Losses carried forward not recognised as deferred tax asset	0 7	0 1
Tax charge for the period (note 5(a))		

The Company has losses of approximately £3.2 million (2012 £0.2 million) to utilise against future profits. The Company has not recognised these as a deferred tax asset

Change of corporation tax rate and factors that may affect future tax charges

Legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 24% to 23% with effect from 1 April 2013 was included in the Finance Act 2012. This announcement was substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and hence has been reflected in these financial statements.

Further reductions to the UK corporation tax rate have been announced which propose to reduce the rate to 21% from 1 April 2014 and 20% from 1 April 2015. These changes had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and therefore are not recognised in these financial statements.

for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 (continued)

6. Property, plant and equipment

	course of construction£m_
Cost and net book value	
At 2 June 2011	-
Additions	38 4
At 26 April 2012	38 4
Additions	74 6
At 25 April 2013	113 0

7 Trade and other receivables

	2013	2012
	£m	£m
Trade receivables	-	0 1
Prepayments and accrued income	0.2	0 2
Other receivables	18	0.5
	20	08

The fair value of trade and other receivables is equal to their book value

8 Cash and cash equivalents

	2013	2012
	£m	£m
Cash at bank and in hand	7 0	70

Cash and cash equivalents are categorised as loans and receivables

9 Trade and other payables

	2013 £m	2012 £m
Trade payables	11 4	0 7
Amounts due to related parties	-	5 9
Accruals	9 0	0 1
	20 4	6 7

The fair value of trade and other payables are equal to their book value

Assets in the

for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 (continued)

10. Borrowings

	25 April 2013	26 April 2012
Current	£m	£m
Loan from parent undertaking	19	0 1
Bank borrowings	1.6	
	3 5	0 1

The loan from parent undertaking is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand

The bank borrowings are in respect of a VAT facility entered into on 28 February 2012 Under the terms of this facility short-term funding is supplied to finance VAT due to suppliers prior to its recovery from HMRC Interest is payable on amounts drawn under this facility at a rate of 3-month LIBOR plus 4 25% The total facility is £10 0 million and a commitment fee of 2 125% is payable on the undrawn amount

	25 April 2013	26 April 2012
Non-current	£m	£m
Loans from parent undertaking	80 3	39 2
Bank borrowings	19 5	-
	99.8	39 2

The loans from parent undertaking are unsecured and repayable on 28 February 2022 Interest is payable at a fixed rate of 12% per annum and is rolled up into the outstanding balance

The bank borrowings are in respect of drawdowns on a term loan entered into on 28 February 2012. The total facility is repayable on 28 February 2015, although the Company has the option to extend this to 28 February 2017. This loan is in place to finance the costs of building the holiday village at Woburn. Interest is payable on amounts drawn under the facility at a rate of 3-month LIBOR plus 4.25%. The total facility is £165.0 million and a commitment fee of 2.125% is payable on the undrawn amount.

for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 (continued)

10 Borrowings (continued)

The maturity of the Company's borrowings is as follows

	Less than 1 year	2 -5 years	Greater than 5 years	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m
As at 25 April 2013		 -		_
Loan from parent undertaking	19	-	80 3	82 2
Bank borrowings	1 6	19 5		21 1
	3 5	19.5	80 3	103 3
As at 26 April 2012				
Loan from parent undertaking	0 1	<u>-</u>	39 2	39 3

All of the above amounts are denominated in £ sterling

The non-discounted minimum future cash flows in respect of non-current liabilities are

As at 25 April 2013	Loan from parent undertaking	Bank borrowings	Total	
	£m	£m	£m	
In more than one year but not more than two years	-	2 2	22	
In more than two years but not more than five years	-	31 2	31 2	
In more than five years	175 1		175 1	
	175.1	33.4	208.5	

As at 26 April 2012	Loan from parent undertaking	Total	
	£m	£m	
In more than one year but not more than two years	•	-	
In more than two years but not more than five years	-	-	
In more than five years	86 4	86 4	
	86.4	86 4	

for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 (continued)

10 Borrowings (continued)

Derivative financial instruments

On 7 December 2012 the Company entered into interest rate swaps with a nominal value of £158 3 million. These swaps were effective from 15 February 2013 and mature on 27 February 2015. These instruments fix 3-month LIBOR at a rate of 0.9%.

