Registration number: 07628005

Point Safety Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

Heriot Hughes Chartered Accountants Chartered Accountants 42 Crosby Road North Crosby Liverpool Merseyside L22 4QQ

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Company Information

Director Mr Paul Andrew Kimberley

Registered office Sutton House

13A Duke Street

Southport Merseyside PR8 ILS

Accountants Heriot Hughes Chartered Accountants

Chartered Accountants 42 Crosby Road North

Crosby Liverpool Merseyside L22 4QQ

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(Registration number: 07628005) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 €
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	67,154	81,004
Current assets			
Stocks	5	163,333	134,379
Debtors		331,667	476,669
Cash at bank and in hand		133,269	10,413
		628,269	621,461
Prepayments and accrued income		52,241	29,287
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(470,789)	(584,030)
Net current assets		209,721	66,718
Total assets less current liabilities		276,875	147,722
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		(18,440)	(23,697)
Provisions for liabilities		(13,465)	(16,215)
Accruals and deferred income		(236)	(1,210)
Net assets		244,734	106,600
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>6</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account		244,634	106,500
Total equity		244,734	106,600

For the financial year ending 31 May 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form an integral part of these abridged financial statements. Page 2 $\,$

(Registration number: 07628005) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2018 (continued)

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the director on 29 November 2018				
Mr Paul Andrew Kimberley				
Director				
The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{8}$ form an integral part of these abridged financial statements. Page 3				

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Sutton House 13A Duke Street Southport Merseyside PR8 1LS

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 29 November 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Tangible fixed assets

25% reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 16 (2017 - 12).

4 Tangible assets

	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 June 2017	152,923	152,923
Additions	10,754	10,754
Disposals	(6,975)	(6,975)
At 31 May 2018	156,702	156,702
Depreciation		
At 1 June 2017	71,919	71,919
Charge for the year	21,171	21,171
Eliminated on disposal	(3,542)	(3,542)
At 31 May 2018	89,548	89,548
Carrying amount		
At 31 May 2018	67,154	67,154
At 31 May 2017	81,004	81,004
5 Stocks		
	2018 £	2017 €
Stocks of goods for resale	163,333	134,379

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018 (continued)

6 Share capital					
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares	2018	2018 2017			
	No.	£		No.	£
Share capital of £1 each	100		100	100	100
7 Dividends			•	A10	2017
			2	2018 £	
Interim dividend of £780.00 (2017 - £650.00) per ordinary share				78,000	65,000
8 Related party transactions Transactions with directors					
2018			At 1 June 2017 £	Repayments by director	At 31 May 2018 £
Mr Paul Andrew Kimberley Loan from director			4,575	(4.088)	487
2017			At 1 June 2016 £	Repayments by director	At 31 May 2017 £
Mr Paul Andrew Kimberley Loan from director			27,189	(22,613)	4,575
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Directors' remuneration					
The director's remuneration for the year was as fo	ollows:				
			2018 £		2017 £
Remuneration				8,567	8,500
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