Company Registration No. 07633630 (England and Wales)
INNOVATIVE MEDIC LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

			2019		2018
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	3	561,863		379,413	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,851		110,176	
		567,714		489,589	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(58,212)		(69,313)	
Net current assets			509,502		420,276
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	5		200		200
Profit and loss reserves	•		509,302		420,076
From and toss reserves			305,302		
Total equity			509,502		420,276
rotal equity			303,302		720,270

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 23 September 2020

M K A Morris

Director

Company Registration No. 07633630

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Innovative Medic Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 4th Floor, 15 Bonhill Street, Loncon, EC2A 4DN, England.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

As stated in note 6, the director has considered the effect of the Covid-19 outbreak. The director considers that the outbreak is unlikely to cause a significant disruption to the company's business and is confident that the company can continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. The director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT.

1.4 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs.

1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

1.8 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.9 Comparative period

The accounts relate to the year ended 31 December 2019. The comparative period relates to the period from 1 March 2018 to 31 December 2018.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 1 (2018 - 1).

3 Debtors

		2019	2018
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	561,863	379,413 ———
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Other taxation and social security	8,895	6,689
	Other creditors	48,312	58,619
	Accruals and deferred income	1,005	4,005
		58,212	69,313

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

5	Called up share capital		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	100 A Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	99 B Ordinary shares of £1 each	99	99
	1 C Ordinary share of £1 each	1	1
			_
		200	200

6 Post balance sheet events

The director has considered the effect of the Covid-19 outbreak, that has been spreading throughout the world in early 2020, on the company's activities. This outbreak is unlikely to cause a significant disruption to the company's business but at the date of approval of these financial statements, the extent and quantum of the disruption remains uncertain.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.