FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 FOR MEMORIA (VALE OF GLAMORGAN) LIMITED

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MEMORIA (VALE OF GLAMORGAN) LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

DIRECTORS: M A Hackney HOP Hodgson **SECRETARY:** M A Hackney **REGISTERED OFFICE:** The Pool House Bicester Road Stratton Audley Bicester United Kingdom OX27 9BS **REGISTERED NUMBER:** 07627314 (England and Wales) **AUDITORS:** FLB Accountants LLP, Statutory Auditor 250 Wharfedale Road Winnersh Triangle Berkshire RG41 5TP

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	£	(Unaudited) £
FIXED ASSETS Property, plant and equipment	5	2,619,105	2,726,644
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories		427	242
Debtors	6	149,235	96,381
Cash at bank and in hand		16,87 <u>2</u>	53,023
		166,534	149,646
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>(719,890</u>)	<u>(894,194</u>)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(553,356)	(744,548)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		2,065,749	1,982,096
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one			
year	8	(1,776,927)	(1,849,098)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		(34,559)	(59,516)
NET ASSETS		254,263	73,482
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		1,000	1,000
Retained earnings		<u>253,263</u>	72,482
		<u>254,263</u>	73,482

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 30 December 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

M A Hackney - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Memoria (Vale of Glamorgan) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property	2.87% on cost
Sound system	20% on cost
Fixtures and fittings	10% on cost
Office equipment	33% on cost
Cremator	6.67% on cost
Roads	2% on cost

Capitalised costs relating to the acquisition of land are considered to have an unlimited useful economic life and therefore are not depreciated.

The company adopted a policy of capitalising borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset as part of the cost of that asset.

Stocks

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments like loans and other accounts receivable and payable are initially measured at present value of the future payments and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financial transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an outright short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially and subsequently, at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets, that are measured at cost and amortised cost, are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the best estimate, which is an approximation, of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 4 (2018 - 4).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

5.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
			Plant and	
		Land and	machinery	
		buildings	etc	Totals
	0007	£	£	£
	COST	0.500.070	4 400 074	0.744.450
	At 1 January 2019	2,528,379	1,186,071	3,714,450
	Additions	4,812	25,676	30,488
	At 31 December 2019	2,533,191	1,211,747	3,744,938
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 January 2019	515,503	472,303	987,806
	Charge for year	72,546	65,481	138,027
	At 31 December 2019	588,049	537,784	1,125,833
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2019	1,945,142	673,963	2,619,105
	At 31 December 2018	2,012,876	713,768	2,726,644
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			2019	2018
				(Unaudited)
			£	£
	Trade debtors		92,905	73,531
	Other debtors		56,330	22,850
			149,235	96,381
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			2019	2018
				(Unaudited)
			£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts		174,843	174,843
	Trade creditors		15,837	8,194
	Amounts owed to group undertakings		486,916	581,916
	Taxation and social security		4,110	72,391
	Other creditors		38,184	56,850
			719,890	894,194
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN O	ONE		
	· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2019	2018
			2010	(Unaudited)
			£	f
	Bank loans		1,776,927	1,849,098
	warm round	:	.,	1,010,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR - co	ntinued	
		2019	2018 (Unaudited)
		£	£
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans due in more than 5 years by		
	instalments	1,077,555	1,149,726

9. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

 2019
 2018

 (Unaudited)
 £
 £

 £
 £
 £

 1,951,770
 2,023,941

The above creditors are secured by way of fixed and floating charges dated 1 August 2011 and held by National Westminster Bank PLC.

10. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

Daniel Faust FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of FLB Accountants LLP, Statutory Auditor

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.