At the balance sheet date these interest rate swaps had a fair value of £(1 0) million

On 7 December 2012 the Company also entered into interest rate caps with a nominal value of £165 0 million. These caps are effective from 27 February 2015 and mature on 28 February 2017. These instruments cap 3-month LIBOR at 3 5%

At the balance sheet date these interest rate caps had a fair value of £0 3 million

The net movement, since inception, on the fair value of interest rate swaps and caps has been treated as an expense in the income statement

11 Financial instruments

Financial instruments by category

The accounting policies for financial instruments have been applied to the line items below

		Fair value through profit and loss		Loans and receivables		Total	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	
Assets							
Trade receivables	•	-	•	0 1	-	0 1	
Other receivables	-	•	1.8	0 5	1.8	0 5	
Derivatives	0 3	-	-	-	0.3	•	
Cash	•		7 0	70_	7 0	70	
	0.3		8 8	7.6	9.1	7.6_	

for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 (continued)

11 Financial instruments (continued)

		Fair value through profit and loss		Other financial liabilities		Total	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
	£m	£m	£m_	£m	£m	£m	
Liabilities							
Trade payables	-	-	11.4	0 7	11 4	0 7	
Accruals	-	-	9 0	0 1	9 0	0 1	
Other payables	-	-	-	59	-	5 9	
Borrowings	-	-	103 3	39 3	103 3	39 3	
Derivatives	10	-	-	-	1.0	-	
	10	_	123 7	46 0	124 7	46 0	

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are approximately equal to their book values

Fair value hierarchy

IFRS 7 requires fair value measurements to be recognised using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in the measurements, according to the following levels

Level 1	Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
Level 2	Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices)
Level 3	Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs)

All of the Company's fair value measurements have been categorised as Level 2 There were no transfers between levels during the period

Fixed rate interest

At the balance sheet date, all of the Company's borrowings were at fixed rates of interest

for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 (continued)

12. Share capital

	2013 £m	2012 £m
Allotted and fully paid		
15,015 (2012 15,003) ordinary shares of £1 per share	-	-

During the period the Company issued the following shares

4 May 2012 One share for consideration of £40,000 creating a share premium of £39,999
21 June 2012 One share for consideration of £40,000 creating a share premium of £39,999
14 August 2012 One share for consideration of £60,000 creating a share premium of £59,999
26 September 2012 One share for consideration of £2,910 creating a share premium of £2,909
16 October 2012 One share for consideration of £40,000 creating a share premium of £39,999
7 November 2012 One share for consideration of £30,000 creating a share premium of £29,999
3 January 2013 One share for consideration of £20,000 creating a share premium of £19,999
15 January 2013 One share for consideration of £25,000 creating a share premium of £24,999
14 February 2013 One share for consideration of £22,014 creating a share premium of £22,013
21 March 2013 One share for consideration of £30,000 creating a share premium of £29,999
26 March 2013 One share for consideration of £35,000 creating a share premium of £34,999

Management of capital

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, sell assets to reduce debt or borrow additional debt

for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 (continued)

13 Share premium and retained earnings

	Share premium Retain £m	ed earnings £m
At 26 April 2012	0.4	(0 2)
Loss for the period	<u>-</u>	(3 0)
Issue of shares	0 4	-
At 25 April 2013	0.8	(3 2)

	Share premium Retain £m	ed earnings £m
At 2 June 2011	_	-
Loss for the period	_	(0 2)
Issue of shares	0 4	-
At 26 April 2012	0.4	(0 2)

14 Working capital and non-cash movements

		Period from
	52 weeks ended	2 June 2011 to
	25 April 2013	26 April 2012
	£m	£m
Increase in trade and other receivables	(1 2)	(8 0)
(Decrease/)ıncrease ın trade and other payables	(5 9)	6 7
	(7 1)	5 9

for the 52 weeks ended 25 April 2013 (continued)

15 Related party transactions

The following movements on accounts with related parties occurred in the periods reported in these financial statements

those illianotal statements	Movement to 26 April 2012	Balance at 26 April 2012 £m	Movement to 25 April 2013	Balance at 25 April 2013
CP Woburn Holdco Sarl	(39 3)	(39 3)	(42 9)	(82 2)
Center Parcs (Operating Company) Limited	(5 9)	(5 9)	5 9	-

The Company's immediate parent company is CP Woburn Holdco Sarl Center Parcs (Operating Company) Limited is a related party company with the same ultimate controlling party as the Company

The movements on the balance with CP Woburn Holdco Sarl represent loans from that company

The movements on the balance with Center Parcs (Operating Company) Limited represent a balance due following the sale of certain property, plant and equipment to that company, together with the recharge of appropriate costs, and the subsequent settlement of the balance due

16 Operating leases

Commitments under non-cancellable leases are due as follows

	Land and buildings		
	2013 £m_	2012 £m	
Within one year	0 5	0 5	
In more than one year but less than five years	2 0	20	
In more than five years	41 9	42 4	
	44 4	44 9	

The Company has no other operating leases

17. Capital commitments

At the balance sheet date, the Company had capital expenditure contracted for but not provided of £143.2 million

18. Ultimate parent company and controlling parties

The immediate parent company is CP Woburn Holdco Sarl, a company registered in Luxembourg. The ultimate parent company is CP Cayman Holdings GP Limited, a company registered in the Cayman Islands. The ultimate controlling parties are funds advised by The Blackstone Group. No company consolidates the results of CP Woburn (Operating Company) Limited.